THE WEATHER.

Local thunder showers today; cloudy Monday.

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CAMPAIGN CLUBS SERENADE WILSON

Governor Speaks Thrice to Hundreds of Democratic Callers

GRATEFUL FOR ALLEGIANCE

Nominee Declares the Country Has turned to Democratic Party for Relief and That It Expects to Get Results.

Seagirt, N. J., Aug. 10.—In the dusty road which fringes the lawn of the Summer capitol here, Governor Woodrow Wilson stood shaking hands today with hundreds of Democrats who serenaded him with brass bands. In all he made three campaign speeches.

First came the Hungarian National Democratic Club, of New York City. The Governor assured them that he never had intended anything disrespectful in his writings on foreigners and that he had always felt a high regard for European people because of his long study of their history. The delegation, headed by Morris Cuckner, of New York, said they would support his candidacy.

The Brooklyn Democratic Club came later in the day. To them the Governor said: "I am complimented by your allegiance and I want to assure you that while I think this a very high personal compliment, I take it to myself simply that I, for the present at any rate, represent the earnest desires and purposes of the Democratic party. And yet it seems to me that we are standing in the presence of something higher than allegiance to the Democratic party and it is turning to the Democratic party. That party is willing to show the way toward those things which must be realized. Some gentlemen seem to find it easy to make personalities out of politics, but it seems to me that whenever that is done, politics are debased.

"Men who are in search of reform are now resorting to the Democratic party because for my own part I do not know where else they will turn to expect results. There is no discoloring the strength, service and ability of a united party, and the splendid part is that the Democratic party is united. The party came out of the contest at the Balimore convention without personal feeling of any kind. I am delighted to believe that whoever we may have supported for that nomination, we are glad to work together.

To the Woodrow Wilson Club, of Orange, N. J., the Governor made a longer speech in response to one by Judge Daniel A. Dugan. The Governor remarked, first, that he was glad to be introduced by Judge Dugan because it showed there were "good Irishmen among these Orange men." "I was glad," said the Governor with a laugh, "to see the North and South of Ireland brought together."

The Governor thanked the Jersey delegation for its visit.

"You have tested by qualities because you have known me at close range," he said, "and if you would be kind enough to vouch for me perhaps the rest of the country would be credulous of your report.

"New Jersey was known as the mother of trusts—a very troublesome and questionable family—and I have to spend my time outside of New Jersey assuring the people of the Union that it was not the fault of the disposition of the people of New Jersey that there were certain gentlemen who had undertaken to carry the Republican party in their pockets and to administer it independently of the rank and file of the Republicans of the State.

"And yet it would be hard, nowadays, to discriminate New Jersey from the rest of the United States because everybody is sitting up and taking notice. New Jersey is progressive, but the United States also is progressive, and we have here merely a delightful sample of the people of the United States.

"Now those people are not bent upon destroying anything, but they are bent upon setting everything in order, they are bent upon justice, they are bent upon seeing to it that the people in general are the partners of the government, as I was trying to show the other day. And the Democratic party is now placed under a peculiar responsibility. The Democratic party has to prove that it is the worthy instrument of that zeal on the part of the people of the United States.

"If it does not prove it now, it will never be given another chance to prove it. No party that proves unfaithful to that ideal wil ever again be trusted by the people of America. And therefore, we are standing at a turning point in our politics; we must make good or go out of business. In the vernacular, it is a case of 'put up or shut up,' because words are going to be discounted and nothing will be honored except the actual carrying out of such a programme as sensible men may unite on for the common benefit."

Rome, Ga., August 10.—James Bolt, aged 25, is dead and two negroes are probably fatally injured as a result of a pitched battle between white youths and negroes at a disorderly house on the outskirts of the city this afternoon. The sheriff and a force of deputies rushed to the scene of trouble and several negroes were arrested. No further trouble is anticipated.

HEATED PRIMARY IN ROBESON

McLeod Wins for State Senate and Lewis for Sheriff—Second Primary Necessary for Several Officers—Legislative.

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Lumberton, N. C., Aug. 11. (1 A. M.)—Concluding one of the most heated and acrimonious campaigns in the history of the militant Democracy of Robeson, the primary held today for the Legislative and various county offices passed off quietly, not a single unpleasant incident having occurred, so far as has been reported here.

The figures are not all in this morning, but enough have been obtained to show that George B. McLeod has been nominated for the State Senate by a majority of 388 over both his opponents, T. A. McNeill, Jr., and H. E. Stacy. R. E. Lewis defeated J. M. Butler for sheriff by a majority of 896. It will require a second primary to select representatives. This contest will be between Dr. W. A. McPhaul, Dr. B. F. McMillan and H. C. McNair, two of whom are to be selected.

T. N. Higley was re-nominated for Register of Deeds over three opponents. M. G. McKenzie was re-nominated for treasurer, defeating Thos. Kinlaw. Geo. E. Rancke was re-nominated for coroner, defeating Geo. E. Barnes.

Only two commissioners were nominated, these being C. B. Townsend and Rory McNair. Three other commissioners from a field of 15 will be selected at the second primary.

A very heavy vote was polled throughout the county. In Lumberton township McLeod received 425 votes for the Senate against 268 for McNeill. Mr. Lewis for sheriff received 504 against 177 for Butler. Mr. Stacy, for Senate, carried only two precincts—Rowland and Red Springs.

There was the greatest interest in the result and at midnight there were more people on the streets of Lumberton than were ever seen at that hour before in the history of the town.

WILL SIGN CANAL BILL.

President Approves Panama Measure. Fight on One Section.

Washington, Aug. 10.—President Taft told several callers today that he expected to sign the Panama Canal bill passed by the Senate yesterday, carrying provisions against the use of the canal by railroad owned ships and granting free tolls to American vessels. The President is said to have declared that some of the provisions of the measure did not meet with his views entirely, but that he expected to approve it.

The House in requesting a conference today named as its managers Representatives Adamson, Sims and Stevens. The Senate named Senators Brandegee, Bristow and Simmons. That the Panama measure will not pass to final enactment, as law without a further fight against the amendment permitting American registry for foreign built ships owned by Americans, was indicated late today when telegrams of protests were received from the Newport News Chamber of Commerce and other civil bodies in shipbuilding centers.

The amendment put into the bill by the Senate opens the way to American owners of foreign built ships to enjoy the privileges of American registry, provided they keep their ships exclusively in the trade to and from foreign ports. It is understood that many House members are demanding that if foreign built ships are permitted to fly the American flag, Congress shall also pass a law permitting the importation without tariff duty of materials used in the building of ships in American yards. This demand has frequently been before many branches of Congress. The cost of manufacturing ships in the United States is much higher than in foreign shipyards and it is claimed conditons would be somewhat equalized if the cheaper foreign materials could be imported without the payment of tariff.

In the telegrams received by House and Senate members from the Newport News Chamber of Commerce, it was stated that civic bodies in all parts of the country had been asked to join in demanding a full hearing on the "free ship" legislation before action is finally taken by Congress.

TAFT SIGNS BILL.

Agricultural Appropriation Becomes Effective—Field Work Begun.

Washington, August 10.—The Agricultural Appropriation bill, more than a month overdue in taking effect was signed today by President Taft and released for field work a small army of employes held up during the delay on the measure in Congress.

Secretary Wilson ordered immediate resumption of farm demonstration work in many States.

On the Pacific coast belated experimental work with a view to developing potash resources will be taken up.

SECOND ADD SAW BECKER

Sam Schepps Captured

Hot Springs, Ark., August 10.—Sam Schepps, wanted in New York in connection with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, is under arrest in this city tonight. He is guarded by an officer who, it is reported, is holding him pending the arrival of advices from the district attorney's office in New York. Schepps is reported to have made the statement that he would go back to New York without requisition. The arrest was made through a detective agency.

Talk to Moore about Garden City—the best yet. **

REACH PARTING OF THE WAYS IN OHIO

Republicans Fall Out Over Nomination of R. B. Brown for Governor

EIGHT COMMITTEEMEN RESIGN

Taft Supporters Succeed In Naming Their Man and Roosevelt Forces Will Put Out State Progressive Ticket

Columbus, Ohio, August 10.—Taft and Roosevelt men reached the parting of the ways in Ohio politics this afternoon when following the nomination of general R. B. Brown, of Zanesville, for Governor, at a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee, eight members of that body, led by State Chairman Walter F. Brown and Secretary I. M. Fister, resigned. Walter S. Brown also gave notice of his resignation as a member of the Republican National Committee from Ohio.

The nomination of General R. B. Brown was made by the committee at a meeting called for the purpose of filling a vacancy at the head of the ticket caused by the refusal of Judge E. B. Dillon to make the race.

The Roosevelt members of the State Central Committee centered their strngth today on United States District Attorney U. Grant Denman, of Cleveland. The vote in committee resulted: Brown 11; Denman 8.

Previous to the meeting of the State Central Committee the Taft leaders called all of the candidates for minor State offices into conference and asked them to approve the candidacy of E. M. Fullington. A majority of the candidates refused to do this.

The Taft members of the committee and some of the Taft leaders then decided to support General Brown, who was at the same time the nominee for Lieutenant Governor.

Following the split, Walter Brown and other supporters of Colonel Roosevelt, said that they expected that a complete Progressive State ticket would be placed in the field at once.

Immediately following the withdrawal of the Roosevelt supporters from the room, the remaining members of the committee went into a secret consultation and determined to call a meeting of the State Central Committee for next Tuesday.

At Tuesday's meeting the vacancies on the State Central Committee will be filled and a nominee for Lieutenant Governor selected to succeed General Brown.

Sherman Granger stirred the attitude of the supporters of President Taft when he said in nominating General Brown:

"Mr. Roosevelt is no longer a member of the Republican party. The man we nominate must be a man who will support the principles of the Republican party and the head of the ticket, Mr. Taft."

FINANCES COTTON CROP.

President of Southern Corporation Leaves for Germany.

Macon, Ga., August 10. — Announcement was made tonight by George Dole Wadley, president of the Southern States Cotton Corporation, following an all day conference of directors from Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama and Georgia, that he would leave for Germany Wednesday to negotiate the financing of the cotton crop of the South up to $300,000,000. He said that a special representative of a big Geramn firm of cotton factors and bankers had investigated thoroughly by special emissary, and that as a result of his report, he had been requested to come to Germany at once.

He would not announce the name of the firm or its exact location.

The directors of the Southern States Cotton Corporation announce that when their project is financed 15 cent cotton will be guaranteed.

Organization has been perfected, it was announced today, in hundreds of counties in the South.

STUBBS IS WINNER.

Kansas Governor Defeats Senator Curtis—Gets Popular Vote Also.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 10.—Official returns today indicate Governor Stubbs not only has won the Republican nomination for United States Senator over Senator Curtis by a plurality of Legislative districts, but that he may have the popular vote also.

The official count gave to Stubbs two counties, Greely and Republic, claimed by Curtis. George Hodges is more than 3,000 votes ahead of Billard in the Democratic race for Governor.

B. L. BUGG GOING ALSO

Norfolk Southern Man Follows E. T. Lamb to Atlanta

Norfolk, Va., August 10.—B. L. Bugg, traffic manager of the Norfolk Southern Railroad, will follow E. T. Lamb, president of the road, to Atlanta to accept a like position with the Atlanta-Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad of which Mr. Lamb is general manager under the receivers. Mr. Bugg's resignation will take effect September 1st.

TWO INJURED BY EXPLOSION

High Point Express Agent and His Cashier Badly Hurt, Former Fatally, By Explosion of Infernal Machine

Greensboro, N. C., August 10.—W. M. Busbee, manager of the High Point office of the Southern Express Company, was perhaps fatally injured and his cashier, L. C. Morton, badly hurt today when a package which they were handling exploded with terrific force. The package which was about to be consigned to the "Old Hoss" heap proved to be an infernal machine of rather crude, though ingenius construction.

The package is described as an ordinary looking box of thin veneer, bronzed with copper, 15 inches square and set inside a heavy green painted wooden box. To the inner box a small door was attached, this being secured by a leather hinge. When the expressmen opened the inside door a match was ignited, this lighting a fuse which set off the explosive. The device was so arranged that had the rough edge of the door failed to ignite the match a buckle attached to the leather hinge would have brought a spark.

The package had been in the office for several months. It was addressed to Charles Hoover, High Point, N. C., and was shipped from Thomasville, about eight miles distant. No one by that name could be found in High Point, so today Manager Busbee undertook to examine the queer package. At Thomasville, however, Charles Hoover is postmaster, a manufacturer and influential as a politician and business man. The theory of the police is that the sender at Thomasville believed the package would be returned to Thomasville from High Point and ultimately delivered to Mr. Hoover. Mr. Hoover is said to have given a valuable clue to the police and an arrest is expected at any time.

Manager Busbee was brought to a Greensboro hospital late tonight and it is expected his condition is critical. He is badly burned about the face and chest. Mr. Morton was badly, though it is not believed, fatally hurt.

HOUSE RUSHES WORK.

Passes Several Bills and Sends Canal Bill to Conference.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The House today, eager for adjournment, passed 35 private claims bills, adopted a half score resolutions, sent the Panama Canal bill to conference and passed three measures of general importance.

Two of the measures passed referred to the same subject and grew out of the agitation for greater safeguards for human life at sea following the Titanic disaster. One was introduced by Chairman Alexander, of the Merchant Marine Committee, providing in general terms that every passenger carrying vessel must hereafter be equipped with enough life belts for every passenger and member of the crew and with life boats sufficient to remove from a stricken ship all human beings at the one time. It also extends the inspection of ocean-going steamers to those flying foreign flags which touch at United States ports. The other measure was introduced by Representative Henry, of Texas, Democrat, and made more inflexible the clearance for vessels not manned according to law.

Another measure for which a long fight had been made was the bill of Representative Simmons, of New York, Republican, regulating the importation of nursery stock and empowering the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a quarantine against insect pests.

OUTLINES

Several hundred persons have been killed and thousands are homeless as a result of an earthquake in the vicinity of Constantinople.

To three clubs and hundreds of Democrats who called at Seagirt yesterday to see Governor Wilson, he made campaign speeches.

The Senate yesterday debated the Postoffice Appropriation bill, the center of interest being held by discussion on increased pay for R. F. D. carriers and Federal appropriations for good roads.

Secretary Knox has been designated by President Taft as a special ambassador to attend the funeral of the late Emperor of Japan, and will take advantage of the visit to talk over diplomatic matters.

Taft and Roosevelt men reached the parting of the ways in Ohio politics yesterday, when following the nomination of Gen. R. B. Brown for Governor at a meeting of the State Central Committee, eight members of the body resigned.

W. M. Busbee, manager of the High Point express office, was fatally injured yesterday and his cashier, L. C. Morton, badly hurt by the explosion of an infernal machine in the form of an express package which was about to be consigned to the "Old Hoss" heap.

"Jack" Sullivan, under arrest in connection with the murder of Gambler Rosenthal, told Assistant District Attorney Smith yesterday that he saw Becker with Rose and Webber shortly after the murder, and made arrangements for a complete confession Monday.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet without quotable change. Wheat, spot easy; new red 1.06 1-2 c.i.f. track and No. 2 red 1.08 f.o.b.afloat Corn, spot easy; export 82 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Oats, spot firm; new standard white 60 1-2. Turpentine and rosin steady.

KNOX WILL ATTEND MIKADO'S FUNERAL

Secretary is Named by Taft as Special Ambassador to Japan.

MAY REACH UNDERSTANDING

Mr. Knox Is Gratified to Have the Opportunity to Talk Over Diplomatic Matters With Japanese Government

Washington, August 10.—For the first time in the history of the United States a Secretary of State today was designated as special ambassador to a foreign power.

President Taft today assigned Secretary of State Knox as special ambassador to Japan to attend the funeral of the late Emperor Mutsuhito on September 12th, with the statement that the mission was given to the premier of the cabinet as an evidence of the American friendship for Japan. When Viscount Chinda, Japanese ambassador to Washington, heard of the mission, he asserted that it would be taken by the Japanese people and government as an act of the greatest courtesy and calculated even to make warmer and more cordial the existing relations between the two governments. At present the United States and Japan are vitally interested in several important diplomatic matters, including the great international loan soon to be made to the new Chinese republic; the development of Manchuria and Mongolia by the aid of outside capital; the treatment of American missionaries in Korea, and use of the Panama canal by Japanese ships.

All of these matters are more or less pending between the two nations and the present foreign minister of Japan, Viscount Uchida, who was formerly ambassador to Washington, a personal friend of Secretary Knox, and the secretary are interested in all of them.

For some time Secretary Knox, in view of the slow progress of diplomatic procedure, has contemplated a personal visit to Japan as a means of reaching in a short time a complete understanding with the Japanese government.

The assumption of the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs by his friend Baron Uchida, promised to facilitate an easy exchange of honest views regarding the policies of the two countries. Thus the secretary, having concluded his duties as funeral ambassador, may find an opportunity to discuss these questions of policy with the Japanese foreign minister.

Secretary Knox will be accompanied on his mission by Mrs. Knox. As aides he will have a major general of the army and a rear admiral of the navy, to be selected. Ranford S. Miller, chief of the Far Eastern division of the State Department, will accompany him as secretary of the embassy. The party will leave Washington next Thursday and will board the armored cruiser Pennsylvania at Seattle for the trip across the Pacific. Secretary Knox expects to return in October.

TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE.

Hundreds of Persons Killed and Towns Wiped Out in Turkey.

Constantinople, Aug. 10.—The details of yesterday's earthquake, which are coming in slowly, owing to wire interruption, indicate that the seismic disturbance, which was centered in the region of the Dardanelles, was widespread. Several hundred persons have been killed, thousands are homeless and outbreaks of fire have occurred in many towns and villages. Great destruction has been caused by the upheaval.

The entire district between Constantinople and Adianople felt the shock severely. Fugitives from Myriophito report 300 killed and 600 injured. The town was still burning when they left. Ganos-Hora has been wiped out, 80 persons being killed and 30 wounded. The wrecked buildings took fire and most of them burned to the ground. Shar-Koi was completely destroyed and two nearby villages were engulfed. Adianople suffered little damage, but Schorlu was partly destroyed by the earthquake and fire.

The center of the disturbance appears to have been in the region of the Dardanelles. Eye witnesses from that section give harrowing accounts of the havoc wrought. The majority of the houses in Gallipoli are in ruins and the people are camping in the fields. Tchenak-Kalessi is in an equally bad plight, but the loss of life in these towns is small, although the injured are many.

Warships anchored in the Dardanelles felt the shock severely. It was at first attributed to Italian torpedo boats. The captain of the American steamer Virginia reports that the lighthouse at Ganez-Hora, in the Sea of Marmora, has disappeared and that the villages in the surrounding country are in flames. He was unable to anchor and render assistance, owing to the violent movement of the sea.

New York, Aug 10.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $20,788,250 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $339,300 in the proportionate cash reserve, as compared with last week.

POSTOFFICE BILL DISCUSSED

Senate Debates Increased Pay For R. F. D. Carriers and Federal Appropriations for Good Roads —Votes Defeated

Washington, August 10.—Increased pay for the rural mail carriers, and Federal appropriations for good roads held the interest of the Senate today in debate on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Attempts to bring both subjects to a vote were defeated by the inability of Senate leaders to keep a quorum in the chamber.

The plan for Federal aid to public road building in the States will be taken up Monday and a vote had on several important amendments that are pending. This will be followed by a vote on Senator Johnstone's amendment to increase pay for rural carriers from $1,000 to $1,200 per year.

The Postoffice bill as passed by the House carried the Shackelford amendment authorizing the government to help defray the cost of maintaining roads used for public purposes. The Senate Committee has recommended in its place a Federal commission to investigate the subject before any money is appropriated. Today Senator Overman, of North Carolina, introduced an amendment for an appropriation of $500,000 to each State for good roads work, to be available as soon as the State had appropriated a like amount.

Sentors Gronna, McCumber, Simmons and Johnston led the fight today for increased pay for rural mail carriers. The Senate committee has authorized an increase of 10 per cent from $1,000 to $1,100.

Legislation to prohibit postal employes from joining "outside labor organizations," was urged by Senator Nelson and others. Senator Nelson declared postal employes should be allowed to have their own organizations, but that it would be a "calamity" if they were to join organizations like the American Federation of Labor where they might be ordered out "on strike."

Carolinians Are Heard.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—Both Senator Simmons and Senator Overman delivered good roads speeches in the Senate today. The senior Senator made his address early in the morning and later in the afternoon Senator Overman delivered another.

Senator Simmons spoke in favor of the House bill providing for the upkeep of postal roads. Mr. Simmons said he was opposed to the Senate committee proposition to appoint a commission to investigate and then report.

He denounced the suggestion that the House bill was crude and impracticable. He said much to the contrary; it was simple, direct and equitable.

"Instead of building a few National highways connecting the great cities," he continued, "It provided a direct contribution to assist the community through which the postal roads pass. It is not only a feasible and a workable plan, but is free from the hackneyed interference by the Federal authorities in the local affairs of the State."

Mr. Simmons severely criticised the practice of holding up important legislation through the prtext that more information was needed. He charged that most of these so-called commissions were devices invented by men opposed to the legislation, their only purpose being to delay action in the hope the sentiment of the country might change.

He referred to the holding up of legislation on the immigration commission.

Now, he said, when there was a crystalization of sentiment in favor of government contribution to the upkeep of the postal roads the government is daily using, it is suggested that Congress is incompetent to wisely act without the advice of a junketing commission. He charged that the opposition was blowing both hot and cold—in one breath they claimed that the amount to be contributed was too little and in the next instance it was too much. First, they said that the amount was too small; compared with the cost of keeping up these roads, to do any good. He admitted it was true it was small compared with the cost of keeping up macadam roads and probably sand-clay roads, but the mileage of these improved roads was negligible compared with the total highway mileage. Of the 1,180,000 used for postal roads only about 10 per cent. had been improved by artificial surface covering; so, that 90 per cent. of the roads used by the government were ordinary dirt roads. He argued that $15 per mile per annum for the up-keep of these dirt roads, while probably not enough, would be mighty acceptable to the communities upon whom the burdens of their up-keep rests; that to get this annual contribution these roads would be speedily put in condition to meet the requirements under the act and would be kept in that condition, and that while the contribution was small, the influence of the inducement would bring about an era of good roads construction in this country such as we had never seen before. He said if the government had been as liberal with the agricultural interests of the country for the past 50 years as it had been with the railroad and with the manufacturing industries, these dirt roads would have been abreast with those of the progressive nations of the world, just as our manufacturing industries and railroad systems as a result of the government's liberality, are now equal to those of any country.

"The Prize Essay."

Pretty story of girls in college and the history of an ambitious student who wins. At the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

SAW BECKER WITH ROSE AND WEBBER

"Jack" Sullivan Decides to Squeal and Will Tell His Story Monday

TRACING BECKER'S DEPOSITS

Five Banks Found in Which Police Lieutenant Has Large Sums of Money—Inspectors Have Accounts of $75,000.

New York, Aug. 10.—"Jack" Sullivan, who is under arrest in connection with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, promised today that he would go to District Attorney Whitman's office Monday and tell all he knew about the alleged connection of Police Lieut. Becker with the murder. Sullivan made this agreement with Assistant District Attorney Smith. Unwilling to tell his full story until he has seen Mr. Whitman, who is out of town over Sunday, Sullivan said to Mr. Smith that he had seen Becker in conversation with "Jack" Rose and "Bridgie" Webber a few hours after the murder.

This corroborates the stories of other witnesses indicating close relations between Becker and the men involved in the murder plot.

Sullivan denied, however, knowing previously anything about the plans to do away with Rosenthal and also denied that he had driven away in the gray automobile in which the murderers escaped.

Sullivan made the sixth of the nine men under arrest for the murder who have squealed and the effect of an additional "recruit" upon Police Lieut. Becker, who still maintains that he has nothing to confess, will be watched with interest by the prosecution.

Efforts of representatives of District Attorney Whitman to trace Becker's bank deposits resulted today in locating five more banks in which accounts were recorded in the name of Becker and his wife, representing altogether deposits of more than $25,000. All the deposits were made, it was learned, within the last eight months. In one bank, Becker was credited with $13,000. It was also learned by the investigators that two police inspectors had made recent deposits totalling together $75,000. Evidence of graft taking against one of these inspectors is in the hands of the district attorney, who will seek his indictment, when the graft feature of the case is taken up by the grand jury.

Information charging that Becker turned over to "those higher up" more of his alleged graft collections than he kept himself was obtained by Assistant District Attorney Smith today. Becker's receipts, according to this evidence, amounted to about $15,000 a month, but of this $10,000 went to the so-called "system."

"Jack" Rose, it was learned today, has received absolute immunity. It became known that when Rose confessed before the grand jury a stipulation granting him his freedom as soon as he has completed his testimony at the trial of the case was signed by the district attorney and Judge Mulqueen with the approval of the grand jury. Rose is now in a penitent mood, according to his lawyer and is anxious to reform. He plans as soon as he is released to leave the country with his wife and their two children and begin life over.

DETROIT GRAFT CASES.

Aldermen Will Waive Examination—Disposal in Record Time.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 10.—Rumors that the 16 aldermen arrested in connection with the alleged councilmanic graft exposure will waive police court examination and that the cases will be disposed of in record time, were in circulation tonight. It was said a tentative agreement had been reached between Prosecuting Attorney Hugh Shepperd and the attorneys for the accused to allow for this procedure.

The only other development in the situation today were the statements that three of the officials already have confessed and that Detective William J. Burns has been called back to the city to look into new evidence uncovered by the prosecutor. The latter official refused to discuss the prospective visit of the detective. He also declined to give any of the details of the alleged confessions. When he left his office this afternoon he said:

"There will be nothing doing today and probably not on Monday, but more arrests will come after Monday. That's all."

WON'T FOLLOW TEDDY

Different Itinerary Mapped Out for W. J. Bryan

New York, August 10.—William Jennings Bryan is not going to follow the trail of Colonel Roosevelt around the country in the coming Presidential campaign as had been planned, it is now stated. This was practically decided at a meeting of the sub-committee on speakers of the Democratic National Campaign Committee this afternoon. Some time ago it was suggested that it would be a good idea to have Mr. Bryan follow the colonel in the latter's campaign trips and answer his speeches. Today it was decided to map out an entirely different itinerary for Mr. Bryan.

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Philadelphia, 10; Cincinnati, 2.
Second—Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4.
At Brooklyn, 7; Pittsburg, 5.
At Boston, 10; Chicago, 11.
At New York, 6; St. Louis, 2.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	73	28	.723
Chicago	66	36	.647
Pittsburg	59	40	.596
Philadelphia	50	48	.510
Cincinnati	47	57	.452
St. Louis	46	59	.438
Brooklyn	38	66	.365
Boston	28	73	.277

Boston, Aug. 10.—Chicago edged out a winner over Boston 11 to 10 today in a game marked by heavy hitting by both teams, as a result of which nine pitchers were used and in which the result was always in doubt.

Boston .....041 011 300—10 14 1
Chicago .....016 200 020—11 16 3

Donnelly, Hess, Brown, Dickson, Perdue and Kling; Ritchie, Cheney, Reulbach, Lavender and Archer; time 2:42; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Philadelphia, Aug. 10.—Philadelphia defeated Cincinnati twice here today 10 to 2 and 5 to 4. The second contest was won after two men were out in the ninth inning by doubles by Knabe and Doolan. Cravath's batting featured the game, he making two doubles and a home run in four times at bat.

Cincinnati .....100 100 000— 2 8 3
Philadelphia ...003 300 40x—10 12 1

Humphries, Frill and McLean; Severold, Alexander and Killifer; time 1:40; umpires Owen and Brennan.

Second game:

Cincinnati .....003 001 000—4 7 0
Philadelphia ....010 102 001—5 8 1

Suggs, Clarke and McLean; Seaton and Killifer; time 1:50.

Brooklyn, Aug. 10.—Brooklyn knocked Marty O'Toole out of the box today, turning apparent defeat into a 7 to 5 victory by a bating rally in the sixth. Two passes, a triple and two singles sent three runners home and two more men were on the bases when Marty took to cover. Warner succeeded him and a scratch hit, followed by two passes, sent two more runs home and put Brooklyn in the lead. Stack replaced Curtis and blanked Pittsburg in the last three rounds.

Pittsburg .....020 102 000—5 10 1
Brooklyn .....001 005 10x—7 9 2

O'Toole, Warner, Kelly and Gibson; Curtis, Stack and O'Miller; time 1:57; umpires Klem and Orth.

New York, Aug. 10.—New York won the second game of the series from St. Louis today 6 to 2. Becker practically won the game in the first inning with a home run in the upper grandstand, the first ball hit there since Baker made his home run in the 1911 world's series.

St. Louis .....100 000 010—2 5 2
New York .....300 000 12x—6 9 3

Steele and Wingo; Tesreau and Meyers; time 1:59; umpires Johnstone and Eason.

Virginia League

At Roanoke 6; Newport News 3.
2nd: Roanoke 6; Newport News 1
At Richmond 1; Petersburg 3.
2nd: Richmond 6; Petersburg 1.
At Norfolk 3; Portsmouth 7.
2nd: Norfolk 17; Portsmouth 8.

Appalachian League

At Asheville 4; Morristown 5.
At Johnson City 2; Bristol 1.

Southern League

At Nashville 3; Birmingham 1.
At Chattanooga 2; New Orleans 0.
2nd: Chattanooga 0; New Orleans 0. (Called fifth by agreement).
At Atlanta 0; Mobile 10.
At Memphis 8; Montgomery 2.

American Association

At Louisville 1; Milwaukee 5.
2nd: Louisville 4; Milwaukee 2. (Called sixth by agreement).
At Indianapolis 5; Minneapolis 4.
2nd: No game, rain.
At Toledo-St. Paul, rain.
At Columbus 5; Kansas City 2.
2nd: Columbus 13; Kansas City 8.

International League

At Baltimore 1; Buffalo 4.
2nd: Baltimore 1; Buffalo 4.
At Newark 3; Rochester 4.
At Jersey City 1; Montreal 2.
At Providence 1; Toronto 4.

South Atlantic League

At Macon 0; Jacksonville 0. (17 innings):
At Columbus 2; Columbia 1.
At Albany 2; Savannah 2. (9 innings, darkness).

Arrested Here Yesterday

J. D. Sidbury, white, was arrested here yesterday morning on a capias sent from Columbus county, Deputy Sheriff A. L. Kelly serving the paper, which was marked "for fines imposed," and is returnable at the next term of court in Columbus county, beginning Sept. 2nd. It is said that the capias is the result of fines imposed on Sidbury and R. F. Brooks, Esq., a local attorney, at a recent term of Superior Court at Whiteville. The men are said to have had an altercation in the court room and Sidbury is said to have called the lawyer a liar. The attorney retaliated by striking him. The presiding judge fined each of the men $100. Mr. Brooks paid his, but Sidberry has evidently failed to pay his fine.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: E. Boushee and wife to J. P. Montgomery, for $10 and other considerations, lot on northwest corner of Ninth and Dawson streets, 30x60 feet in size; H. F. Wilder and wife to J. E. Winstead and wife, for $1,000 and other considerations, tract of 25 acres in Harnett township, on north side of Wilmington-Wrightsville macadam road, near second toll house; Albert Solomon and wife to Sol. Sternberger, for $10 and other considerations, lot on Sixth, 165 feet south of Marsteller, 33x77 1-2 feet in size.

Flying Men Fall

victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles just like other people, with like results in loss of appetite, backache, nervousness, headache, and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that as T. D. Peebles, Henry, Tenn., proved. "Six bottles of Electric Bitters," he writes, "did more to give me new strength and good appetite than all other stomach remedies I used." So they help everybody. It's folly to suffer when this great remedy will help you from the first dose. Try it. Only 50 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Chicago, 0; Philadelphia, 8 (5 innings; rain).
Second—Chicago-Philadelphia (rain).
At St. Louis, 3; Washington, 1.
Second—St. Louis, 2; Washington, 1.
At Detroit, 1; Boston, 4.
At Cleveland, 5; New York, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	73	33	.689
Washington	65	42	.607
Philadelphia	61	43	.587
Chicago	52	51	.505
Detroit	53	55	.491
Cleveland	49	56	.467
New York	32	70	.314
St. Louis	35	70	.333

Chicago, August 10.—Philadelphia bunched hits off Benz today and defeated Chicago 8 to 0. The game was terminated in the sixth inning on account of rain. The score reverted to the fifth. Crabb, a recruit pitcher from the Davenport club, of the Three I League, relieved Benz and pitched a good game. The scheduled second game was also called off and two games will be played tomorrow.

Chicago .....000 00—0 4 0
Philadelphia .....030 05—8 9 0

Benz, Crabb and Kuhn; Plank and Lapp. Time 1:20. Umpires Dineen and O'Brien.

St. Louis, August 10.—St. Louis won both games of today's doubleheader and made it three in succession. In the first game Allison, backed by sensational fielding, bested Groom in a pitcher's battle 3 to 1. Shotten was hit by a pitched ball in the 8th and retired in favor of Hogan. Mixed hits and errors gave the home team the second game 2 to 1.

St. Louis .....010 000 02x—3 8 2
Washington .....000 000 001—1 5 0

Allison and Alexander; Groom, Pelty and Williams. Time 1:40. Umpires Connolly and Hart.

Second game—

St. Louis .....000 010 10x—2 11 1
Washington .....000 000 010—1 8 2

Powell and Alexander; Hughes, Johnson and Williams. Time 1:50. Umpires Hart and Connolly.

Detroit, August 10.—Joe Wood, after a wild and unsteady first inning, settled down and pitched brilliantly today, and Boston defeated Deroit 4 to 1.

Boston .....000 002 110—4 9 0
Detroit .....100 000 000—1 7 3

Wood and Cady; Willett and Stanage. Time 1:40. Umpires O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

Cleveland, August 10.—Cleveland batted Caldwell hard today, but reckless base running held the score down, Cleveland winning 5 to 1. The batting of Jackson and Griggs featured. New York got but two hits off Steen up to the ninth inning, when two singles and a sacrifice fly brought in their only run.

Cleveland .....000 201 11x—5 16 1
New York .....000 000 001—1 5 3

Steen and Livingston; Caldwell and Williams. Time 1:36. Umpires Egan and Sheridan.

CAROLINA ASSOCIATION.

Results Yesterday.

At Charlotte, 4; Greenville, 2.
At Anderson, 8; Greensboro, 1.
At Winston-Salem, 3; Spartanburg, 1.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Anderson	56	33	.629
Charlotte	52	37	.584
Winston-Salem	52	40	.565
Spartanburg	42	48	.467
Greensboro	39	51	.433
Greenville	30	62	.326

W. L. I. BOYS IN CAMP.

Leisure Time Employed in Fishing, Playing Baseball, Etc.

First Lieut. Paul L. Cantwell, of the Wilmington Light Infantry, which is the second company of the Coast Artillery Corps, N. C. N. G., in annual encampment at Fort Caswell, where they come in daily contact with the regulars of the United States army, came up yesterday to spend the day and will return to camp on the steamer Wilmington this morning. Lieut. Cantwell is next in command of the W. L. I. to Capt. E. A. Metts, the commander. He reported that the W. L. I boys as well as the members of the other companies of the corps are having a splendid time, enjoying baseball, fishing, bathing and other forms of recreation while not engaged in the maneuvers.

The corps was to have completed the sub-calibre practice yesterday. This is preparatory to the service firing at real targets, which begins Tuesday. The range is between 6,000 and 8,000 yards.

The W. L. I. boys organized a baseball team and played the post team last Wednesday, being defeated by a score of 3 to 0. On Thursday the W. L. I. boys turned the tables, winning by a score of 6 to 3. The third and final contest will be played one day this week.

A number of the W. L. I. boys have enjoyed themselves fishing and some fine catches were made. Capt. E. A. Metts, Lieut. P. L. Cantwell, Lieut. J. B. Lynch and two or three officers from the fort went out one day during the week and returned with enough fish for a big fry. On Thursday Sergts. E. H. Holmes and W. A. Peschau went out and returned with enough fish to feed the entire company for one meal. Friday night most of the officers of the companies attended a dance at Southport.

It is expected that several hundred Wilmington people will visit the boys in camp today, going down on the steamer Wilmington this morning. While the company hopes to serve dinner to all, it has been suggested that it might be well for those going down to take a lunch with them, as it is rather a hard proposition to feed all who visit the camp on Sunday.

Lieut. Cantwell said that the question of electing a major, mention of which was made in The Star last week, has not as yet been brought up, but it is expected that there will be an election before the boys break camp next Friday.

New York sleuths agree that the key to the Rosenthal affair is in the hands of "Detroit Red." Oh, dear. Another nickel novel name in the game.

As the toils are drawn closer, it becomes apparent that, in all probability the man who slew Rosenthal is the man who hit Billy Patterson.

Garden City—the best yet. **

STATEMENT FROM THE FAMILY.

Claims That F. H. Shutters Died of Lack of Attention.

At the request of the author, Mr. Jas. M. Holland, father-in-law of F. H. Shutters, who died in the county jail Friday morning, as the result of a collapse following a severe attack of delirium tremens, The Star reproduces from yesterday's Evening Dispatch, to which publication the communication was addressed, the following statement as being that of Mr. Shutters' family regarding the unfortunate death of the young man:

"There has been a very grave mistake in the article published in your last edition concerning Mr. F. H. Schutters. His wife is very much heart-broken over the article, and the family and friends are very much indignant over it. The family was not allowed to see him at all until after death had struck him at 7 o'clock Thursday evening. When they were allowed to see him, the first sight was of him, lying upon the hard cement floor, without even a pillow for his head, or the commonest kind of blanket to lie upon, in a pool of water. His sister-in-law went at once and sent a bed. The jailer, Mr. Branch, drove them out and in going out of the door, it slammed to behind Mrs. Woodcock, his sister-in-law, and cought her foot, giving her much pain at the time. As far as having the family physician to him, they were not even allowed that privilege until after death had struck him. Dr. W. D. MacMillan would not allow it until 7 o'clock, then told them they could get their family physician, and do anything that would give him any comfort. The family then sent for Dr. J. T. Schonwald, who said when he arrived he was too late to do him any good. There were some that were concerned that made the remark: 'Oh, let him die, he is nobody but a poor man, and can't do anything.' His father-in-law called there to see him every day, but was not even allowed to see him until Thursday afternoon, and his wife was not allowed to even see him the day that he was dying. There was a remark made that he butted his head against his cell and caused bruises upon him, but after he was perfectly helpless his father-in-law bathed him, he could swear that there was no bruises whatever upon him. Their nurse then took charge and remained with him until the end. I was overlooked by the papers to announce that he was survived by a brother, Mr. Frank Schutters, and a sister, Miss Lula Schutters, both of Grand Rapids, Mich.

"J. M. HOLLAND."

Last night The Star was given the following statement from R. F. Brooks, Esq., with the request that it be published:

"To the Editor Star:—I desire to correct the statement made in your paper yesterday in reference to Mr. F. H. Schutters, who died in the county jail Friday morning, to-wit:

"'No one was denied admittance to the jail to see Mr. Schutters during his confinement and illness.'

"Learning of his serious condition, and having it intimated to me that he was not receving necessary attention, I went to the jail and as his attorney requested admittance, which was not only refused, but I was treated by Jailor Branch with absolute discourtesy.

"From inquiries that I have made as Mr. Schutter's attorney, I make this statement, and am prepared to stand behind it: That in comparison to this crime, the Spanish Inquisitions pale into insignificance, and that man who chained his victim to the rocks and tortured him to death that he might paint his agonies and grieved because he could not paint the death dews on his brow was a humanitarian.

"R. F. BROOKS."

The sentence quoted and attributed to this paper by Mr. Brooks did not appear in The Star, as a careful perusal of the article in question will disclose. However, his statement is given in order that all angles of the case may be given to the public.

As stated in yesterday's paper Jailor Branch and Dr. W. D. MacMillan county superintendent of health, are emphatic in their declaration that Mr. Schutters was not neglected in the but on the other hand he was given the very best attention possible.

Mr. Holland said yesterday afternoon that the family intended to bring suit for heavy damages, but that it had not yet been determined who will be made defendants. He said he thought the action would be instituted Monday.

Vocal Selections Today

Two prominent singers will render selections at the services at the First Baptist church this morning and evening. Rev. Dr. John E. White, of Atlanta, will conduct the services. At the morning service Mrs. Frank Pearson, who is the leading soprano in Dr. White's church at Atlanta, will sing Johnson's beautiful composition, "Face to Face." At the night service Mr. Chas. Fulton Henry, of Baltimore, a well-known choir tenor, will sing "The Majesty of the Divine Humiliation," from the "Crucifixion," and "Oh, Lord, Rebuke Me Not," by Wilkinson.

Coffee Importing House.

It was reported yesterday that Dunn & Company, wholesale grocers of Fayetteville, had decided to engage in the coffee business in Wilmington and had already leased warehouse room for the purpose of storing their imported goods. While nothing definite was learned as to the location of the warehouse secured, it is pretty certain that the firm will soon begin a coffee business in Wilmington. For some time the company has been considering the matter, it is said. The firm is composed of Messrs. W. H. Dunn and C. N. Dunn.

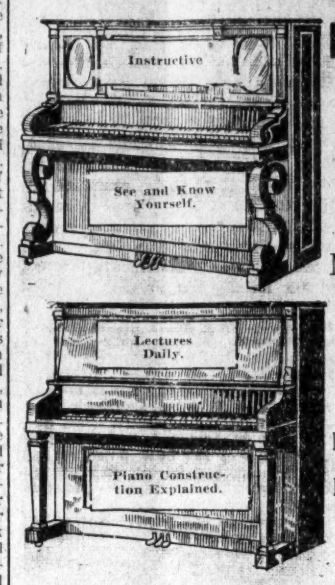
Attention Veterans of the Spanish-American War!

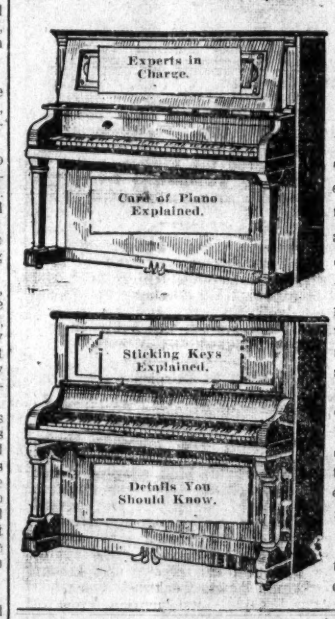
News dispatches from Asheville, dated the 8th instant, state that an effort is on foot to organize the Spanish-American War Veterans of the State into a department. It is also stated that there is only one camp now in existence in North Carolina. This note is to ask all veterans of the Spanish War in the eastern part of the State to communicate at once with the writer with a view to calling a meeting at some central point and organizing at once into camps wherever a sufficient number of Veterans can be found to do so.

(Rev.) ROBT. EDWARD STEELE,
Lumberton, N. C.
(Volunteer Chaplain in the United States Navy, during the Spanish War).

Garden City—the best yet. **

THE GRAND KIMBALL FACTORY
Piano Exhibit





IN FULL SWAY---OPENED YESTERDAY TO THE PUBLIC

Many Callers Yesterday and Last Night. They All Say It Is The GREATEST DISPLAY EVER SEEN.

It is Really a Feast for the Eyes—There Never was Anything Like it in the City Before. Open Daily and Evenings until 9:00. Space at A. D. RICH & CO.'S., opposite the Orton Hotel.

It is a feast for the eyes to see the beautiful sample pianos at the Kimball factory exhibit, on Front street.

You should see this display before the time expires and hear the short demonstrations made by the factory experts. All nature contributes to the construction of the piano, the animal, vegetable and mineral kingdoms being fully represented. The whole world is levied upon for its material, from the ivory of the keys to the most precious woods. The scientist, architect, chemist, the skilled craftsman—they all yield the result of their investigations. Historically the evolution of the pianoforte begins with the monochord of the middle ages, in its turn a development of the ancient psaltery. During the seventeenth century the clavichord, harpsichord and spinet were used.

Christotoria, a Florentine, created the modern pianoforte. Only two of his instruments are known to be authentic, and the Metropolitan museum of New York possesses one of them. Silbern, Stein and Streicher, of Germany; Erard, of France, and Broadwood, an Englishman, made many notable improvements.

A Philadelphian by the name of Hawkins produced the first upright piano in 1800, but it remained for later ages to make this construction a commercial and artistic success. The so-called square piano has been consigned to oblivion, and the modern factory confines itself to grand and upright pianos.

It takes many months to build a piano, and it is interesting to know the various processes which combine in its making. After the lumber is cut, dressed and dried, it passes through the mill room and into the case department. Meanwhile the action makers have cut, shaped and made up the innumerable delicate parts which furnish the mechanism. The cases then undergo a long process of filling and varnishing, other experts have converted sheets of spruce into sounding-boards, and after various incidental processes the action-finisher puts the instruments into playing condition, followed by the first tuning. It is then completely set up and sent to the department where the action-regulator puts in the finishing touches and the instrument receives more careful tuning. Finally the tone-regulator adds that perfection of tone and touch which insures the artistic quality.

This brief outline hardly affords an intelligible idea of the endless details which go into the making of the Kimball piano. Gifted specialists watch every process with devoted care.

Now we have practically our factory right here in your city, open for inspection for a short time only, showing every component part which is made complete at our great factory. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to call.

Open daily and until 9:00 P. M. Look for the big sign on Front street.

GEN. R. L. LEINSTER STRICKEN

Head of National Guard In This State Became Ill In Wilmington

Many friends in Wilmington and throughout North Carolina learned with regret yesterday that Adjutant General R. L. Leinster, of the North Carolina National Guard, who was on his way from Raleigh to Fort Caswell to inspect the Coast Artillery corps in camp there, was stricken with paralysis in his room at the Orton Hotel Friday morning between 4 and 5 o'clock. The attack came on gradually and General Leinster did not realize until yesterday that his condition was anything like serious. He at first thought that he was attacked with a form of rheumatism, it is said, and so far as was learned he has not yet been informed that paralysis is the cause of his illness. His entire left side is paralyzed except his head, which has not yet been affected. Usually the disease attacks the side of the head opposite the other part of the body paralyzed. His speech has not been interferred with and he talked freely to those who visited him yesterday.

General Leinster is only about 36 years old and is originally from Statesville, or that vicinity. He and Dr. Morris M. Caldwell, of this city, were close friends in boyhood days, the latter being a native of Cabarrus county. As soon as he became ill Friday morning General Leinster summoned Dr. Caldwell, who recognized at once the nature of the attack. General Leinster grew gradually worse and yesterday at noon he was taken to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where he is being given attention by Dr. Caldwell. A message from the hospital last night was to the effect that General Leinster was getting along very well.

Mrs. Leinster was notified yesterday afternoon of the condition of her husband and she is expected to arrive here this morning from Raleigh. She was formerly Miss Lucy Hall, of Hamlet, and is a sister of Mrs. L. B. Pearce, of this city.

General Leinster's friends in Wilmington and throughout the State will await most eagerly news from his bedside that he is rapidly improving and sincerely hope that in a short time he will be entirely restored to his health.

Things in West Virginia look blue for the miners. Riots are never successful.

"Make haste slowly." Let us advise you what is best for your eyes; as consulting opticians we are at your service. Be not hurried into selecting some style of glasses not becoming to you. The price of an ill-fitting pair of glasses is often higher than our modern, up-to-date, much admired styles, the "Shur-on." Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. **

SERVICES AT THE FORT

Rev. R. E. Steele Will Speak to Soldier Boys at Caswell Tonight

Rev. R. E. Steele, president of the State Christian Endeavor Union, and a former chaplain in the United States Navy, who is in the city to conduct special services this morning as noted elsewhere in today's paper, has accepted an invitation to speak to the regulars and the artillery reserves in annual encampment at Fort Caswell this evening. He will leave on the 2:30 P. M. boat today, returning Monday. While in the city he is a guest at the manse of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

In connection with his visit to the Fort today, it has occurred to Rev. Mr. Steele that it would be quite the proper thing to take with him reading matter for the hundreds of men who are in practical isolation at the post and to this end he asks all who have magazines or other periodicals that would be interesting to the soldiers to send them to the boat this afternoon and he will be glad to take them down.

HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL TOUR

Coast Line Agricultural Train Completes Trip In This State

Having visited all the principal towns on its system in North Carolina during the three weeks it was on the road, the Atlantic Coast Line agricultural train completed its tour of North Carolina at Jonesboro Thursday, and Mr. E. N. Clark, agricultural and immigration agent of the road, has returned to the city highly pleased with the success of the trip. Mr. Clark said last night that the train was visited by 10,173 persons, a daily average of 726, which is considered an unusually large attendance. Splendid interest was manifested at all the points visited. Mr. Clark is satisfied that there will be fine results from the trip. The train was equipped by the A. & M. College, Raleigh, and the United States Agricultural Department and there were aboard experts who gave lectures and demonstrations at all the points visited.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LUMINA CONCERTS

JOHN F. KNEISEL, Director.

Programme for To-Day

AFTERNOON, 4 O'CLOCK.

1. March (New)—"Spirit of Independence" ..... Holzman
2. Melodies from—"Little Miss Fixit" ..... Bayes-Norworth
3. Concert Waltz—"Beautiful Blue Danube" ..... Joh. Strauss
4. Overture—"Lutspiel" ..... Keler Bela

INTERMISSION.

5. Medley Selection—"In the Shadows" ..... Arr. Schultz
6. Soprano Solo—Selected .....
(Mrs. Frank Pearson.)
7. Characteristic—"A Day in the Cotton Field" ..... Zublin
8. March—"The Band Came Back" ..... Ayer-Grant

NIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK.

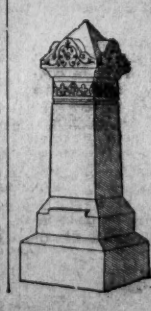
(Program of selections from the Operas.)

1. Grand March—"Tannhauser" ..... Wagner
2. Minuet and Barcarole—from "Tales of Hoffman" ..... Offenbach
3. 'Cello Solo—"Evening Star" ..... Wagner
(Mr. Freed.)
4. Excerpts—from "Martha" ..... Flowtow
5. Sextette—from "Lucia" ..... Donnizetti
6. Soprano Solo—"Oh, Promise Me"—from Robinhood ..... DeKoven
*(Mrs. Frank Pearson.)
7. Selections—from "H. M. S. Pinafore" ..... Gilbert and Sullivan
8. Operatic Potpourri—"Broadway Review" ..... J. B. Lampe

(Containing melodies from "Bachelor Belles," "Golden Butterfly," "Man Who Owns Broadway," "The Girl and the Kaiser," "Baron Trenck," "Alma," "Dollar Princess," "Chocolate Soldier," Broken Idol.")

A special Orchestra of 18 pieces will play at the night concert.

* Mrs. Frank Pearson was a member of the famous "Bostonians" when they first toured the South, at which time she appeared in "Robin Hood," and other operas produced by this organization.



MONUMENTS!

FOR LATEST DESIGNS, 'PHONE 1974-J.

Also Catalogues of Fencing, Vases, Galvanized Settees and Chairs.

TUCKER'S

519 N. Second St., near A. C. L. Station.

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Warm County Campaign Closes—The Teachers' Institute Very Successful—Personal and General Items of Interest

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., August 10.—Today closes in part a campaign, such as many of our people hope never to see again. There is little doubt of a second primary to select some of the candidates. The second struggle will be pulled off on the 24th and from now until then, automobiles and printing presses will run day and night.

It is estimated that at least a ton of paper has been used during the past three weeks in getting out circulars and letters which have been mailed out, handed out, swept out and sent out in any fashion, so they got out. Some of these letters preferring charges against some candidates they don't like are signed by men who may have lived in glass houses, some are signed by some dissatisfied office-seeker who wants something done and has no more sense than to think that their favorite can raise or lower the tide of the Atlantic ocean. Such lies as are being scattered broadcast is something appalling. We do not believe anyone can charge that any of the candidates have stooped low enough to say a word against or misrepresent their opponents in any way. They are all regarded as gentlemen, but some of them have been hurt by their over zeaous friends. Elsewhere in this paper will be found a report of the result of the primary.

The teachers' institute which has been in session here during the week, will continue until next Friday. It is said to be the most largely attended meeting of the kind that has ever been held in the county, and the most successful. One thing is sure, there is certainly a fine looking body of teachers in attendance, and several of the older boys would like to go to school again. They seem to be enjoying their stay in Lumberton and we hope nothing will be left undone that will add to their pleasure.

A few days ago we were called into the grocery department of Mr. L. H. Caldwell's department store, and shown a pile of Robeson county shoulders and hams, the weight of which was said to be 1,800 pounds. The hams were neither too large nor too small, just the right size. This lot of meat was raised by one farmer who said he could bring that much more any time. We hope meat will be as plentiful next year as this, but we fear it will not be so.

The announcement Thursday that Mrs. Maggie Norment had been appointed temporary postmistress to succeed her late husband, Dr. R. M. Norment, gave much satisfaction to many friends throughout this section who hope that the appointment may be made permanent, and that the post-office will be managed in the future as in the past with no change. While Mr. Edmund, the very efficient deputo, secured a large number of signers to his petition, we believe he is perfectly satisfied, as a man with his big heart is bound to be in sympathy with the widow always.

We were shown a letter yesterday dated Berkley, Ala., April 23rd. 1869, which is certainly an interesting epistle. The letter was recently found among some old papers belonging to the late Capt. W. S. Norment, and was from his uncle to his father. The letter is a long one and recites many interesting incidents of the long ago. The writer refers to Lumberton as "the village" and desires to know how many inhabitants it contains. He states in the letter that he was post-office clerk in Lumberton in 1815-16 but does not say who was postmaster. He gives an account of a newspaper he published here while clerking in the postoffice. The paper had about a dozen subscribers and was written with a goose-quill pen, coming out once a week. It is very evident that Mr. Norment had been away from here many years when he wrote the letter. It was written on April 23rd, and postmarked the 25th. Mr. Thos. A. Norment, to whom the letter was written, died at his home in Lumberton April 28th, three days after the letter had been mailed and of course, never had the pleasure of seeing it as mail on those days did not travel as rapidly as it does now. The letter recites many of the hardships the people had gone through in that section as a result of the Civil War and the writer expressed great surprise at hearing of the Ku Klux Klan in Robeson county which he regarded as the best county in North Carolina.

Now that most of the crops are "laid by" many farmers in this section are engaged in cutting cross-ties. Large quantities are daily brought in and buyers seem to be plentiful, no trouble being found in disposing of the timber, regardless of the variety. It seems now that any kind of a tree that has the size is all right for cross-ties.

It is a real pleasure to the many friends of Dr. W. W. Parker to know that his business is increasing to that extent that it will be only a question of a short time before he will be forced to have an assistant. Besides his steadily increasing jewelry business, he is often rushed to keep up with his professional work, and to show the reputation he has made outside of this section since he came here a year ago, during the past month he has served three patients from Wilmington who came to have their eyes treated.

The manager of the opera house received a letter this week from the managers of a troup which played here two years ago, asking for a date during the coming season, and asked that either a Saturday or Monday night be given, so that the company could spend Sunday in Lumberton. He classed the people of Lumberton as being among the very best he had ever met. It pays to treat people nice. He will be given a Monday night.

There was an automobile and bicycle collision at the Seaboard passenger station yesterday morning. Mr. Alf H. McLeod in his car and Clyde Love, a colored boy, on a wheel, came together with a crash. One wheel of the bicycle was demolished, and the rider badly bruised but no bones were broken. Eye witnesses say the collision was purely accidental.

A white boy, probably 15 years old, got one of his pals to assist him yesterday in stealing six chickens from his mother in the eastern part of town. The chickens were brought up town and sold on a credit for $1.50. The purchaser notified Chief Redfern who proceeded to take a hand in the matter. That boy just as well get ready to wear medicated cotton for some time to come when his dad stops to rest.

Last night about 8:30 while Officer Prevatt was standing in front of Blacker Bros.' store he heard some kind of a racket in the rear, and hurried round in the direction from whence the noise came. He found a window shutter open and the sash raised. A 'phone call soon brought one of the proprietors who declared that he closed and fastened the window himself. If anyone wanted to rob the store the cop scared them off before they could transact their business.

The large number of real pretty girls that have been and are visiting Lumberton this Summer is something to be proud of. How these old bachelors and younger men can let them go away is too much for us. But Lumberton has many of the prettiest and best girls to be seen anywhere, and yet these old fool bachelors go right on living in single cussedness. The last one of them ought to be disfranchised.

Mr. T. E. Petty, formerly Seaboard ticket agent at this place, but now located at Cordelle, Ga., has spent most of the week here, and has been most cordially greeted by a large circle of friends. The Seaboard usually has good men here, but no one was ever held in higher esteem by our people than Mr. Petty, and he can always count on a hearty welcome when he drops in.

Last night about 12 o'clock as we turned away from the 'phone after talking to The Star office, we saw a man with a white looking skin move from in front of our window which was open. He stole our item before it got into the paper, but he was welcome to it. Only yesterday morning a little boy sent for his father's mail which he put in his buggy and then stepped into a store to get something. While he was gone some thief stole his Star.

Will Edwards, who has for several years been with his father in his shoe shop, has opened up a shop of his own.

Mr. C. B. Townsend, we regret to report, is confined to his room with an attack of malarial fever.

Policeman Prevatt arrested two young men last night for riding bicycles on the streets without lights. And right here we believe all the hacks which are driven on the streets at night should be required to carry lights of some kind. Even if the town is well lighted there are dark streets.

It is generally agreed that the picture show has been running the best pictures during the week that has ever been seen here. The "Coming of Columbus" was to have been put on last night, but the pictures failed to reach here in time and will be shown Monday night. The visiting teachers in town who are attending the institute have been invited to visit the show Tuesday night as guests of the manager.

Information was received here last night of the death of Capt. Thos. Watson, of Wagram, Scotland county. He died in Charlotte yesterday morning and the remains were brought to his home last night. The funeral was conducted this morning at 10 o'clock. Capt. Watson was the father of Miss Mary Watson, who taught in the graded school here for several sessions. Miss Watson will have the deepest sympathy of many friends here.

Notwithstanding Sheriff McNeill's warning concerning liquor during election times, there was more signs of it yesterday evening than we have seen in several days, but the fullest man we saw was a colored man who is no politician. It is just possible that cider is being used in some instances.

It was our great pleasure to spend two hours in Wilmington last Sunday, and we candidly believe it was the most pleasant two hours we ever spent away from home. For the first time in nine years we had the pleasure of seeing Capt. Harper. Then there was Tom Clawson, Walter Kingsbury and so many others. It carried us back to other days when we were boys together. With one exception, Capt. Harper was our first Wilmington acquaintance, except some of our railroad friends, of course.

This has been the poorest week of the year in the egg market. They simply could not be had for love or money.

The cool wave which struck this section several days ago has passed on, and Summer is here again in full force.

Quite a number of old soldiers attended the State reunion in Winston this week and report a great time. They are loud in their praise of the Winston people. In the party was Mr. Calvin Smith, who walked from Greensboro to Lumberton in April, 1865, when the war had closed. He had not seen Greensboro in 47 years until this week, and of course, it was all new to him, except possibly the old Court House.

Miss Jennette Cowan went to Wilmington this week to spend some time with relatives and friends.—Miss Lizzie Whitfield returned this week from Asheboro, where she had been visiting.—Miss Annie McKoy, of Wilmington, has been spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Crichton.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Carlyle and two children left Wednesday for Spruce Pine, N. C., where they expect to spend the balance of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Freeman and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Freeman left this week for Bluefield, W. Va., where they will spend some time visiting relatives.

At this writing, Saturday morning, Wednesday's Robeson Advance has not made its appearance. Inability to secure a printer seems to be the trouble.

Some of the politicians got out a cartoon yesterday and had several hundred copies printed for distribution. It was a beauty and would have made many votes for the other side, but its papas got ahead of it and wouldn't let it out. However, a few copies were swept out in the trash pile and blew out so as to attract attention.

Hugh, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thompson, of East Lumberton, is very sick of fever, having been confined for several days.

Three alligators ranging in size from four to six feet are reported to have been killed in Lumber river during the week between Boardman and the "Hig Hill."

The carpenters came near getting a job repairing the porch at the residence of Mr. N. H. Jones, Sr., one night this week. His little grandson, Earl, came in about 10 o'clock, and seeing something sitting on the gate post he didn't like, made a mad rush for the house, causing members of the family to think, so his father says, that a tornado had struck the building. Investigation revealed a big fat possum resting on the gate post. He was kindly taken in and is still a guest, being confined in a box. It is suspected that the thief who has been stealing so many chickens along the river front during the Summer has been captured.

The many friends of Mr. Enoch McConnell, who was formerly a salesman in Mr. J. H. Wishart's grocery store, will be delighted to know that he has again accepted the same position and will enter upon his work the 15th. No better boy ever resided in Lumberton than Mr. McConnell.

The colored Sunday School Convention, which has been in session here this week at Sandy Grove Baptist church, has brought many of the colored race to town, and more representative body of colored people is seldom seen. During the session a colored Sunday School excursion was run from Marion S. C., which brought in about 300 visitors.

Mr. T. E. Petty, of Cordele, Ga., entertained a supper party at the Waverly Hotel last night in honor of Miss Maggie Belle Leonard, of Wilmington, and Miss Eva Pearson, of Dunn, guests of Miss Lina Gough; Mr. D. B. Leonard, of Wilmington, a guest of Mr. Lee Caldwell, Messrs. David Fuller and Elwood Whaley. Miss Sallie Thompson, of Back Swamp, and Miss Mary Popue, of Lumberton, were also invited guests. After supper a theatre party was given by Mr. Elwood Whaley. The occasion was one of much pleasure.

Can a muzzled dog on a hot day be blamed for showing that he is uncomfortable?

Many a love letter has come home to roost.

VALUABLE WATER FRONT.

Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Aquires Splendid Terminals.

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Southport, N. C., Aug. 10.—It became known here today that the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railroad Co., through the real estate agency of Mr. E. B. Stevens, had acquired from the Chicago owners, represented by C. Ed Taylor, Esq., of the Southport bar, the valuable water front terminal property known as the Daggett holdings. It was the only available deep water terminals for the railroad company here and it runs along the water front 165 feet with 21,000 square feet of upland including two corner lots. It is understood that it required something over $15,000 to finance the deal and place the W., B. & S. in splendid shape for terminals at this port.

This was the largest of several important realty deals here within the past few months and has given added confidence to the people of Brunswick in their new road and its ability to deliver the goods in the development of the port and this entire section. All the other available water front here for railroad purposes was held by the Clinchfield people and the Wilmington & Durham Railroad Company, so that for a while it seemed that the W., B. & S. would be seriously handicapped for the lack of deep water front, but this obstacle has now been eliminated and the people here say "Watch Southport and the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern grow."

ANCHOR TRUST CO.

New Raleigh Concern Organized for Business—Officers

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., August 10.—The Anchor Trust Company, perfected organization tonight preparatory for opening for business August 17th on Martin street. Officers are J. O. Ellington, president; A. L. Cox, vice president; Eugene Armbruster, secretary-treasurer, and Cox & Cox, attorneys. Directors: J. O. Ellington, Chas. V. Albright, W. A. Cooper, W. S. Wilson, A. L. Cox, E. T. Hinton, W. B. Mann, T. L. Bland and F. H. Phillips. The corporation has $100,000 capital, $10,000 surplus paid in for general banking and trust business.

THOMAS DEFEATS GULLEDGE

Second Primary Held In Anson County Yesterday—The Result

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wadesboro, N. C., August 10.—In the second Democratic primary held today F. E. Thomas defeated John W. Gulledge for the lower House of the General Assembly by a vote of 855 to 982.

A WONDERFUL EXPERIENCE

With Newbro's Herpicide

While there are no thrills in the narration of Mrs. P. T. Nichols, 623 Broad St., Beloit, Wis., her story is nevertheless one of amazing interest: "Stricken with neuralgia and erysipelas, I lost all my hair. My doctor recommended Newbro's Herpicide. I used six or eight bottles and now have a fine head of slightly curly light brown hair. Not a gray hair in my head. This is the more remarkable as I am middle-aged."

While the results which follow the use of Newbro's Herpicide are always more or less astonishing, they are always natural. Herpicide destroys the dandruff germ, stimulates the flow of blood to the hair follicles and keeps the scalp perfectly healthy. It makes possible a natural and luxuriant growth of hair, except in cases of chronic baldness.

While remedies said to be "every bit as good" as Newbro's Herpicide are frequently offered, one should insist upon having the original germ destroyer, Herpicide. That is genuine. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

For sale at all drug stores. One dollar size bottles are guaranteed. Applications may be obtained at good barber shops. Send 10c in postage for sample to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Special Agent.

OUR LOSS--YOUR GAIN

Cleaning up Prices are now placed on All Summer Articles. All this week will be "BARGAIN DAY."

Summer Dress Goods of all kinds, Mosquito Nets, Hammocks, Bath Suits, Porch Screens, Swings, Summer Underwear, Hose, Slippers, Oxfords, Barefoot Sandals, Canvas and Outing Shoes.

Ladies' and Misses', Men's and Boys' Hats, all kinds of Headwear for Children, must go, to make room for Fall Good

If you need any of these, you can get much for little money while they last.

NEW RAIN COATS—Just received, Men's, Ladies' and Children's, all new goods, of latest styles and Best Qualities.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Large stock, made of Amoskeag Ginghams, splendid workmanship, perfect style, worth $1.00; selling this week for 50c.

Prettiest line of 25c Aprons to be seen in the city.

Matting of 30c value for 20c., by the roll.

All kinds of Housefurnishing Goods.

GAYLORD'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

210—212—214 NORTH FRONT STREET.

300 Bags Peanuts

(SECONDS)

100 Bags Peanut Pops for feeding hogs.

1,000 Bags Texas R. P. Oats.

500 Bags Feed Oats.

1,000 Bags Corn.

400 Bags Vim Stick Feed.

200 Bags Banner Stock Feed.

200 Bags Daisy Stock Feed.

4,000 Rolls Bagging.

8,000 Bundles Ties.

500 Bundles Hoop Iron.

700 Spirit Casks.

And a full line of all other goods in our line. Send your orders.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Bagging and Ties

We are booking orders for future shipment at exceedingly close figures and those of our customers who have purchased have already a nice profit. Get our quotations.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Distributors

Wilmington, North Carolina.

FOR RENT

Desirable store, No. 311 North Front street, size 20x70, two-story, brick building, plate glass front, elevator, and all modern conveniences. Immediate possession given. Apply to

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons

Wilmington, N. C.

PINE TIMBER FOR SALE

60 million feet virgin yellow pine timber on ten thousand acres of land, within thirty miles of Jacksonville, Florida, and seven miles from navigable tide water, with 50c per thousand towage rate to seaport. Exceptionally fine timber. Will cut 70 to 75 crops turpentine boxes. The last body of yellow pine of its size and quality on the Atlantic coast. Maps and full particulars to principals only.

ARTHUR T. WILLIAMS,
106 Main St., Jacksonville, Fla.
au8-7t*

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

H. DeW. RAPALJE

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

Room 511 Southern Building.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

ROOM 512. 'PHONE 813

MADE BY Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

"OLD HOMESTEAD"

In heart of mountains.

Low rates to excursionists and September visitors.

J. P. JOHNSON.
Route 6, Hendersonville, N. C.
au3-4t

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

17-23-29 Carroll Building

FORECLOSURE.

By virtue of a Power of Sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by William F. Brittain and wife, Katie E. Brittain, to the Tidewater Trust Company, and registered in Book 64, page 395, et seq. of the records of New Hanover County, the undersigned attorneys for said mortgagee will on Monday, the 19th of August, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, in the city of Wilmington, sell by public auction for cash, the mortgaged premises which are situated in the State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover and City of Wilmington, and a part of Block 63, according to the official plan of said city, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning in the intersection of the western line of Sixth street with the northern line of Wooster street with a front on Sixth street of sixty-six (66) feet, and extending westwardly along the said line of Wooster street ninety-six (96) feet.

W. B. McKOY,
jy13toau20 Attorney for Mortgagee.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.

For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Aug. 7th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ‡ 8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 8:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:30 A. M.
No. 64, ‡ 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ‡ 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford Through Pullman Parlor Car Service between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
N. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadourn, Conway (‡), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, 12:50 P.M.
No. 59, ‡ 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, ‡10:15 A. M.
No. 43, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57 * 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, * 8:15 A. M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., can 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect June 1st, 1912.

WEEK DAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P.M.	6:05 A. M. and every half hour until 11:45 P.M.
12:00 P.M. * 6:10 P.M.	

* Business Men's Express daily except Saturday and Sunday stops only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
6:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	12:15 P.M.
4:00 P.M.	6:15 P.M.
7:00 P.M.	8:15 P.M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
7:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
8:30 A.M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P.M.	7:45 A.M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P.M.
12:00 P.M.	

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A.M.	12:15 P.M.

Freight depot open Sundays from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

Express trains stop only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

TELEPHONE 667

for information about train movements and all matters connected with transportation department.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Thursday, Aug. 1st 1912.

P. M.		A. M.
*3:15 Lv.	Wilmington.	Ar. 8:15
4:05 "	Town Creek	" 7:20
4:20 "	Bolivia	" 7:05
4:55 Ar.	Southport	Lv. 6:30

* Daily, except Sunday.

Special train operated Sunday only, leaving Southport, 6:30 A. M., arriving Wilmington, 8:15 A. M. Returning, leave Wilmington, 7:30 P. M., arriving Southport, 9:00 P. M.

H. E. GOODWIN,
jy12-tf Traffic Manager.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain mortgage deed made by J. C. Jones and wife and J. R. Sherrill to A. S. Kirby, and duly registered on the records of New Hanover County, in Book 65, page 483, the undersigned will sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, at the wood yard at the foot of Hanover street, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 10th day of August, 1912, at twelve o'clock M., the following personal property, to-wit: 3 dump carts, 2 drays, 4 mules, 2 horses, 1 gasoline engine (5-horse-power), 1 saw and 1 splitter and machinery connected therewith.

And the undersigned will also sell, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, on Wednesday, the 21st day of August, 1912, at twelve o'clock, M., that certain lot at Carolina Place, having a two-story dwelling thereon, beginning at the northeast intersection of Perry avenue and Eighteenth street; runs eastwardly along the line of Perry avenue 66 feet; thence northwardly 113 feet to an alley; thence westwardly along the line of said alley 66 feet to the eastern side of Eighteenth street 113 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 11 and 12, block 31, according to he map of said Carolina Place.

Said sale to be made subject to prior mortgages to the Atlantic Trust & Banking Company and C. R. Spooner.

This 10th of July, 1912.

A. S. KIRBY, Mortgagee.
By John D. Bellamy & Son, Attorneys.
jy21-30d

ENTRY NO. 9128.

To the Entry Taker of New Hanover County.

D. L. Gore hereby enters the following described land, situate in Harnett Township, in New Hanover County, North Carolina, described as follows, and containing about 100 acres, to-wit:

Beginning at two stones on the Scott's Hill Macadamized Road, marked G H, and D L G; running thence North 29 degrees West 48 chains and 60 links, to a corner in Little Gum Branch; thence with the run of said Branch to the intersection of Big Gum Branch; thence up the same Northeastwardly to the Thomas Howe line; thence with the line of the Thomas Howe grant South 1 1-2 degrees West, about 20 poles, to the corner of said Thomas Howe grant; thence North 88 1-2 degrees East, about 40 poles, to the Marshburn—now James Grant—line; thence South 37 1-2 degrees West, about 19 chains, to a corner; thence about the same course continued to the beginning, and the same bounded on the South by his own tract, known as the Sarah Weeks land, and the Scott's Hill Road; on the West by D. L. Gore's Elm Grove Tract; on the North by Big Gum and Little Gum Branches, and the Thomas Howe grant, and on the East by the Reuben Everett tract and Thomas Howe grant.

This 2nd day of August, 1912.

D. L. GORE.

Entered and filed this 2nd day of August, 1912. JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
au4-30d

SEABOARD Air Line Railway SCHEDULE

EFFECTIVE APRIL 9th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 45—5 A. M. arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 66, at 9:05 A. M. with through train for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and points North. At Monroe, with train 53 for Atlanta and points South. Daily sleeper for Charlotte. Open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.; arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and all points north. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte, and sleeper between Wilmington and Atlanta daily. Through to Birmingham Sundays and Wednesdays.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 40—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, telephone or apply to the undersigned.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. mh19-tf

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., July 19, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Fri., July 26, 1912

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Carib," Sat., July 20, 1912
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., July 27, 1912

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., July 22, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Mon., July 29, 1912

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. H. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

FOR CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT.

Harper line of steamers leave Wilmington daily except Sunday, for Southport, 9 A. M.; for Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Southport, 11:45 A. M.; Carolina Beach, 12:45 and 5:45 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. Returning, leave Carolina Beach, 12:45, 6 and 8:30 P. M.

Positively no dogs allowed at Carolina Beach.

Fare to Southport, Sunday, 50 cents round trip. Carolina Beach, daily, 25 cents round trip.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rails. Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC. Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, August 11, 1912.

There are few big guns but whole stacks of sons-of-guns.

Put up your colors and stay with them if they are true blue.

President Taft is geting fatter but his chances are growing slimmer.

So live your life that you don't have to abscond or take to the woods.

The statement of a man who is too fresh is always received with a grain of salt.

Mr. Carnegie favors an income tax but he can play a joke on the tax collector by letting libraries have his income.

Any politician who can straddle in the presence of three parties must have the leg spread of the Colossus of Rhodes.

A North Carolina girl does not have to have any of those new fashioned beauty spots. Wilmington girls are not pretty in spots only.

Nothing equals the disappointment of a girl who has received an invitation to an impromptu joy ride just after she has eaten a whole onion.

Five potentialities combined ought to make Wilmington the chief city of the South Atlantic, but not a one of them is being played up in the game of progress.

The National Rifle shoot is to take place at Seagirt. When the riflemen get tired of their popguns they can go up to Woodrow Wilson's cottage and hear a big gun.

Col. Roosevelt had long ago intimated that he would accept the nomination for a third term if it came spontaneously from the people on a platform of his own.

"Let the people rule" according to the law laid down by the Third Termer, who took Panama one night when the United States marines were kept awake for business.

"Thou shalt not steal," but what's the matter with stealing a march on Senator LaFollette who had the "progressive" leadership till it was swiped by a man who was "laying for it"?

The Germans boast that their latest warship will run 32 knots, or 36 miles, an hour. She ought to be called the Vamoose because she surely can get away from any ship that may take after her on the high seas.

Warning has been sent out that a bogus prince is on his rounds. Our lady friends who have the dough should be very careful when they are approached by a mollycoddle who can't show a certified letter of recommendation from the Marquise deMontenoy.

Teddy said that under no circumstances would he accept another nomination. He was referring to a nomination at the hands of the Republican party. He is a man of his word and positively has not accepted any third term Republican nomination. He would rather be a bull moose, and accept a nomination for his first Progressive term.

A man pays himself no compliment when he refuses to testify on the ground that he has the legal right to keep mum on a question tending to incriminate him. It is always safer to be able to prove an alibi. Uncle Ephraim's idea of an alibi was expressed this way after he was acquitted of stealing a lot of chickens: "I stood mah groun' and mah lawyer worked in an alibi by putin' de old 'oman on de stan' to testify dat I was guardin' de watermillion patch on de dark night dat some nigger was out raising chickens."

BULL MEESE OUTWITTED.

Republican State Chairman John M. Morehead has so effectually outwitted the Bull Moose organization in North Carolina that the large Roosevelt following in North Carolina cannot possibly capture the Republican organization in this State as they have done in Pennsylvania, Kansas, and some other States. In Pennsylvania the Bull Moose party held the old organization in hand and compelled the G. O. P. to fuse with it on the State ticket.

We do not know whether the old guard in North Carolina will fuse with the Moose party on State issues, but the circumstance that State Chairman Morehead is a standpatter, and is for Taft, saved the G. O. P. machinery from being completely captured by the enemy. Probably two-thirds of the former Republicans are for Col. Roosevelt, but when the State Republican convention meets in Charlotte, September 4th, the Bull Moose crowd will have the door shut in their faces. They will not be eligible to seats in the convention, for State Chairman Morehead played a waiting game for them to disqualify themselves before he called a State convention. The Taft contingent may be small, but it will be in a position where the Roosevelt crowd can run the hog over it. The Greensboro Record (Dem.) thus refers to Chairman Morehead's shrewd dodge to keep out of the hands of the machinery purloiners:

"Why Chairman Morehead delayed so long in calling his committee together is now apparent. From the proceedings of the first State convention, held at Raleigh to send delegates to the National Republican convention, it appeared that the Bull Moose crowd had the regulars going, seeing which Mr. Morehead seems to have adopted a waiting policy to see what would happen. He had an idea, no doubt, about the result and he was right. He has simply waited to see what the Roosevelt men would do and they have done it, to-wit: kicked themselves out of the Republican party. Had they remained and made their fight, in this State at least, within the old party, they would have captured everything in sight, but they 'have gone and done it;' they have formed a new party. A Democrat would have as much right to be heard in the Republican convention as a member of the Bull Moose party. These gentlemen see the situation and are estopped by their own actions from further kicking. They have kicked themselves out of the G. O. P. Morehead did not do it; he begged and did everything to keep the line unbroken, but the chief Bull Moose, with his little hatchet, did the job. So when the convention meets at Charlotte none but the genuine need apply. The Third Party may organize and put out tickets in the various counties, but the fact remains that they cannot walk into the Republican convention and capture it. Mr. Morehead seems to have played the game squarely and fairly. He stood still and the birds walked into the trap."

Chairman Morehead's call for the State convention is so guarded that none but an old line Republican committed to Taft for President, can put his foot in the convention. His call reads the Progressive party people out of the Republican party and as effectually bars them from the convention as if they were Democrats. Everybody who has a grain of conscientious scruples knows that Col. Morehead has done right. It would be both dishonorable and disreputable for either the Third Term party or the Democratic party to attempt to capture and hold another party's citadel. Democrats would not think of such a thing, but Col. Morehead's action shows that he would not trust the Roosevelt followers any further than he could sling a bull moose by the tail.

PLANNING A GREAT PORT.

Southern ports are getting ready for Panama canal commerce, and one by one those interested in their development are inaugurating big undertakings for the establishment of modern harbor terminals as the best means of making commerce grow. Two years ago Mobile held fifth position as a cotton port, but she has by a close margin relegated Wilmington to fifth place and has herself taken the fourth place.

That is because the Mobile people waked up over the prospects of commerce when the Panama canal is open for business. However, results for Mobile have already been secured, since in about three years she has nearly doubled her exports, which footed up this year $31,230,117. The port of Wilmington has done a little better than that in times gone by, and it is not very far behind Mobile this year, but the Mobile port record shows what can be done when people unite to push their commerce.

Besides the terminal facilities already possessed by Mobile, the South Mobile Terminal Company and the Alabama Port, Land & Improvement Company are planning a great port in the suburbs of Mobile, but which practically is a part of Mobile. The company is already at work and will establish a new city as a part of the old one, but on much more modern lines. It is constructing on Mobile Bay, docks and piers of such capacity as will accommodate any traffic on the Gulf and is equipping them with railroads, warehouses, coal pockets, and modern machinery to handle commerce efficiently and economically. The company's city and dock scheme covers five square miles of land, expertly arranged as to railroad terminals, manufacturing sites, commercial business section, and residence quarter. The company also is itself dredging a channel 400 feet wide and 35 feet deep to the Gulf outlet, and it can be realized that it is one of the biggest port development undertakings in the South.

Great industrial plans are being shaped, one of the industries being a steel plant to use Cuban and Venezuelan iron ores in conection with Alabama ores. This is only a hint of this huge Mobile movement, and it is only what other ports ought to be doing to take care of their commerce.

Your Uncle Joe Cannon has not said a word about the Bull Moose convention. He knows the police would get him for using boisterous language and uttering words that wouldn't do to print.

Judge Clark started into the Senatorial campaign "mild-like", as Senator Vance used to say, but he has lit into the ring after the hats of both the other candidates. He has held up the train of thought of one of the candidates who thought all he had to do to get the nomination for the Senate was to attack the candidate who is already Senator and ignore the other who could be left high and dry on the Supreme Court bench.

CURRENT COMMENT.

They do not want to get into a discussion with Judge Clark thinking he will not be able to keep his end of it going.—Durham Herald.

George W. Perkins says there will be no trouble about raising the funds for financing the Roosevelt party. George is close enough to the steel trust to know whether it is going to be easy to get the money or not and he probably means what he says. But it will take more than the steel trust money to put the Colonel "over."—Raleigh Times.

The first "official" speaking gun of the campaign in North Carolina is to be fired by former Lieut. Gov. Francis D. Winston, of Bertie, on August 21st, at Mackey's Ferry, in Washington county, at the Democratic convention. This is the first announcement of a Democratic speaking made by State Chairman Webb, and it means that the campaign will begin with eloquence and a presentation of solid facts.—Raleigh News and Observer.

If the Democrats had nominated Craig for Governor four years ago, after all that Kitchin said about him, would the latter have supported the nominee? If Senator Simmons wins the Senatorial nomination this year, after all Governor Kitchin has said about him, will the Governor recognize the "wisdom of the Democracy" in so doing? The Democrats have said by a unanimous vote this year that "Craig ain't as bad as Kitchin said he was."—Greensboro News (Ind.)

The Philadelphia Record, a cautious and conservative paper, claims that Pennsylvania is now safe for Wilson. This result it considers inevitable by the placing in the field of two Republican tickets. The Record suspects that "Mr. Roosevelt, who is something of a politician, knows the Pennsylvania situation about as well as some of the people who live here, and that, having his doubt as to his ability to run ahead of Taft in that State, it suited his present purposes to help insure a result that is now clearly indicated." The Observer was considered rather wild when it some weeks ago suggested the possibility of Wilson carrying Pennsylvania. Such a suggestion is not now considered wild, at all.—Charlotte Observer.

THE CLINCHFIELD RAILROAD.

Expansion of its Business by Time Panama Canal is Open.

(From the Wall Street Journal.)

Important plans for expansion of the business and facilities necessary to take care of it on the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railway, the comparatively new line which has penetrated the piedmont country, are fast taking shape and will be substantially worked out in all details by the time the Panama canal is opened for business.

Recently announcement was made of plans for construction of the 40-mile extension from Dante, Va., to Elkhorn, Ky., to cost approximately $5,000,000. This extension will be completed in the next 18 months and the Clinchfield will then become an important link in the shortest line from the Ohio valley and the Middle West into the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida. Officials of the company estimate that on through business alone the revenue of the Clinchfield should be increased approximately $1,300,000 annually, under traffic contracts made and to be made with the Chesapeake & Ohio and Norfolk & Western Railways, with which roads connection will be afforded at its northern terminus.

Plans have also been made for the erection of an extensive coal handling plant at Charleston, S. C., where every facility will be provided for rapid coaling of vessels. Arrangements have been made with the Southern Railway, over which company's rails the Clinchfield reaches tidewater, for a rate of $1.40 per gross ton on coal from the Clinchfield mines destined for coastwise and export traffic. This is the same rate that prevails on the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Norfolk & Western and the Virginian railways from the mines to tidewater, but it is expected that the port of Charleston will have no little advantage over Norfolk as a point of shipment for coal destined for Gulf, Central and South American and Mexican ports when the opening of the Panama canal creates a big demand for coal.

At Southport, N. C., which is regarded as one of the best ports on the South Atlantic seaboard, the Southport Harbor Company has been organized by Clinchfield interests with a capitalization of $2,000,000. The Southport Land Company has also been chartered with an authorized capital of $1,000,000 and has been granted broad powers, which include the right to own ships, docks, elevators, and gas and electric plants. It is expected that some time in the not distant future the Clinchfield, either over its own line or over the Seaboard Air Line, will enter into active development of Southport as a shipping point.

All of these new enterprises have been financed through the Clinchfield Corporation or the Clinchfield Coal Company, both of which are controlled by a small group of New York capitalists and the stock, therefore, closely held. A short time ago, both the Clinchfield Corporation and Clinchfield Railway Company's capitalization was adjusted. The corporation increased its capital stock from $10,000,000 to $18,000,000 made up of $3,000,000 preferred and $15,000,000 common. The railway company's capital stock of $15,000,000 preferred and $15,000,000 common was converted into $10,000,000 preferred and $20,000,000 common. Substantially all of the railway company's stock is owned by the corporation. Additional mines owned by the coal company are being planned to give an annual output of 4,000,000 tons. The present output is about 1,500,000 tons.

POLITICS IN CUMBERLAND.

Maj. Bernard Writes of the Senatorial Race in Upper Cape Fear.

(Staff Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 10.—Aware of the general interest felt in the progress of the gladiatorial contest for a seat in the United States Senate, and soon to reach its acute stage, I have thought it not a waste of newspaper space to give my impressions of the situation in Cumberland county, based on careful and unprejudiced investigation.

I have talked with quite a number of leading Democrats—adherents of Simmons, Kitchin and Clark—with a view to obtaining a fair and conservative expression of opinion; and after careful consideration, have taken the estimates of three of these Democrats, two of them being supporters of Simmons and one "a strong Kitchin man" as he himself expressed it.

The Kitchin man said Simmons would receive 50 per cent. of the total Democratic vote cast in Cumberland county, which means, of course, that the vote for Simmons would equal that of Clark and Kitchin combined.

One of the Simmons advocates estimated that his choice would have 65 per cent. of the total Democratic vote, and he said he considered this a conservative forecast. If correct, this would give Simmons nearly a two-thirds majority over both his competitors.

The other Simmons man "figured" that the total Democratic vote would be about 1,900 and of this Simmons would have 1,200. Evidently, this estimate includes the vote of the new county of Hoke, formed since the last election, and which reduced the Democratic vote of Cumberland by some 400. This, however, does not affect the general conclusion reached in this article.

It is proper to state that the three citizens referred to are active, intelligent and virile Democrats who have exceptional opportunities for feeling the political pulse of Cumberland county.

Taking, therefore, the frank admission of the "strong Kitchin man" and the claims of the two Simmons men as a basis, it seems clear to my mind that Simmons will poll more than one-half of the Democratic vote of Cumberland, though the extent of his majority over his two opponents is, of course, purely speculative.

The vote for Judge Clark in this county will be relatively small, it being generally conceded that the race is between Simmons and Kitchin.

W. H. B.

NORTHEAST RIVER BRIDGE.

Work of Construction Has Begun—Other Pender County News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., Aug. 10.—It was remarked by an attorney who was opposed to the location of "Hungry Neck" bridge site, that "it would be a cold day in August" before building operations there would be instituted. Well, the cold day was last Sunday; the mercury touched about the 60 degree point, fire felt real comfortable, and to judge from what can be seen at "Hungry Neck" the gentleman's prophecy came true. Only the evening before, Mr. D. L. Futch, of Harrison Creek, delivered the contract piling for beginning operations. Today on the New Hanover side can be seen carloads of tools, shovels, picks, wheelbarrows and other necessary paraphernalia for the pursuit of the work. A dwelling for the superintendent and two houses for tools and equipment are in evidence. Mr. T. J. Armstrong, of the Pender Board of Commissioners, says the contract for the completion of the bridge expires January 30th, 1913.

It does not require any great stretch of imagination to see New Hanover and Pender linked by a steel band that will be the medium for the construction of good roads running through these counties, as well as Duplin, Wayne, Sampson, connecting at Greensboro with the Seaboard-Mountain system at Goldsboro, trolley system through these counties connecting by short runs the inland towns like Kenansville, Hallsville, Snatchville, Chinquepin, Sarecta, Tear-Shirt, Canetuck, Point Caswell and Purgatory.

While the afore remarked attorney's statements were true in the main, we do really expect to see several cold days in January before the completion of this important work. Nevertheless, there will be great jubilation over its completion, let it be cold or hot.

The colonists of St. Helena, from Italy's sunny clime, are placing on the market some magnificent specimens of grapes, so far ahead of those grown in private gardens by our own people. There is a certain fitness in "knowing how" to do a thing, and their early education and environment makes them fit for this vocation. Some of the bunches are enormous. They resemble in flavor the New York Concords, and 'tis said they are cultivating the Niagara and other foreign grapes.

There was a Sunday School picnic held at Harrison Creek church Friday. The groves were nicely cleaned off, everything was prepared for the occasion, and one of Pender's most eloquent sons, Mr. Luke McClammy, of Scott's Hill, delivered one of the finest Sunday School addresses on "God is Love." His audience sat spellbound for nearly two hourse, listening to the beautiful comparisons of "Mother's Love to Child" and a "patriot's love of his country." After adjournment the audience was invited to partake of a table laden down with the good things, flounder, fried hot, hams, chickens, fried Southern and braised; pies and cakes of all descriptions; lemonade and ice water to wash 'em down. The evening was spent in rational amusements. The management was in care of Mr. Amos Batson. It was decided on the spot to hold in the future other picnics on the same spot, where good fellowship, good cheer and good water did more than abound. E. D. P.

PRIMARY IN SAMPSON.

Result at Cypress Creek Yesterday Afternoon—Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Garland, N. C., Aug. 10.—The Democratic primary was held at Cypress Creek this afternoon with the largest number of voters that has ever attended a primary in this township. Messrs. C. P. Parker, D. F. Coble and G. W. Howard were nominated as justices of the peace; D. S. Rich as constable.

D. Lewis Cromartie, the only candidate in the township running on the county ticket, received the unanimous vote of the precinct for sheriff. For the first time in the history of the convention the solid vote of the township primary will be cast for Mr. Cromartie in the county convention.

The Pittsburg postoffice, which earns $3,000,000 a year and spends only half of it, has the average big commercial enterprise wholly faded.

The Roosevelt torpedo boats seem to have been repulsed at the Hillespont.

SUMMER SUGGESTIONS FOR THE MOTHER

Seasonable Advice on the Health of Children In Hot Weather

Mothers should be careful not to overfeed children during the hot months. No one requires as much food in Summer as they do in cold weather. Serve only the lighter and more easily digested foods and see that the milk is kept cool and the fruit ripe.

It is quite natural to expect some disturbance, such as constipation, indigestion, or Summer diarrhoea, often accompanied by a cold. A mild laxative at bed time will, in most cases, carry off the congested waste from the stomach next morning and by cleaning the bowels restore normal conditions.

Cathartic remedies and purgatives should never be used for children. They are harsh and violent in their action and tend to upset the entire system. The combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin, known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and sold by druggists for fifty cents a bottle, is now very generally used to correct stomach and bowel trouble. It is mild and pleasant to the taste and contains no drastic drug, or narcotic, but acts naturally and easily, yet most effectively. A larger bottle, containing more than twice the quantity, is sold for one dollar. If you have never used Syrup Pepsin and would like a free trial bottle, postpaid, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 406 Washington, St., Monticello, Illinois.

PROPOSALS INVITED

Bids will be received at 123 Princess street until noon, August 20th, 1912, for the purchase and removal of the 12-room, modern house, No. 307 Market street (formerly W. H. Chadbourn home).

Will entertain separate bids with and without hot water heating plant. All material to be removed within 20 days from date of acceptance of bid. Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

L. W. MOORE, Secretary.

WM. E. SPRINGER, Chairman.
Building Committee New Y. M. C. A.
au 11 13-2t.

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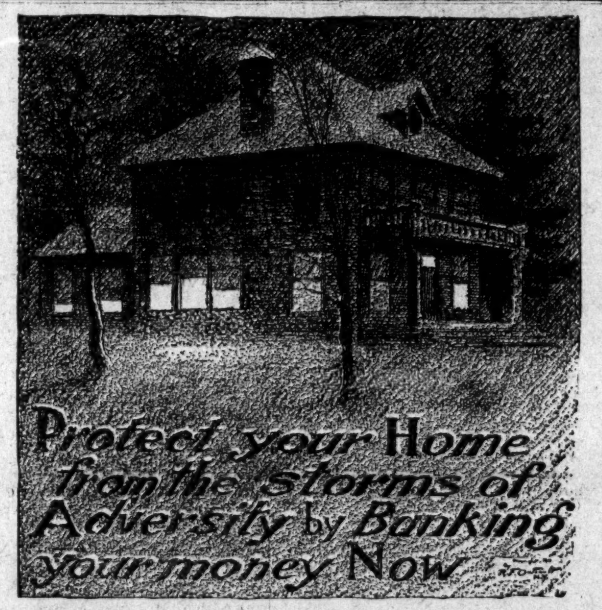

The best protection you can have for your family is A BANK ACCOUNT. The best protection you can have from creditors or sickness, or hard times, is A BANK ACCOUNT. If you have not any money in the bank, why not begin now? A bank account will fortify your home against misfortune, and you will not have to mortgage it if unfortunate circumstances arise, because you will be prepared with A BANK ACCOUNT.

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1-2 Price!

A lot of Ladies' Lingerie and Tailored Shirt Waists reduced to Half Price. All Sizes. Sale starts Monday, A. M. Cash Sale.

A. D. BROWN

Easy Street

'Tis no prophet, 'tis no seer who comes to greet you here, but an ordinary man with a message you should scan. 'Tis no message from the skies, and, perhaps, not new, but wise; just a truth you've heard before. Now come listen to my lore.

When you've drawn your weekly pay, do not throw it all away. Chuck your roll down in your jeans, cut around those tempting scenes where you've spent your coin before and come through our welcome door. We are ready you to greet and shall show you Easy Street.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
115 No. Front St., Orton Building.

WOMEN ARRESTED YESTERDAY

Papers Served on 49 Inhabitants of the Underworld—Vagrancy Is the Charge—Made Returnable Tomorrow Morning

Headed by Sheriff S. P. Cowan and Justice Geo. Harriss, a squad of county officers, composed of Deputies Kelly, Davis, Bryan, Horne and Reynolds yesterday afternoon arrested 49 women of alleged ill-repute, on warrants issued by Recorder John J. Furlong, under the special act of 1907, which, in effect, requires that such women be arrested and tried on charges of vagrancy every 30 days. A number of the women furnished $25 bond for their appearance in the Recorder's court tomorrow morning at 9:30, but the majority of them were unable to arrange bail and these were recognized for their appearance. Nine other women for whom the officers had warrants could not be found.

Those who gave bonds of $25 each for their appearance were as follows: Ethel McWard, Nellie Berry, Fannie Howey, Ruth Allison, Evelyn Goldman, Bessie Murphy, white, and Hattie Simpson, colored.

The following did not have money to give bond, nor were they able to raise a sufficient amount and the officers recognized them for their appearance: Maggie Vernon, Grace George, Trixie Johnson, Evelyn Thaw, Margaret Nelson, Helen Woodward, Mattie Allen, Mabel Jones, Tillie Marshall, Thelma McDonald, Edna St. Clair, Teddy McDaniels, Myrtle Page, Rosa Taylor, Minnie Taylor, Mildred Reddick, Mable Valentine, Lillie Edwards, Gypsie Masion, Violet McDonald, Etta Williard, Lola Harriss, Thelma Williams, Mable Stephenson, Irene McKinley, Blanche Brown, Lula Cox, Eva Davis, Nannie Jones, Edna Allen, Maggie Smith, Ella Osborne, Gertrude Hamlet, Florence Parham, Lillian Smith, Maud Martin, Gertrude Astor, Bessie Brooks, Maud Pinner, Gussie Greer and Maggie Bailey.

It will be remembered that a number of the women were arrested on capiases issued after the grand jury had returned indictments against them at the last term of Superior Court, and that the cases were continued in Superior Court until the September term in order that the Recorder's court might have an opportunity to handle the cases, as it has jurisdiction under the special act of 1907. This act provides that the women shall be tried before the mayor, trial justice, Recorder, or other trial officer of the city, and that they shall upon being found guilty, be fined not more than $50 or imprisoned not more than 30 days.

Judge Frank Carter commented on the law when he was here, stating that it was nothing more than a crude method of licensing the social evil, but he added that the law was on the books and that it was the duty of the courts to carry out their part of it. It is presumed that the law will be carried out strictly to the letter here now.

The warrants upon which the women were arrested yesterday were issued upon the affidavit of Patrolman H. G. Bullard.

TWO GAMES YESTERDAY

Interesting Contests In City League Series at League Park

Two good games of baseball in the City League series were played at League Park diamond yesterday afternoon, the Amateurs winning from the Giants by a score of 5 to 2 and the Boys' Brigade team defeating the Athletics 9 to 1. The games were witnessed by quite a number of interested spectators.

The first game, between the Amateurs and the Giants, was the better of the two. The contest was close and exciting up to the ninth inning, the score standing 2 to 1 in favor of the Giants at this time. In the last panel, however, the Amateurs bunched four hits and aided by two misplays on the part of their opponents put four runs across the pan, winning out. The feature of the contest was the pitching of Hines for the Amateurs. He allowed only four scattered hits.

Batteries: Amateurs, Hines and Bell. Giants, Gore and Moore.

The second game was considerably more interesting than the score would indicate, though a little loosely played in spots. The features were the pitching of Register for the Brigade, and the heavy batting of the team. Batteries: Register and Wilson, for the Brigade; Taylor and Moore, for the Athletics.

FIREWORKS EXHIBITION

Another Display at Lumina, Wrightsville Beach, Monday Night

Another big exhibition of fireworks will take place tomorrow night at Wrightsville Beach in front of Lumina. Like the last exhibition, this display will consist entirely of aerial fireworks, so that spectators will have no trouble in seeing the entire exhibition from the verandas of Lumina.

While the exhibition to be given tomorrow night is like the last one in that it is to be an aerial display, it contains many pieces differing in character from the fireworks of the two former exhibitions. Among the new pieces to be included in the display tomorrow night are Pink Shower batteries, golden spray mines, Phoenix batteries, saucission batteries, saucission mine, etc. There will, of course, be all kinds of rockets, bombs and parachutes, there being over 150 different pieces in the exhibition. The final piece in the exhibition will be what is known as a "Rocket Flight," which is a group of large sized rockets shot from a magazine, the entire group of rockets being fused together, which when shot off fly through the air in a mass. The rocket flight is said to be a very beautiful piece. The full list of fireworks to be used tomorrow night will be found in the company's advertisement of the exhibition published elsewhere in this paper.

Loss of nerve force which weakens the whole body may be produced by eye strain. Our examination and prescribing correct lenses cure all this trouble. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. Spectacles from $1 up. **

COUNTY SOLONS WILL MEET

Commissioners of State to Gather at The Beach—Features of Entertainment Are Now Being Arranged

Although the final details of the business programme have not yet been rararanged, plans are rapidly being completed for the convention of the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners, which meets at the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Chairman D. McEachern, of the New Hanover Board, is president of the association and he has received notification from a large number of the members who are coming. Some will be accompanied by members of their families.

A number of entertainment features have been planned, one of which will be an automobile trip over the roads of New Hanover county, which will probably be given Thursday afternoon. At least 30 automobiles will be needed for this and owners of cars who will allow the use of their machines are asked to telephone either Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., or Mr. Geo. Honnet, Jr., who have been appointed a committee to arrange the automobile trip. Owners are asked to drive cars themselves or to allow their chauffeurs to drive them, when possible. It is to be hoped that the Commissioners will be able to secure the desired number of cars.

The county solons will leave the beach on special cars of the Tidewater Power Company, arriving in the city to start about 2:15. It is probable that a watermelon feast or a barbecue will be arranged as a side feature of the automobile trip, a stop being made at some convenient place on one of the roads to enjoy the good things provided.

Another delightful feature that has been definitely decided upon will be a souvenir dance given by the Tidewater Power Company in compliment to the visiting Commissioners. The dance will be given at Lumina and the handsome pavilion will be appropriately decorated for the occasion. It is expected that the dance will be largely attended by Wilmingtonians and visitors to the beach, in addition to the Commissioners and members of their families.

A river trip has also been considered as an entertainment feature, but this has not been definitely decided upon as it is thought that there will not be time for this.

The detailed programme will be completed in a day or two and will then be announced.

LEAVES SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Mr. Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., Accepts Position With Mr. J. O. Reilly

Having tendered his resignation several weeks ago, Mr James H. Taylor, Jr., known to a host of friends as "Jim," yesterday afternoon severed his connection with the Sheriff's office, in which for the past 12 years he has capably and efficiently filled the position of clerical deputy and cashier, and will be connected hereafter with the real estate and insurance office of Mr. James Owen Reilly, where he will have charge of the books. Mr. Taylor will be succeeded in the Sheriff's office by Mr. Michael Cronly.

Outside of a few close friends, few knew that Mr. Taylor was to leave the Sheriff's office until he announced it yesterday. The news came as a surprise to his many friends and acquaintances. Mr. Taylor went with Sheriff Frank H. Stedman as clerical deputy and cashier in the month of December, 1900, and with Sheriff S. P. Cowan when he succeeded Mr. Stedman in 1906. He is a man of fine business qualifications and a most pleasing personality, and in his resignation the county loses one of its ablest servants. Sheriff Cowan expressed great regret over losing Mr. Taylor's services, speaking very highly of his capable work. Mr. Taylor also regretted to leave the service of Sheriff Cowan, whom he holds in the highest esteem, but the offer made him was a flattering one and he felt that he could not decline it. His many friends will rejoice to know that he will still be in the city, however. Mr. Taylor will enter upon his new duties at once.

Sheriff Cowan is fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Cronly, who is perfectly capable of filling the duties of the office. Mr. Cronly has had considerable experience in the service of the county, as tax lister, etc., and the work he takes up will not be altogether new to him.

GOES WITH L. W. MOORE

Mr. J. D. Edwards Accepts Position With Real Estate Agency

It will be a matter of interest to many friends to learn that Mr. J. D. Edwards, for the past two years a traveling salesman for the Acme Fertilizer Company, and prior to that time ticket agent at the union station here for a number of years, has resigned to accept a position as salesman with the growing real estate agency of Mr. L. W. Moore, and that he will take up his new duties tomorrow morning

The steadily increasing business of Mr. Moore's agency demands the addition of another man and Mr. Edwards, with his excellent business experience, his natural business qualifications and his wide circle of friends and acquaintances in the city, will be a valuable asset to the office. The Moore agency, in addition to doing a large business in city property, is handling several new suburban properties, among which is Garden City, now in course of development on the site of the former demonstration farm of the Carolina Trucking Development Company.

Remove Chadbourn Dwelling.

Elsewhere in today's paper the building committee of the new Y. M. C. A. soon to be erected on Market street, of which ex-Mayor Wm. E. Springer is chairman, and Mr. L. W. Moore is secretary, advertises that bids will be received until noon, August 20th, for the removal of the residence now on the property at No. 307 Market, preparatory to the beginning of the erection of the new structure. The advertisement gives particulars and intending purchasers will do well to read it.

TO CELEBRATE LABOR DAY

Labor Unions of This City Will Enjoy Outing at Carolina Beach—Entertainment Features Will be Arranged.

In observance of Labor Day, September 2nd, the various labor unions of Wilmington will enjoy an outing at Carolina Beach, where it is proposed to have a large and fitting celebration, embracing dancing, athletics and aquatic sports, etc., for the enjoyment of the workingmen and their families. The steamer Wilmington, under command of Capt. Jno. W. Harper, will make three trips to the beach, leaving at 9 A. M. and 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.

While the preliminary arrangements are being made by the Wilmington Typographical Union, it having taken the initiative at its meeting last week, still it is purposed to have all the Unions of the city to appoint committees to co-operate with its committee in planning the final details of the celebration. The committee from the Wilmington Typographical Union is as follows: Tom F. MacNalley, chairman; Ernest Upchurch, secretary; C. H. Huband, T. W. Barfield, J. H. Curtis, C. H. West and J. Dana Jones.

Owing to the early hour at which the first boat will leave for the beach, it is not probable that there will be a parade in the city. This matter, however, is being held in abeyance until a general meeting the middle of this week. In all other respects Labor Day will be celebrated with dignity, decorum and enthusiasm.

The proceeds from the celebration will be expended at a smoker to be given the latter part of September, when a Central Trades' Council will be organized. Its aims and objects, briefly stated, are the uplift of every member of the human race, the betterment of local conditions and equitable and reciprocal protection to both employer and employe, and a praiseworthy determination to furnish the most proficient artisans in all lines of trade. This feature, together with a proposed monthly social feature, will ultimately appear as an allegory, presenting organized labor in its real light to a progressive, tolerant and broadminded constituency.

SUNDAY SERVICES

Announcement by Wilmington Pastors for Services Today

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Sunday School 9:45 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent; preaching 11 A. M., led by W. T. Holden, of Wilson. No service at night; prayer meeting Thursday 8 P. M. Visitors and strangers are cordially invited.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets—Services at 11 A. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First mass 7 A. M.; last mass 10:30. No evening service.

St. Thomas' church, near Second street, mass at 9 A. M.; Sunday School at 4 P. M. Instructions and benediction at 8 P. M.

Trinity Methodist church, corner of Market and Ninth streets—Rev. E. C. Sell pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday morning and evening; Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent; Woman's Missionary Society Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock; prayer meeting Wednesday night; B. Y. P. U., Thursday night, and Teachers' Meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services. Rev. C. F. Whitlock was expected to preach at the Brooklyn Baptist church tomorrow, but a card from him states he will be unable to do so.

Grace Street Methodist church—No services Sunday on account of pastor being out of the city. Sunday School changed to 9:45 A. M.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion 7:30 A. M., Morning Prayer and sermon 11 A. M.; Evening Prayer 6 P. M. All are cordially invited.

Grace M. E. Sunday School, corner Fourth and Grace streets, at 9:45 A. M., instead of 4:30 P. M. All are welcome. Come and bring a friend. M. F. Allen, superintendent; K. W. Price, acting superintendent.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Morning Prayer and sermon at 11; Evening Prayer at 6. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Nun and Fifth streets, Rev. G. T. Adams, the pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Subject of sermon at night will be: "Ruth the True-hearted." This is the second of a series of sermons the pastor is preaching on Bible characters. The public cordially invited to all the services of the church.

HOO-DOO DANCES

Series to Be Given Friday's at Carolina Beach This Season

Capt. John W. Harper, has arranged for a series of "Hoo-Doo Dances" at Carolina Beach one each week during the remainder of the season. These dances will begin next Friday, August 16th, and will be continued each Friday for the remainder of the season. There will be not only dancing and music at night but all during the day, the music being by Schelze's orchestra, which has already given great pleasure to many patrons of the resort. There will be three trips of the steamer each day at 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M., and the public is cordially invited. Fare for the round trip is only 25 cents.

Several Fingers Mashed

Friends of Mr. W. H. McEachern will regret to learn that he suffered the misfortune of having several fingers painfully mashed while superintending the grinding of some feed at the store of the Jno. S. McEachern Sons Co., on Market street, yesterday morning. While extremely painful the injury is not thought to be in any way serious, and Mr. McEachern expects to be able to use his hand again in a comparatively short time.

SEVERAL UNUSUAL CASES

Interesting Session of Recorder's Court Yesterday Morning—Negro Sent to Roads for 12 Months. The Mule Case.

Rudolph Saunders, colored, drew the heavy penalty in the Recorder's court yesterday morning, being sentenced to six months on the county roads for an assault with a deadly weapon and another six months for carrying a concealed weapon, the last sentence to begin immediately upon the expiration of the first. Court was held at the City Hall, as the county court room is shut up while being fumigated.

From the evidence it seems that Saunders conceived an idea several days ago that he was a real bad man, and after bolstering up his courage with several drinks of dynamic whiskey—where he obtained it deponent sayeth not—and arming himself with a rusty revolver of awesome proportions, he set forth to do and dare, and establish once and for all his reputation as a "bad nigger."

Spying a dusky flock of his own race at 10th and Chesnut streets, he executed a neat maneuver which brought him within striking distance, and then opened his bombardment, scattering lead, cuss words and terror promiscuously over the landscape. The aforesaid flock of dusky ones did not stand on ceremony, but departed hence in divers manners and with a celerity limited only by the length of their limbs and ther sprinting propensities.

Mr. Geo. W. Branch was in the vicinity and he immediately started toward Saunders, who ran. Mr. Branch overtook him and in the tussel which ensued the gun was discharged, though Mr. Branch did not know whether it was fired accidentally or purposely. However, he took the weapon away from the negro and turned him over to Deputy Sheriff John H. Davis, who came up about that time, having been some distance away when he first heard the shooting. The officer brought him to the city and he was sent over to the Recorder after a hearing before Justice Harriss.

Probable cause was found in the case charging Lisbon Payne, alias Lisbon Noble, colored, with the larceny of a mule, and the negro was sent over to the next term of Superior Court. In default of $500 bond he went to jail.

It is alleged that he stole a mule which was in possession of the city scavenging service Wednesday and sold the animal next day to a negro named Jash Moore, who lives on the Castle Haynes road, about six miles from the city. The mule was recovered Friday and Payne's arrest followed. Incidentally Payne was shot in the heel Wednesday night, by another negro, Chas. Haskins, colored, is under arrest, charged with the shooting.

It developed yesterday that Payne had made away with the money which he received for the mule. He did not deny selling it, but said that a negro man named Teachey had brought it to him, and that he had told him to sell it for him and he would give him $2 Teachey, he said, claimed to be selling it for another negro man.

Payne said he brought the $75 which he received for the mule back to Teachey, and that Teachey then gave him $20 of the money. He bought several articles with part of it, and divided the rest among several of his friends, who purchased pistols with it. One of them was in court charged with carrying a concealed weapon.

In view of the fact that the State introduced a crude bill of sale transferring the mule to Moore from a negro woman named Scott, Payne's story of representing a negro named Teachey had a little too much color, and the court decided not to accept it on its face.

Scott Robinson, colored, was convicted of attempting to regulate his domestic affairs with the use of a revolver, the specific charge being that he assaulted his wife, Charlotte Robinson, with a deadly weapon. He was fined $25 and costs. Florence Lovick was fined $5 and costs for assaulting Rosa Bell with a brick.

Willie Nixon, colored, was found guilty of carrying a concealed weapon and judgment was left open. He was one of the negroes who purchased a revolver with the money which Lisbon Payne received for the mule. Another charge will probably be brought against Nixon.

Herman Drew, a white boy, was charged with riding a bicycle on the sidewalks. The case was left open for judgment.

A nol pros with leave was taken in a case charging James Henderson, colored, with vagrancy. C. McNeil and Ed Campbell, colored, were found guilty on charges of vagrancy and both cases were left open for judgment.

Christian Endeavor Floating Work

The State president of the Christian Endeavor Society, Rev. R. E. Steele, of Lumberton, is in the city on the behalf of the Christian Endeavor Floating work. He will hold a meeting on board the revenue cutter Seminole this morning at 10 o'clock. This will be the first step in the organization of the floating work. Rev. Mr. Steele will lead the Christian Endeavor meeting at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church tonight at 8 o'clock. The subject will be "Beautiful Outdoors." The other societies of the city and the public are invited to attend these meetings.

Will Preach to the Deaf

Rev. O. W. Underhill, representing the Baptist State Convention of North Carolina as missionary to the deaf, will preach to the deaf in this city in the Baraca class room of the First Baptist church this morning at 11 o'clock. His subject will be: "Death and the Soul's Immortality." The hymns will be rendered in signs by the young ladies. The public is invited to attend.

Are Ever at War.

There are two things everlastingly at war, joy and piles. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve will banish piles in any form. It soon subdues the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, scalds, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25 cts. at R. R. Bellamy.

Watch Garden City—the best yet. **

A S
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SAVING is a Puzzle to Many, but can be easily solved by depositing a Dollar as a Starter in this strong old Savings Bank.

"SAFEST FOR SAVINGS."

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY

Capital and Surplus, $330,000.00.

Resources, $2,400,000.00.

FOR twenty-four years this institution has had a steady, conservative, profitable growth, enjoying to the fullest extent the confidence and good will of the community. Its reputation, resources and facilities are at the command of those seeking a safe depository for their savings.

OLDEST LARGEST STRONGEST

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

For Investors

We have 30 large, beautiful lots for sale in absolutely the fastest growing section of Wilmington, 33 by 155 feet in size, with a 20-foot street in the rear. Plenty large for two renting houses. Located between Seventh and Eighth and Moares and Marsteller streets. Paved street right up to the property and shade trees surrounding the block.

We have just acquired possession of this block and are closing out for cash on a mighty small profit. If you desire to "pick up a bargain" look over this.

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

We Sell the Earth. 112 Princess St.

CLEARANCE SALE WEEK---AUGUST 12th TO 17th

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

This sale will be one of those "Once in a Lifetime" Opportunities to really get desirable merchandise at such prices. The merchandise is just what every woman needs now. No room here for long descriptions—the Prices ought to Speak for themselves. Remember, "First Come First Served," so plan to be here early each morning during the sale. TERMS WILL BE CASH.

Women's Suits, Dresses and Skirts, One Half and Less. Don't miss this Sale.

$10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 Foulard Dresses, 20 styles to select from; Sale Price each $7.50

$7.00 Repp Coats, in Natural shade; Clearance Sale Price only..$4.75

$15.00 Cream Serge Suits; Clearance Sale Price; Special $9.75

$8.50 to $15.00 Lingerie Ladies' Dresses, slightly soiled; Clearance Sale Price $2.50

New Fall Suits have arrived and in order to open the season in advance, we will offer them during our Clearance Sale at Reduced Prices.

$7.50 and $8.50 values in Wool Skirts; Special Clearance Sale Price, each $4.75

White Corduroy Skirts, $1.75 to $2.50 values; Clearance Sale Price $1.25

$1.00 and $1.25 White Linen Skirts; Special Clearance Sale Price, only 65c

$2.50 and $3.00 Taffeta and Messaline Silk Petticoats; Clearance Sale only each ..... $1.65 (Limit, one to a Customer.)

$5.00 and $6.00 Messaline and Taffeta Silk Petticoats; Clearance Sale Price, only each $3.50

$18.00, $25.00 and $30.00 Evening Dresses—we offer during our Clearance Sale for One-Third Off these prices.

Ladies' Linen Suits, at One-Half their regular price.

$1.00 Black and White Lawn Dresses and $2.25 and $2.50 Colored Lawn Dresses; Clearance Sale Price, only each 75c

$1.75 and $2.00 Colored Lawn Dresses, late arrivals; Special, only $1.00

$1.25 and $1.50 Lawn Kimonas; to close the lot, we offer them during our Clearance Sale, at 75c

Children's Dresses and Romper Suits at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Linen and Crash Suits, worth $15.00 and $20.00; Clearance Sale Price, at, a suit $4.50

White Goods and Wash Goods are sacrificed in this Clearance Sale.

25c Cotton Foulards, One-Half regular price per yard 12½c

12½c and 15c Colored Lawns; Clearance Sale Price, only, per yard 7c

25c Imported Scotch Zephyr Gingham; Clearance Sale Price, only 19c

12½c Fancy Dress Ginghams; Clearance Sale Price, only, per yd ..8c

25c Colored Flaxon; Clearance Sale Price, only, per yard 18c

45-inch Embroidery Flouncing, $1.00 values; Clearance Sale Price, only 59c

50c Table Linen 42c

65c Table Linen 50c

75c Table Linen 60c

$1.00 Table Linen 85c

$1.25 Table Linen 98c

$1.25 Long Cloth 98c

$1.00 Long Cloth 90c

$1.50 Long Cloth $1.35

$1.75 Long Cloth $1.50

$2.00 Long Cloth $1.75

$1.50 English Nainsook $1.35

$1.75 English Nainsook $1.50

$2.00 English Nainsook $1.75

50c Table Cloths 39c

75c Napkins, 1 dozen 60c

$1.00 Napkins, 1 dozen 85c

$1.25 Napkins, 1 dozen $1.05

LINEN NAPKINS.

$1.50 values $1.35

$2.00 values $1.75

$2.50 values $2.00

$3.00 values $2.50

10 1-4 SHEETS.

75c values 65c

85c values 79c

$1.00 Hemstitched 90c

BED SPREADS.

$1.00 Bed Spreads 90c

$1.25 Bed Spreads 98c

$2.00 Bed Spreads $1.75

$2.50 Bed Spreads $2.25

25c Turkish Towels 19c

35c Turkish Towels 22½c

Dress Goods and Silks are cut remarkably low during this week's sale.

35c values in Tub Silks; Clearance Sale Price, per yard 18c

$1.00 Messaline, in all shades; Special Clearance Sale Price, per yd 79c

65c Fancy Foulard Silks for Dresses; Clearance Sale Price, only, yd 44c

Japanese Striped Silk for Dresses or Skirts, $1.00 value; Sale Price, only 75c

Natural Pongee, 36 inches wide; 75c value; Clearance Sale Price, a yard 45c

36-inch Bordered Foulard Satin, sold for $1.00 and $1.25 per yard; Clearance Sale Price, only, yd 50c

35c Japanese Silk; Clearance Sale Price, only, per yard 25c

The Carpet and Rug Department is now complete. Special prices during our Clearance Sale, to open the season. Don't wait until the last moment.

$25.00 Axminster Rugs, size 9x12, for $17.98

$30.00 Axminster Rugs, size 9x12, for $21.89

$18.00 Axminster Rugs, size 6x9, for $13.75

$4.50 Axminster Rugs, size 3x6, for $3.19

$3.00 Axminster Rugs, size 27x54, for $1.89

$18.00 Brussells Rugs, size 9x12, for $14.75

$15.00 Brussells Rugs, size 9x12, for $11.75

$10.00 Brussells Rugs, size 6x9, for $6.39

$10.00 Crex Rugs, size 9x12, for $7.25

$8.00 Crex Rugs, size 8x10, for $5.89

$5.00 Crex Rugs, sizes 6x9, for $3.75

$1.50 Crex Rugs, size 36x72 for $1.15

$6.00 Matting Rugs, size 9x12, $3.75

75c Matting Rugs, size 36x72, for 39c

$1.50 Axminster Carpet, for .. $1.15

$1.25 Velvet Carpet, for $1.05

$1.00 Brussels Carpet, for 89c

90c Brussells Carpet, for 79c

We have the above Carpets in Room, Hall and Stair Patterns, and the above prices include making, laying and lining. Buy now and have them laid when you want them.

35c Jap. and China Matting, for 25c

25c Jap. and China Matting, for 19c

$2.50 and $3.00 Lace Curtains, for, a pair $1.98

$2.00 Bobbinet Lace Curtains, for, a pair $1.39

$1.50 Swiss Curtains, for a pair 98c

85c Swiss Curtains, for a pair 59c

$1.25 and $1.50 Linoleum, 2 yards wide, for $1.00

One Week Clearance Sale, Aug. 12th to 17th, Attractive Bargains Throughout the Entire Store. Read Each Item Carefully.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE "The Store That's Always Busy."

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. Herbert F. Wilder has gone to Birmingham to visit relatives and friends.

* * *

Mrs. C. H. Fore and daughter, Gladys, are spending the month of August at Waynesville.

* * *

Miss Myrtle Woodham, of Florence, S. C., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Avent, 109 1-2 Chesnut street.

* * *

Mrs. E. J. Grimsley and children have gone to Hallsboro to visit Mrs. J. E. Thompson for a few days.

* * *

Miss Ola Mallory left last evening for Washington and Atlantic City, where she will spend her vacation.

* * *

Miss Lucile McKeithan, of Southport, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Morse, on North Fourth street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ruark returned yesterday from a stay of 10 days at Hendersonville and other points in Western North Carolina.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. McRacken, of Whiteville, N. C., are in the city, the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Hood Sellars, at No. 519 South Front street.

* * *

Miss Willie Bowden, of Wade, will return home this morning after spending sometime with her aunt, Mrs. E. S. Bannerman, at 109 Walnut street.

* * *

Mrs. J. Loftin Kerr has returned to her home at Clinton, N. C., after a pleasant visit of several weeks to Mrs. M. H. Shepherd, No. 11 South Eighth street.

* * *

Friday's Winston-Salem Journal: "Miss Eugenia Franklin left yesterday for Wilmington, where she will be the guest of Miss Jeannette Pearce for several days."

* * *

Mrs. H. L. Thompson and daughter, Miss Nina Thompson, and granddaughter, Nina Belle Hinson, of Camden, S. C., are visiting Mrs. Trabue Barksdale, at Villa View.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carter, formerly of Lynchburg, Va., have become residents of Wilmington. Mr. Carter is foreman of the Wilmington Stamp & Printing Co., and is regarded as one of the most proficient craftsmen in this section.

* * *

After an absence of several years in Florida, Mrs. Evander Gregg and little daughter, Miss Valeria, and her mother, Mrs. Meginney, have returned to the city and resumed their residence at the old family home on Fourth and Princess streets. They have numerous friends who heartily welcome them home.

* * *

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Miss Maggie Haughton, of Wilmington, who has been spending several months here visiting at the home of her brother, Capt. Thomas H. Haughton, at his home on East Eleventh street, will leave today accompanied by Master Alex Haughton for Spartanburg to visit relatives."

* * *

Members of Highland Lake Club in this city, will be interested to hear of the keen interest being taken in this first tennis tournament, held at Highland Lake August 12th to 17th. The entries are growing each day. Handsome trophies have been offered by the club for the tournament and during the week the club will be the scene of a large mid-Summer cotillon, which is the most important social event of the season. Tennis teas held under the beautiful spreading trees of Highland Lake, Flat Rock, N. C., will add to the pleasure of the tennis experts and their enthusiastic onlookers.

* * *

The golf tournament, which takes place at the Highland Lake Club, August 19th to 24th, is exciting greatest interest in the large number of golfers at Higland Lake. The beautiful links are fairly swarmed with players each day getting in good shape for the coming tournament. Handsome trophies have been offered by the club for this tournament. The Mystic Highlanders Masquerade ball, a brilliant event to be given by a secret organization at Highland Lake, will take place during the week of this golf tournament. Golf teas, given under the beautiful trees of hemlock and white pine, will give refreshment to the players of the tournament and add to the pleasure of the onlookers.

* * *

YOUNG LADY FROM RALEIGH

In honor of her sister, Miss Bessie Roberts, of Raleigh, who is visiting him, Mr. Eugene Roberts entertained a number of young people on a hay ride Friday evening. The party left Fourth and Castle streets at 8 o'clock and went to Wrightsville sound, where they boarded a suburban car for the beach. After spending a short time at Lumina the party returned to the sound, where a lunch was enjoyed, returning to the city about midnight. Those in the party were: Misses Bessie Roberts, Ruth Parker, Katie Davis, Gladys Parker, Ada Bordeaux, Messrs. Herbert Huhn, Walter Collins, Lewis Davis, Kelly Jewell, Ernest Yopp, Eugene Roberts, Mr. Jones. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Cromwell, Mrs. Lizzie Bowden.

* * *

HOUSE PARTY ENTERTAINED AT LAKE WACCAMAW, N. C.

Lake Waccamaw, N. C., Aug. 10.—For the past week Mr. W. T. Aycock has been entertaining a delightful house party at the attractive new club house on Lake Waccamaw. The guests were Misses Ethel Skinner and Janie Bryan, Greenville; Grethan Taylor and Marianna Justice, Greensboro; Kate Styron, Newbern; Maud Bunn, Rocky Mount; Lucy Robinson, Washington, D. C.; Lizzie Roddick, Winston; Flora and Ivar Aycock, Fremont; Mrs. C. H. Morrow, Hamlet; Jule Springs, Lake Waccamaw; F. L. Ford, Belton; Thompson, Walter and Farrior Powell, Frank Williams and Dr. Whitaker, Whiteville; Clyde and John Council, Wananish; Rex Allen, Bolton, and E. S. Wright and R. W. Yuelle, Boardman; Dr. A. B. Holmes, Councils, and W. T. Aycock, Whiteville. The guest were chaperoned by Mrs. J. L. Bryan, Wilson, N. C. The week, beginning August 6th, has been a round of gaities and pleasures. Among the amusements participated in are boating, bathing, motoring, dancing, etc. One of the principal pleasures of the week was the leap year dance. The ballroom was beautifully decorated in ferns, cut flowers and Japanese lanterns. Monday evening a dance was given by Mr. Aycock, the Hollowbush orchestra from Wilmington, furnishing the music. Lovely souvenirs, amethyst heart necklaces, were presented to the guests. Tuesday the guests will leave with lasting memories of a week of jolly good times.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Dr. J. W. Powell left last night for Washington, D. C., where he will spend several days on business.

—Mr. T. L. Cromartie, formerly of this city, but now of Chicago, is spending a few days here with relatives and friends.

—A. C. Chalmers, Esq., of the legal department of the Atlantic Coast Line, left yesterday to spend some time in Virginia.

—The Star yesterday had a pleasant call from Mr. Tom M. Morgan, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, Florence, S. C. Mr. Morgan is an experienced newspaper man and is a booster not only for his own city, but for the entire South. He sees its great possibilities and is highly pleased wth its outlook for the future.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were R. H. Shaw, Jr., High Point, Miss Fannie Russell, Charlotte; E. P. Pullen, Raleigh; J. W. Keel, Rocky Mount; P. H. Johnson, Monroe; Misses Maggie and Katie Hawes, Atkinson; C. W. Martin, M. Q. Bullock, Chadbourn; Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Thompson, Southport; D. K. Futch, Monroe.

—Arrivals at the Southern Hotel yesterday included R. Ezell, Burgaw; Miss Florence Thigpen, Burgaw; L. E. McCall, E. C. McCall, Mrs. Wells, Laurinburg; H. L. Smith, Lake Waccamaw; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Stockton, Clinton; Mrs. R. E. Mercer, Bolivia; M. King, Asheboro; C. J. Bryant, Richlands; R. Hinson, Charlotte; W. T. Bryant, Rocky Mount.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The German steamer Kolga, Capt. Shields, arrived yesterday from Hamburg with cargo of kainit for the Acme Manufacturing Co.; vessel to Helde & Co.

—The regular monthly meeting of the County Board of Education will be held at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the office of the superintendent, Prof. Washington Catlett.

—Bessie Sanders, colored, of 714 South Front street, wishes the announcement made that she is not the one guilty in a case recently reported in the papers from the Recorder's court.

—David Duben, white, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Hall Officer Joe Lane on a charge of violating the ordinance relative to junk shops. He gave $50 cash bond for his appearance Monday morning.

—Special attention is called to the fact that Grace M. E. Sunday School will meet at 9:45 A. M., instead of 4:30 P. M. All are welcome. Mr. M. F. Allen is superintendent and Mr. K. W. Price, acting superintendent.

—Mr. I. Shrier has sold to Mr. Joe Schad the handsome building lot at the northeast corner of 15th and Market streets. Mr. Shrier purchased the lot only a short time ago. He disposed of it at a substantial profit.

—There will be no preaching service at Grace Methodist church today, the pastor, Rev. J. C. Wooten, being away on his annual vacation, which he is spending at Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

—The Church of the Good Shepherd Sunday School Orchestra will run a searchlight excursion Thursday night of the coming week. The steamer Wilmington leaves her wharf at 8 o'clock. There will be music by an orchestra of nine pieces. The fare for the round trip is only 25 cents.

—Friends learned with regrt that Mr. J. W. Taylor, Jr., of 722 South Fourth street, was removed to the James Walker Memorial Hospital last night for an operation for appendicitis. They will hope that the operation will be entirely successful, and will be the means of completely restoring him to health.

—The annual report of the health department has been printed in book form and several copies were received at the health office yesterday from the printers. Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, the superintendent, will mail copies of the report to the various municipalities and health boards of the country and a few will be distributed locally. The report is very complete, showing in detail the work of the department for the first year of the Commission Form of Government.

FUNERAL OF MR. SCHUTTERS

Held Yesterday Morning From Residence of Mr. W. P. Woodcock.

The funeral of Mr. F. H. Schutters, whose death occurred in the county jail Friday morning, was held yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence of Mr. W. P. Woodcock, a relative of the deceased, at No. 1108 North Fourth street. A large number of sorrowing friends were in attendance. Rev. Harold E. Beatty, pastor of St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, conducted the services.

Several selections were rendered by a choir and after the services at the house had been concluded the remains were borne to Bellevue cemetery, where the interment was made. The pall-bearers were Messrs. G. F. Seitter, J. Sternberger, M. L. Starkey, J. B. Rankin, Ike Burruss and Mr. Oterson.

Mr. John P. White Here.

Mr. John P. White, of Shallotte, inventor of the new "Coffee Can and Cooker," is in the city, organizing a company for the manufacture of this unique and useful invention. He is meeting with much success and encouragement, having added a goodly number of subscribers to the stock list in the last few days. Among the local subscribers are Messrs. J. W. Brooks, Jas. F. Woolvin and J. W. Murchison. Mr. John P. Council, of Wananish, and many other prominent business men of the surrounding section, have subscribed. Mr. White hopes to have the subscription list complete early this week, and proposes to organize at once. It is his purpose to install the plant in this city.

Talk to L. W. Moore about Garden City—The best yet! **

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Mrs. Geo. A. Carr, of Durham, is a guest at Mrs. Annie J. Northrop's cottage, and will later be joined by her husband.

After spending several weeks very pleasantly at the Seashore Hotel, Miss Kate Hardie left Friday for her home in Greensboro.

Rocky Mount Telegram: "Miss Jennie Cox, of Washington, N. C., spent a few hours with friends in the city yesterday en rotute to Wrightsville Beach."

Mrs. Harry Stearns and sister, Miss Ruth Wing, left yesterday afternoon for their home in Atlanta, after spending several weeks very pleasantly at the Oceanic Hotel.

Mr. D. Montrose Bain and family, of Wilmington, are spending some time on Wrightsville. Mr. Bain is a member of The Star business staff and is on his annual vacation.

Mrs. J. M. Adams, of Pachuta, Miss., is expected to arrive at the beach with a party August 18th for a stay of several weeks. There will be a number of persons in the party.

Mayor Thos. H. Wright, of Wrightsville Beach, left yesterday afternoon for Atlanta to accompany his nieces, Misses Sue and Carolyn Northrop, who will visit Miss Erskine Jarnigan for some time.

Mr. N. E. Murphy, of Atlanta, and party went outside from the Oceanic Hotel yesterday morning in the sharpie Edwin, Capt. Salter, and caught 275 trout and 100 pig and blue fish in less than three hours.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Hanover Inn were: Frederick Moore, Columbia, S. C.; Mrs. G. Hunter and two children, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Martin, Washington, D. C.; H. C. Lovenhart, Atlanta.

Misses Mary and Alma Dorsett, of Siler City, and Miss Etna Cheek, of Ore Hill, compose a party of attractive young ladies who are spending some days at the Seashore Hotel. They have visited the resort before and have many friends on the beach and in Wilmington.

Mr. Sam J. Marley, of Siler City, and Mr. Jas. M. Ersking, of Atlanta, were among the arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday for a brief stay. Mr. Marley is a well known business man of Siler City and Mr. Ersking is a traveling man well known and popular throughout that section.

Capt. L. V. Hatcher, of Augusta, Ga., arrived yesterday at the Hanover inn for a stay of some days. Capt. Hatcher has been a conductor on the Georgia Central Railroad, running between Augusta and Atlanta, for the past 28 years. He is an old-time friend of Mr. Warren H. Williams, manager of the Hanover Inn.

Among those who arrived yesterday afternoon at the Seashore Hotel were: T. H. Foss, Charleston, S. C.; P. R. Stringfield, Greenville, N. C.; R. E. Little, Baltimore; R. K. Webb, Charlotte; W. B. Gadsden, Savannah; Mrs. J. E. Ellerbe, Miss Eva Ellerbe, Mrs. W. A. Godbold, Ellerbe Godbold, Miss Kate S. Montgomery, Marion, S. C.; J. H. Manning, Latta, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Burnett and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Pool, of Birmingham, Ala., who arrived Friday at Wrightsville Beach, made the trip from their home to Wrightsville Sound in a large "Thomas Flyer," 60-horse power touring car. They took the journey by easy stages and had a most delightful trip. Nothing occurred to mar the pleasure of the journey, not even a punctured tire.

The following is the programme announced for the usual Sunday concert at the Oceanic Hotel, beginning at noon:

Medley, "I'm Going Back to Dixie"..... Berlin and Snyder
Eute Acte, "At a Garden Matinee"..... Rudolph Frind
Selection from "The Red Rose"..... Bowers
Concert Waltz, "Sweet Illusions"..... Allen
Song, "The Lost Chord" ....Sullivan
March, "In the Coming Tower..... Al Pons

The programme for the concert which will be given at the Seashore Hotel today, from noon until 2:30 P. M., is as follows:

Andante, "Religioso" ..... Thome
Selection from "Opera Lohengrin"..... Sinding
(a) Caprice La Lisonjera..Chaminade
(b) Barcarole ..... Rivela
Hungarian Dance No. 5 .....Bahms

Intermission

Overture, "Morning, Noon and Night"..... Suppe
Serenade in C Minor; Ameer (by the Sea) ..... Schubert
Trentini in Naughty Marietta, "I'm Falling in Love Naughty Marietta"..... Herbert
Intermezzo, "Kisses" ..... Hubbell

There will be another fine concert at Lumina tonight with a special orchestra of 18 pieces. Professor Knelsel has prepared an unusually fine programme for this concert, consisting entirely of well-known selections from the best operas. The "Tannhauser" march, "Tales from Hoffman" selections, "Lucia," melodies from "Pinafore," are the principal numbers on the programme. A special feature will be a 'cello solo by Mr. Freed. At the afternoon concert the orchestra will play a collection of Southern darkey melodies under the name of "A Day in the Cotton Field." "In the Shadows," and the "Lutspiel" overture, are other important numbers on the afternoon programme. Mrs. Frank Pearson will sing at both afternoon and night concerts.

Mrs. Frank Pearson will be heard again at Lumina today, singing at both the afternoon and night concerts, and there is no doubt that the usual large audiences will gather there to hear her. Her skilled use of a magnificent soprano voice, her gracious manners and fine presence, as well as her wide reputation as a singer, have made Mrs. Pearson's engagement at Lumina this season a feature of the concerts that have attracted a great deal of attention, and has been the means of drawing record-breaking audiences to the pavilion. At the night concert Mrs. Pearson will sing, "Oh, Promise Me," from the popular opera "Robin Hood," produced by the well-known musical organization, "Bostonians," which toured the South sometime ago, and of which Mrs. Pearson was a member.

Arrivals yesterday at the Seashore Hotel included the following: B. L. McEachern, Philadelphia; J. S. Spong, Charlotte; H. G. Williams, Denver, Colo.; Selden Jones, Tampa, Fla.; W. P. Auld, Baltimore; O. T. Manasset, Atlanta; Paul Renter, New York City; W. W. Hagood, W. W. Hagood, Jr., Charlotte; Henry Mullins, Marion, S. C.; C. B. Barnett, Charlotte; C. Johnson, Memphis, Tenn.; Mrs. B. F. Broda, Birmingham; W. Walker Jones, Raleigh; Mrs. T. Frank Holt, Mebane; J. C. Currin and A. L. McEachern, Maxton; W. J. Beattie, Jr., Hope Mills; M. McD. Williams, Jr., C. D. Lee, Faison; W. F. Hill and W. H. Farrington, Durham; Mrs. M. B. Shelton, Reidsville; Mrs. W. L. Grantham, Mrs. W. A. McPhaul, Lumberton; D. M. Prince and family, Miss Mary Marlet, Miss M. Compton, Misses Bertha and Mable Mills, Laurinburg; J. L. Watson and family, Bennettsville, S. C.

The second open race of Carolina Yacht Club for the present season, was sailed over the regular course yesterday afternoon in a strong southeast wind, Capt. J. VanB. Metts, in the Puzzle, winning in 1:36:45. The race was an exciting one and was witnessed by a large body of interested spectators. The following yachts were entered. No. 66, Capt. J. S. Brown; No. 69, Capt. T. A. Lord; No. 58, Capt. J. VanB. Metts; No. 59, Capt. O. A. Wiggins; No. 77, Capt. W. M. Peck. The Dixie had an accident immediately after crossing the line and witdrew, and No. 66, Capt. J. S. Brown, fouled the Puzzle at the hotel buoy and withdrew. The yachts finished as follows: Puzzle, Capt. J. VanB. Metts, first, time 1:36:45; Don Julian, Capt. O. A. Wiggins, second; No. 69, Capt. T. A.. Lord, third. Messrs. Jas. K. Williams and Jas. T. Munds acted as judges.

The following is from the Tuscaloosa, Ala., paper of the past week: "Walter Blake Barnes, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Barnes and a member of the Boy Scouts, will leave Friday morning for a bicycle trip to Wrightsville Beach, N. C. Blake expects to spend two weeks making the trip. He will go without provisions or equipment beyond his Laclede bicycle, trusting to the resources of the moment to see him safely through to the end of his journey. He is not making the trip for any wager or prize, but is merely taking a pleasure trip to join his mother at Wrightsville Beach in a short vacation. He will leave the Y. M. C. A. Friday morning at 6 o'clock. He has his itinerary already doped out, with stop-over privileges at Birmingham, Anniston, Rome, Atlanta, Columbia, S. C., Wilmington, and perhaps other points. He will go unaccompanied, and return the same way, he hopes." The young man will be a guest at the Oceanic Hotel during his stay at the resort.

Yesterday's arrivals at the Oceanic were Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Snead, Grantville, Ga.; H. B. Paul, Atlanta; W. H. Murphy and M. F. Self, Roanoke; C. B. Wilson, Richmond; Mr. and Mrs. Garab Caldwell, Monroe; P. F. Gilder, Miss Minda McManaway, P. F. McGee, Mr. and Mrs. K. R. Delter, Charlotte; J. D. Burrus, Atlanta; G. B. Sulton, Faison; R. S. Biswinger, Richmond; Mrs. S. T. Capeheart, Miss Janie Phifer, Miss Olive Boyette, Miss Maud Boyette, Miss May Hudson, Miss Mabel Smith, Miss Mary M. Heater, Miss Maggie J. Houston, Miss Elizabeth Houston, Dr. W. B. Houston, Bartow Houston, Monroe; Miss Willie Pemberton, Albemarle; Miss Nera DeBerry, Wadesboro; P. Redfern, Monroe; Mrs. A. J. Thomas and child, Southern Pines; B. F. Massey, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. N. T. Brown and nurse, Raleigh; S. D. Squires, Atlanta; S. A. Bramburg, Richmond; H. R. Weill, Rockingham; F. M. Salley, Atlanta; R. C. Bank, Kinston, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Raley, Cheraw; H. G. Williams, Atlanta; D. T. Cronly, Columbia; T. C. Evans, Lumberton; J. O. Jones, Winston-Salem.

TO IMPROVE CONDITIONS.

Getting Convict Camp in Readiness for Return of Prisoners.

With the idea in view of remedying the conditions at the Federal Point road convict camp, complaint of which was made by the grand jury and from which Judge Frank Carter, presiding in Superior Court, ordered the removal of the prisoners until they can be kept there more humanely, the County Commissioners are making preparations to have the cage removed to a point farther down the road, on the old Horne homestead, and to have the cage put in better condition for the confinement of the prisoners. It is hoped to complete the arrangements this week and to have the prisoners back at work on the Federal Point road.

The cage was built for 24 men and had bunks provided for that many. However, during the day when the men were confined in the cage, the bunks were in the way. They were removed and mattresses were placed on the floor of the cage, on which the prisoners slept.

It is planned to have 18 of the bunks replaced in the cage, and only this number of prisoners will be kept therein. A shed under which meals can be served will be erected near the cage, and the Commissioners have ordered that they be fed outside of the cage hereafter. The board has also ordered that each Saturday night the prisoners be transferred to the main camp at East Wilmington, and not be kept confined all day Sunday in the narrow cage.

As soon as the preparations are completed the committee appointed by Judge Carter to represent him, and to whom he gave authority to say when the camp is in suitable condition for the prisoners to be sent back, will be notified. If the committee finds the camp in proper condition the prisoners will then be transferred from the East Wilmington camp and the road work will be resumed.

A woman and her opinion are soon parted.

Talk to L. W. Moore about Garden City—The best yet! **

Fire Works

Tomorrow Night AT THE BEACH

In Front of Lumina---9 P. M.

This display consists of over 150 different pieces, including

Fancy Rockets	Mine Batteries
Colored Rockets	Saucission Batteries
Golden Spreader Rockets	Jack in the Box
Willow Tree Rockets	Devil Among the Tailors
Parachute Rockets	Colored Shells
Chain Light Rockets	Meteor Shells
Pink Shower Batteries	Electric Shells
Electric Batteries	Japanese Willow Shells
Colored Mines	Exhibition Shells
Serpent Mines	Colored Aerolites
Meteor Mines	Electric Aerolites
Electric Mines	Willow Aerolites
Golden Spray Mines	Silver Tourbillions
Saucission Mines	Colored Tourbillions
Colored Mines	Colored Fountains
Serpent Mines	Red Owl Lights
Repeating Mines	Green Owl Lights
Phoenix Batteries	Bay State Lights

Rocket Flight

OVER 150 DIFFERENT PIECES

..Theatrical..

The new week at the Grand Theatre, which is now a five cent house in every particular except the strength of the bills offered daily, will open tomorrow with three of the best films produced in a fortnight. Always delightfully cool and pleasant with music by the Grand's own orchestra and the general attractiveness of the place, the theatre should be the mecca for hundreds and hundreds of people this week.

Possibly the most interesting picture for tomorrow will be "The Bugler of Battery B," a thrilling drama of the Civil War by the Kalem people. It is the story of two dashing young Confederate soldiers, two girls and the repulse of a troop of Federal scouts, depicting a visit to the headquarters of an old Southern mansion by Gen. Stonewall Jackson.

On the same reel there will be a comedy film of the excruciatingly funny order. It is entitled "Hungry Han's Hallicunation." Hungry Han falls asleep on a park bench and has a dream that is amusingly told in the pictures that follow. The second film is the story of a college for young women and it is by the Lubin people, entitled, "The Prize Essay." Margaret Blake, a bright country girl who is anxious for a higher education in the heroine and a warm contest for a prize is vividly portrayed.

In addition to these there will be still a third picture, really making four in all on three reels.

At The Bijou

Prepare for the biggest kind of laughs tomorrow, when the Bijou, that delightful spot known for its solid comfort ways, as well as its big shows, will offer one of the greatest laugh bills ever served up in steaming fashion to the folks of Wilmington. It will be a genuine chuckler and folks desiring the best of all tonics—laughter—cannot afford to miss tomorrow's superb bill. But don't get it into your cranium there will be nothing strong in the dramatic line, because there will be. One of the greatest dramatic stars ever offered will be seen in "The Fatherhood of Buck McGee." It is a film that deals with the rugged West, but not with the Indians, nor with desperadoes. It tells a simple, but powerful tale of a little child left without parents and adopted by a rough, though fine specimen of manhood. It is a tender tale of wholesomeness.

But the fun pictures are going to sparkle in brilliant fashion to morrow. The chief clown of the mirth-making bunch will be "A Prize Package." It tells how Spoony Sam, on Si Hawkins' farm, proposes by mail to a young woman and an old maid is passed off on him. Sam's surprise and predicament in trying to escape are wondurful for fun. However, Sam triumphs in the end and wins his lady love in glorious fashion. It is one of those fresh, sparkling country films.

"The Bugler of Battery B."

Thrilling drama of the Civil Was. At the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

Talk to Moore about Garden City—the best yet. **

Dear Amy:—

Lots of people who are prepared to receive you in their parlors would be ashamed to have you see their kitchens. I believe that the kitchen should be the tidiest room in the whole house and fit for company to enter.

Food tastes so much better when prepared in a nice, clean kitchen. My kitchen is a joy to me.

Always your friend, LOU.

P. S.—Laura got her a beauty of a kitchen cabinet yesterday, from

A. D. RICH COMPANY

110—112 NO. FRONT ST. PHONES: 172—1971

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

PURCELL BUILDING.

Now receiving Fall Stock via A. C. L. this week.

One car load of Cooking Stoves.

One car load Wire Nails and Wire Fencing.

Next week will bring another car load of Bucks' Steel Ranges, Cooking Stoves and a Full Line of Bucks' Heating Stoves of all kinds.

They are well prepared to take care of all the business that can be offered them; got the goods; also the prices; what more can be asked?

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET UNSETTLED

An Early Rally Was Followed by Renewed Weakness and Close Was Barely Steady at Net Decline of 7 to 11 Points.

New York, Aug. 10.—The cotton market was extremely nervous and irregular today, with an early rally followed by renewed weakness, and with the close barely steady at a net decline of 7 to 11 points.

The market opened steady at a decline of 1 to 6 points, which was only a partial response to weak Liverpool cables, and during the early trading sold a point or two above the closing figures of last night, on covering of shorts over the week-end and buying for a reaction, encouraged by further scattering reports of too much rain in eastern and central sections of the belt. The Eastern belt forecast for local showers today and tomorrow appeared to encourage the demand, but the appearance of selling orders in the hands of leading spot brokers checked the rally, and the market later turned easier again under a continuation of this selling and liquidation by early buyers. Closing prices were at the lowest point of the day. There was a tendency to disregard the break in Liverpool on the ground that it had been caused by unfounded rumors of financial troubles in the South, and the cables were hardly a factor here at any time during the day. Wall Street and local traders were credited with being the chief buyers on the early rally, while several prominent spot houses were supposed to be selling and the offerings from this source were credited by local gossip with being chiefly responsible for the set-back in the later trading. Business was much less active than yesterday.

Receipts at all the ports today 1,000 bales against 945 last week and 5,299 last year; for the week 15,000 against 9,580 last week and 38,669 last year. Today's receipts at Galveston 1,076 bales against 4,818 last year; at New Orleans 54 against 366 last year, and at Houston 2,080 against 5,283 last year.

Spot, closed quiet. Middling uplands, 12.30; middling gulf, 12.55. No sales.

Futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	11.80	11.90	11.81	11.82
Feb		11.93	11.92	11.88
Mar	11.95	12.02	11.92	11.93
May	12.04	12.05	12.01	12.02
Aug	11.65	11.67	11.62	11.62
Sept		11.70	11.70	11.68
Oct	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.81
Nov				11.84
Dec	11.80	11.97	11.87	11.88

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12⅞; net receipts, 1,976; gross receipts, 1,976; sales, 300; stock, 32,124; coastwise, 330.

New Orleans—Quiet and steady, 12⅜; net receipts, 54; gross receipts, 54; sales, 101; stock, 25,701; coastwise, 250; Mexico, 48.

Mobile—Net receipts, 10; gross receipts, 10; stock, 2,080.

Savannah—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 64; gross receipts, 64; stock, 16,859; coastwise, 236.

Charleston—Nominal; stock, 3,960.

Wilmington—Stock, 259.

Norfolk — Quiet, 13; net receipts, 79; gross receipts, 79; sales, 154; stock, 13,890; continent, 125; coastwise, 830.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12¾; stock, 3,340.

New York—Quiet, 12.30; gross receipts, 731; stock, 117,819; continent, 422; coastwise, 115.

Boston—Quiet, 12.30; net receipts, 39; gross receipts, 926; stock, 4,751.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.55; stock, 708.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 1,322; continent, 547; Mexico, 48; stock, 212,500.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 1,322; continent, 547; Mexico, 48.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 11,861,127; Great Britain, 4,149,476; France, 1,162,779; continent, 4,456,856; Japan, 512,196; Mexico, 9,009.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12⅝; net receipts, 2,080; gross receipts, 2,080; shipments, 1,297; sales, 3,272; stock, 19,288.

Augusta—Quiet, 12¾; net receipts, 95; gross receipts, 95; shipments, 256; sales, 25; stock, 10,309.

Memphis—Nominal, 12¾; net receipts, 47; gross receipts, 47; shipments, 315; sales, 100; stock, 8,363.

St. Louis—Dull, 12⅞; gross receipts, 100; shipments, 100; stock, 4,711.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 23; gross receipts, 23; shipments, 58; sales, 300; stock, 22,002.

Little Rock—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 24; gross receipts, 24; shipments, 6; stock, 3,544.

Total today—Net receipts, 2,269; gross receipts, 2,369; shipments, 2,032; sales, 3,697; stock, 77,217.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Aug. 10.—Flour, quiet and without quotable change. Spring patents, 5.10@5.45; Winter straights, 4.50@4.60; Winter patents, 4.80@5.25.

Rye Flour—Quiet, 4.25@4.60.

Corn Meal—Steady, at 1.60@1.70.

Rye—Quiet.

Barley—Steady.

Wheat—Spot, easy. New, red, 1.06½ c.i.f. track, and 1.08 for No. 2 red, f.o.b. afloat to arrive; new No. 1, Northern Duluth, 1.02¾, f.o.b. afloat. Futures, ½ to ⅝c. net lower. September, 1.00 7-16; December, 1.00 1-16.

Corn—Spot, easy; export, 82¼ f.o.b. afloat.

Oats—Spot, firm; new, standard, white 60½; new No. 2, 60½.

Pork—Quiet.

Beef—Firm.

Cut Meats—Firm.

Lard—Firm.

Tallow—Steady.

Petroleum—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Dull.

Raw Sugar—Nominal.

Potatoes—Steady; Southern, sweets, barrel, 2.00@3.25.

Cabbages—Dull, unchanged.

Freights—Unchanged.

Peanuts—Unchanged.

Coffee—Rio, No. 7, 14⅜. Futures, steady; September, 12.64; March, 12.84.

Butter—Steady and unchanged.

Cheese—Firm and unchanged.

Eggs—Firm.

Cotton Seed Oil—Quiet, with near deliveries a shade easier, while late months ruled firm on covering of shorts and local professional support. Closing prices were one lower to two points higher. August, 6.35@6.37; September, 6.37@6.39; October, 6.44@6.46; November, 6.26@6.27; December, 6.17@6.18. Prime crude, nominal, do. Summer yellow, 6.25@6.62; do. Winter, yellow, 6.55 bid; do. Summer white, 6.75 bid.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET

New York, August 10.—Money on call nominal. Time loans steady; sixty days 3 1-2 per cent; ninety days 4 per cent; six months 4 3-4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5 1-4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady 4.8450 for sixty day bills 4.8730 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 3-4.

Wait for Garden City lots—the best yet! **

WHEAT MARKET SOME LOWER

Predictions That Next Month's Report Would Show Increase Has A Depressing Influence—Other Grain Prices

Chicago, August 10.—Predictions that next month's official figures on the yield of Spring wheat would run fully two bushels an acre above the present Washington estimate had a depressing influence on wheat today.

The market, although steady at the close, was down 3-8 to 1-2 to 7-8 cents net. Latest trading left corn 1-4c. off to 3-8 up; oats 1-8 to 1-4 lower to 1-4 advance and provisions varying from 2 1-2 decline to a rise of 7 1-2.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.02@1.05; No. 3, red, 97@1.02½; No. 3, hard, 93@94½.

Corn—No. 2, white, 76½@77; No. 2, yellow, 76½@77; No. 3, white, 76@76½.

Oats—No. 2, white, new, 33@33½; No. 3, white, new, 32@32½.

Closing futures:

Wheat—Sept., 92¼@92⅝; Dec., 92@92⅛; May, 95⅝.

Corn—Sept., 68⅝; Dec., 54⅝; May, 54½@54⅝.

Oats—Sept., 31⅝@31¾; Dec., 32⅝; May, 34⅜@34½.

Pork—Sept., 17.82½; Oct., 17.92½; Jan., 18.45.

Lard—Sept., 10.06; Oct., 10.75; Dec., 10.47½; Jan., 10.47½.

Ribs — Sept., 10.65; Oct., 10.65; Jan., 9.77½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Kolga (Ger.), 1,323 tons, Shields, Hamburg, Heide & Co.

Str. Navahoe, 1,278 tons, Packer, Georgetown, H. G. Smallbones.

Cleared.

Str. Navahoe, 1,278 tons, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Kolga (Ger.), 1,323 tons, Shields, Heide & Co.

Str. Gamma (Ger.), 1,433 tons, Hotoff, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. John H. May, 319 tons, Stille, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Edward R. Baird, Jr., 238 tons, Colbourn, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Benjamin F. Poole, 1,099 tons, Williams, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Colbourn, Mafflitt & Wood.

Stephen G. Loud, 400 tons, Graham, Mafflitt & Wood; in distress.

Greenleaf Johnson, 322 tons, Longstreet, Mafflitt & Wood.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 10.

Atlantic Coast Line — 53 casks spirits turpentine; 263 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

Schr. Addie May—17 casks spirits turpentine; 76 barrels rosin.

Schr. Geo. Slover—20 casks spirits turpentine; 97 barrels rosin.

Total—90 casks spirits turpentine; 436 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

WILMINGTON MARKETS

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady at 39¼.

ROSIN—Firm, $6.20 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.10 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $5.25 per barrel for hard; $4.75 for dip; $4.75 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 49¼; rosin, $5.10; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine, $2.90 for hard, $4.40 for dip, $4.40 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	90
Rosin	436
Tar	4
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts same day last year, 35 casks spirits turpentine; 184 barrels rosin; 15 barrels tar; 80 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year—Nothing doing.

Receipts—None; same day last year, none.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 10.)

CORN—Firm; $1.05 per bu.

PEAS—White, no sales. Mixed, $1.60.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 95c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, good demand, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—Small, 10@11c.

WOOL—Burry, 11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 9c. per lb.; dry, 13 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 17 to 18c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; 4½ to 5c. per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, very dull; grown, 35 to 40c. per head; chickens, Spring, 12½c to 30c. per head.

SHEEP—Old, $1.00@$2.50; lambs, $1.00@$3.00.

EGGS—Good demand, 20c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Aug. 10.

Market—Nothing doing.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 70@75c.; machine-picked, 65@70c.

Spanish—Prime hand picked, $1.00; machine picked, 95c.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 88c.; machine picked, 80c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Liverpool, August 10.—Spot dull; prices 8 points lower; American middling fair 7.66; good middling 7.26; middling 6.80; low middling 6.64; good ordinary 6.16; ordinary 5.60. Sales 4,000 bales, including 3,600 American. Receipts 4,000 bales, including 500 American.

Futures opened barely steady and closed irregular. August 6.66 1-2; August and Sept. 6.57 1-2; Sept. and Oct. 6.46 1-2; Oct. and Nov. 6.41 1-2; Nov. and Dec. 6.36; Dec. and Jan. 6.35 1-2; Jan. and Feb. 6.36; Feb. and March 6.36 1-2; March and April 6.37 1-2; April and May 6.38; May and June 6.39; June and July 6.38 1-2; July and August 6.37 1-2.

DRY GOODS MARKET

New York, August 10.—The cotton goods markets are quiet and firm. Cotton yarns are steady. Burlaps are active and tending higher. Large initial orders for Spring have been placed on dress lining.

Watch Garden City—the best yet. **

RAILROAD LIST WAS STRONG

Reading and Norfolk & Western Reach Record Prices—Industrials Were Backward—Steel Tonnage Figures.

New York, Aug. 10.—As the brief session of today's stock exchange progressed Reading reached its highest quotation on the present movement and Norfolk & Western scored its record price, with some inquiry for New York Central and New Haven at steady gains. Activity in the latter was an unusual feature, the more so now when pending Federal legislation would debar its ships with those of the Southern Pacific and other railroads from Panama canal privileges.

United States Steel, Coppers and various other industrials were decidedly backward in the movement, which was the more significant because of the strength of the railway list.

Steel "unfilled tonnage" figures for July were issued at the close of the day and totalled 5,957,079 tons, which more than met popular expectations and exceeded all past records.

Actual bank loans increased by less than one million dollars, with a cash gain of $1,844,000, making a slight gain in reserves.

The bond market was steady; United States government bonds unchanged; total sales today 256,500 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	83
American Agricultural	58⅞
American Beet Sugar	71
American Can	40⅜
American Can, pfd	119½
American Car and Foundry	60½
American Cotton Oil	53⅜
American Ice Securities	25⅜
American Linseed	14
American Locomotive	44¾
American Smelting and Ref	84
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	108¾
Amer Sugar Ref	127
American Tel and Tel	145⅞
American Tobacco	306
Anaconda Mining Co	41¾
Atchison	108⅜
Atchison, pfd	102⅜
Atlantic Coast Line	146½
Baltimore and Ohio	108
Bethlehem Steel	38½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	92⅝
Canadian Pacific	279⅞
Central Leather	27⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	81½
Chicago Great Western	17⅛
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	109¼
Chicago and North Western	142¼
Colorado Fuel and Iron	31
Consolidated Gas	148⅝
Corn Products	14⅞
Delaware and Hudson	170½
Denver and Rio Grande	19½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	35
Distillers' Securities	32⅜
Erie	36⅜
Erie, 1st pfd	54½
Erie, 2nd pfd	43¼
General Electric	182⅜
Great Northern, pfd	143⅜
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	43¾
Illinois Central	131½
Interborough-Met	20¼
Interborough-Met., pfd	69¾
Inter-Harvester	123½
Inter-Marine, pfd	18⅝
International Paper	15⅞
International Pump	20⅛
Kansas City Southern	25
Laclede Gas	106½
Lehigh Valley	172⅞
Louisville and Nashville	165
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	153¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	28¼
Missouri Pacific	37⅞
National Biscuit	134½
National Lead	59¼
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	30½
New York Central	118¾
New York, Ontario and Western	32¼
Norfolk and Western	119
North American	83¼
Northern Pacific	130⅝
Pacific Mail	32¼
Pennsylvania	123⅜
People's Gas	118
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	109½
Pittsburg Coal	22½
Pressed Steel Car	36⅞
Pullman Palace Car	162½
Reading	172½
Republic Iron and Steel	28¾
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	89⅝
Rock Island Co	20½
Rock Island Co., pfd	52¼
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	30
Seaboard Air Line	23½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	53½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	56½
Southern Pacific	112
Southern Railway	30⅛
Southern Railway, pfd	79⅜
Tennessee Copper	42
Texas and Pacific	22½
Union Pacific	173⅛
Union Pacific, pfd	90¼
United States Realty	84½
United States Rubber	51¼
United States Steel	72⅝
United States Steel, pfd	112½
Utah Copper	61⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	48¼
Wabash	4¼
Wabash, pfd	14½
Western Maryland	57⅜
Western Union	81⅜
Westinghouse Electric	88¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie	6

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Aug. 10.—Turpentine and rosin, steady.

Charleston, Aug. 10.—Turpentine, firm, at 40@40½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: B, 6.35@6.40; D, 6.40; E, 6.44@6.50; F, 6.55; G, 6.57½@6.60; H, 6.60@6.65; I, 6.62½@6.70; K, 6.85@6.90; M, 6.95@7.00; N, 7.10@7.20; W G, 7.40; W W, 7.70.

Savannah, Aug. 10.—Turpentine, quiet, at 39¼@40¼; sales, 401; receipts, 1,316; shipments, 50; stocks, 38,405.

Rosin—Firm. Receipts, 3,638; shipments, 520; stocks, 113,693; sales, 2,671. Quote: B, 6.35; D, 6.45; E, 6.50; F, 6.57½; G, 6.62½; H, 6.65; I, 6.70; K, 6.80; M, 6.90; N, 7.15; W G, 7.45; W W, 7.85.

Of course those daring boy robbers of good families have their habitat in the East End, which has a monopoly of the Raffles fad.

Students of aerial navigation refuse to get excited over the performance of those St. Louis balloons.

Most men's ambitions are too big for them to handle.

IN DIRECTING the attention of substantial concerns, both large and small, to this Bank as a desirable Commercial Depositary, we confidently believe that we are in a position to render a Service which will prove unusually satisfactory to them. Our policy means something to the growing business.

The Southern National Bank

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Aug. 11, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 74 degrees; at 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 90 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 80 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month to date, .17.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.8 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Local thunder showers Sunday; Monday, cloudy.

Port Calendar—Aug. 11.

Sun rises	5:30 A. M.
Sun sets	7:04 P. M.
Day's length	13 hrs. 34 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	8:13	8:52	3:12	3:02
Southport	6:05	6:37	12:14	12:35
Masonboro Inlet	5:36	6:08	11:45	11:46

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

August 10, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	96	68	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	80	60	.12
Atlanta	cloudy	80	64	.36
Augusta	clear	88	68	.16
Birmingham	raining	82	68	.30
Boston	pt cldy	82	66	.0
Charleston	clear	90	72	.14
Charlotte	clear	82	66	.0
Chicago	raining	72	62	.82
Galveston	pt cldy	88	82	.0
Jacksonville	clear	92	76	.0
Memphis	clear	84	66	.0
Mobile	cloudy	88	78	.0
Montgomery	raining	88	70	.04
New Orleans	cloudy	92	78	.0
New York	cloudy	76	68	.0
Oklahoma	clear	86	64	.0
Pittsburg	clear	80	64	.04
Raleigh	clear	90	68	.0
Savannah	clear	90	68	.58
Shreveport	cloudy	78	66	2.54
St. Louis	clear	80	62	.0
Washington	clear	86	72	.50

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Southern Aluminum Co. to Construct Big Plant at Whitney — Water Power Development at Spartanburg—Other Notes.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 10.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises announced in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Southern Aluminum Co., Whitney, N. C., awarded contracts for completing canal, masonry and power house for developing $45,000 horsepower, to be completed within nine months, and will build aluminum works for utilizing the electricity; company is capitalized at $8,000,000 and controlled by French capitalists; its property was purchased from the North Carolina Electric & Power Company, which acquired the Whitney Company proposition.

Alabama-New Orleans Transportation Co., New Orleans, La., announced plans for investing more than $1,000,000 for Lake Borgne canal improvements to include widening and deepening waterway, constructing 30,000 ton coal storage plant, erecting steel towers equipped with loading and unloading machinery, constructing harbor, establishing shipyards and machine shops, erecting office building, etc.

The Appalachian Power Co., Spartanburg, S. C., purchased 1,200 acres of land and water power property near Hendersonville, N. C., at $180,000 plans to construct hydro-electric plant developing 50,000 horse-power, for transmission of electricity; reports state that $1,500,000 will be invested.

Wheeling Sheet & Tinplate Co., Wheeling, W. Va., has organized with $750,000 capital stock, to build plant for manufacturing block inplate, installing 10 mills at first and doubling this later on.

Tyro Development Co., Lynchburg, Va., was organized with $300,000 capital stock to develop 10,000 acres of timber land in Nelson county, its plans including the construction of a 16-mile standard guage railway, the installation of several saw mills, the mining of iron, the manufacture of extracts, etc.

Welman Bradford, Alexandria, La., John C. Calhoun and Elmer L. Corthell, of New York, and associates, announced general plans for an extensive drainage and hydro-electric enterprise in Louisiana. They contemplate constructing canal to irrigate 1,000,000 acres of land, building hydro-electric plant to develop 30,000 horsepower at several locations, etc.; unconfirmed reports state that an investment of $15,000,000 is involved.

Busch-Sulzer Bros. Diesel Engine Co., St. Louis, Mo., announced plans for its work for building oil engines; will erect buildings of reinforced concrete, steel and brick construction, install electric lighting plant to cost $30,000, install hot water heating equipment to cost $30,000, erect freight and passenger electric elevators to cost, $7,500, etc.; entire plant to cost 500,000, without mechanical equipment.

United Fruit Co., New Orleans, La., will invest from $150,000 to $250,000 for building wireless telegarph station, improving surrounding land for park, etc.; an 80-acre tract to be utilized.

Chastteen Signal System Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., will incorporate with $200,000 capital stock, to manufacture railway signal devices.

Brandon Mills, Greenville, S. C., increased capital stock from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000 and will add 10,000 spindles, 200 looms, etc.

Florida Plantation Co., Felismere, Fla., was incorporated with $1,000,000 capital stock to develop land in St. Lucis county, probably by an extensive irrigation system; New York capital is interested.

Kelly Self-Starter Co., Gainesville, Fla., was incorporated with $200,000 cipital stock, to manufacture engine devices.

Lycurgus Burns, Annaheim, California, purchased 20,000 acres of marsh land near Bartow, Fla., and will develop sugar cane and vegetable cultivation, establishment of industrial town, etc.

New Orleans Rock Beard, New Orleans, La., arranged to construct a wharf 1,500 feet long, about $500,000 to be expended for construction and accompanying work.

Wanawho Glass Co., Charleston W. Va., was incorporated with $75,000 capital stock, to operate glass works.

Union Buffalo Mills Co., Union, S. C., called stockholders' meeting at New York offices, to vote on increasing capital stock from $7,000,000 to $8,500,000.

Washington, August 10.—With the declaration that they would have a clear majority of 100 in the next House, the managers of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee today announced that they would open headquarters at once in Chicago. They already have opened headquarters, but the fight is to be waged by them chiefly in the Middle West.

For a few weeks after she is engaged a girl thinks flirting is a crime.

FREE TO
ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, our method is an absolute cure. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, our method will certainly cure you right in your own home.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense that this new method will end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now, and begin the cure at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON.

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 215c Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y. Send free trial of your method to:

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CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

NO. 666
FOR CHILLS AND FEVER.
This is a prescription prepared especially for Chills and Fever. Five or six doses will break up any case of Chills and Fever, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c.

Satisfies

There never was a thirst that Coca-Cola couldn't satisfy.

It goes, straight as an arrow, to the dry spot. And besides this,

Coca-Cola

satisfies to a T the call for something purely delicious and deliciously pure—*and* wholesome.

Delicious—Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes
THE COCA-COLA CO.
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Free
Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

MASON MASON

Fruit Jars
Rubbers, Caps and
Jelly Glasses
SEND US YOUR ORDERS.
N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
10 and 12 South Front Street.

Second-Hand Typewriters

We have on hand quite an assortment of second-hand typewriters, in good running condition, prices ranging from $15.00 to $50.00. We are making special prices on these and now is your opportunity to buy a good typewriter at a very low cost.

REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.

Any Rebuilt Typewriter of standard make that we handle are as good as new, and guaranteed like a new one. If you want an Underwood, Remington, Smith Premier, Monarch, L. C. Smith, or any other kind, we can save you from $20.00 to $50.00, according to model and serial number. Guaranteed like new and exactly as represented.

NEW TYPEWRITERS.

The well known, standard visible Oliver Typewriter. The simplest the strongest and most durable of any on the market. Absolutely guaranteed. A Machine of Satisfaction and service. Price $100.00; easy terms to those who desire it.

C. W. YATES & CO.
PHONE 69.

PEACE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG WOMEN!

An ideal Christian Home School. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Business, Music. High Standard Maintained by large staff of experienced, college-trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders.

Unsurpassed Health Record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Excellent table. Large Gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basket-ball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter. HENRY JEROME STOCKARD, A. M., Pres't, Raleigh, N. C.

SENATOR FALL BLAMED.

Mexico Thinks He is Responsible for Blocking Peace Negotiations.

Mexico City, Aug. 10.—Mexico blames Senator Fall, of New Mexico, for its failure to come to peace terms with Gen. Pascual Orozco, rebel leader. President Madero came to this conclusion today and it was based principally upon reports he received from government agents at El Paso. He made his views known in an official statement issued by the Department of the Interior by his authorization. Practically all hope of negotiating peace terms with the rebels now has been abandoned by the government. Rafael Henandez, minister of Fomento, who conducted negotiations with Orozco near El Paso, has gone to Lower California to study immigration conditions. El Paso reported that Senator Fall played more than a passive part in frightening Orozco off. Just what action was taken the government does not pretend to know, but it is intimated he might have communicated directly with Orozco the sentiments expressed in his recent speech in the Senate on the Mexican situation.

"It seems that Orozco had accepted the conditions," says the official statement, "when he brusquely and without a known motive changed his attitude completely. There is no official data on the causes which brought about this change, but from reports which have been received, it seems that the determination of Orozco was influenced by the efforts of an American Senator, A. B. Fall, who lately delivered in the Senate a speech filled with criticism of the Mexican government."

Orozco's proposition was that he be permitted to leave the country, but it was not definitely specified where he expected to go. This left the United States as a possible chance and government officials now are inclined to believe he expected to join his wife in California.

Senator Fall has demanded that Orozco be held personally responsible by the United States for acts committed against Americans.

A feature in the negotiations which came to light today is that Rafael Hernandez had been authorized to extend to Salazar, Campa, Rojas and other leaders the same conditions as were offered to Orozco.

Jesus Flores Magon, Minister of the Interior, said tonight that it was Orozco who requested the peace conference. He said when Orozco learned Hernandez was going to Lower California, he sent a message saying he would like to confer with him. After the conference Hernandez reported that Orozco said he would surrender and all his troops lay down their arms on the sole condition that he be allowed to leave Mexico. On receipt of this news Madero called a cabinet meeting at which Hernandez was authorized to treat for peace upon these terms.

"FIGHT WORTH MAKING"

Teddy Says Bull Moose Party Marks New Political Era

Oyster Bay, N. Y., August 10.—"Win or lose, it's a fight worth making," said Colonel Roosevelt today. Whatever the outcome of the campaign which is now opening, it is his opinion that a new era in American political history will be dated from the Progressive convention held in Chicago this week.

For more than 40 years, the ex-President said, sporadic reform movements have come into existence, many of them in the West. He sited Bryan's campaign of 1896 and the Populist movement as examples. Most of them, he continued, had contained something good, but were coupled with quack remedies worse than the disease they were supposed to cure. The good points of them all, he said, had been gathered together in the Progressive party's policies and for the first time there was given to the country these ideas without the accompaniment of where he termed preposterous declarations which would make it impossible for sane men to follow. The Progressive party, he asserted, had started on the right basis and was sure to make a wide appeal.

The work of organization, said Colonel Roosevelt, had gone on more rapidly than he had thought possible.

The Progressive party's stand on the tariff, Colonel Roosevelt believes, will be a source of great strength. Some one had expressed it well, he said, by telling him that the Republican tariff was a "tariff for privilege," and the Democratic tariff for destruction," but that no party before had ever stood for a tariff for labor. It is his belief that when the stand of the Progressive party is thoroughly understood it will win many votes from both of the old parties.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lumina—Concerts.
Gaylord—Our Loss.
Lumina—Fireworks.
Bijou—Moving Pictures.
A. D. Rich Co.—Furniture.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Clothing.
A. D. Brown—One-Half Price.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Special Sale.
Southern National Bank—Directing.
American National Bank—How Much.
Platt & Haar—Nine at Number Nine.
Atlantic Coast Line—To Atlantic City.
Hanover Realty Co.—Hanover Square.
Kimball Piano Co.—Great Demonstration.
American National Bank—Protect Your Home.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Money on Demand.

Business Locals.

For Sale—Lot.
Lost—Trousers.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Cafe.
Wanted—Agents.
For Sale—Farm.
For Rent—Room.
Wanted—Position.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Salesman.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Young Men.
For Rent—Apartment.
For Rent—Apartment.
For Sale—Two Horses.
Wanted—Representative.
L. W. Moore—For Rent.
Mrs. Sykes—Hair Goods.
L. W. Moore—$750 Buys.
For Rent—Part of Office.
Free—Penmanship Course.
L. W. Moore—$1,600 Buys.
Wanted—Room and Board.
Moler Barber College—Men.
For Sale—Newspaper Press.
L. W. Moore—Castle Street.
For Sale—Winter Park Lot.
Lost—Junior Order Emblem.
Standard Merc. Co.—Earn $30.
For Sale—Flanders Runabout.
James Owen Reilly—New Store.
For Sale—Westinghouse Engine.
For Rent—Furnished Apartment.
L. W. Moore—Nine-Room House.
Fennett & Savage—Open Sundays.
James Owen Reilly—Pretty Cottage.
Merchants' Transfer Co.—Hay Rides.
L. W. Moore—Beautiful Market Street.
Church of Good Shepherd—Excursion.
James Owen Reilly—Two Modern Houses
James Owen Reilly—The Business Center.

BURIAL AT RALEIGH

P. A. Wiley Dead—Auto Police Patrol —Several Charters—Other Notes

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., August 10.—The remains of P. A. Wiley, formerly of Raleigh but a resident of Washington, D. C., since 1885, arrives here Sunday morning at 6 o'clock and the funeral will follow from the Church of the Good Shepherd Sunday afternoon at 2 P. M. The deceased, a former cashier of the Citizens' National Bank of this city, was one of the founders of the Church of the Good Shepherd. He has been an invalid for a number of years.

The Raleigh police commission has ordered an automobile patrol wagon to take the place of the horse and wagon in use for several years past. The auto patrol is guaranteed to give very superior service, especially in cases where there are successive calls from different sections of the city that would exhaust the horse. The city is also just now placing orders for two auto fire engines.

A charter was issued today for the Capital Insurance and Realty Co., of Raleigh, capital $15,000 authorized and $2,500 subscribed by Cary K. Durfey and others ofr insurance and real estate business.

There was an amendment filed today for the charter of the Dosier Telephone Co., of Seward, N. C., Forsyth county, changing the name to the Pfafftown Telephone Co., and increasing the capital stock. C. A. Sprinkle is president of the corporation.

A reward of $100 was offered today by Governor Kitchin for the arrest of Ed Miller, alias "Big Boy," wanted in Charlotte for the murder of Cora Kell. Both parties are negroes.

At 11 o'clock this morning the funeral of the late E. B. Barbee was held from the residence on North Blount street, opposite the Governor's mansion. The service was by Rev. H. M. North, pastor of Edenton Street Methodist church, and the interment was in Oakwood cemetery. The floral tributes were especially numerous and beautiful and the funeral cortege was more than two squares in length.

KILLED BY STREET CAR.

Only Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Boyd, of Charlotte, Crushed.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 10.—While attempting to cross North College street to her home today at noon, little Evelyn Boyd, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence S. Boyd, was run down and instantly killed by North Charlotte street car No. 35, in charge of Motorman R. L. Smith and Conductor H. E. Deese. The tragedy occurred in front of the little girl's home, 804 North College street, and was witnessed by a number of people. She was knocked down by the front of the car and both trucks passed over her body, which was horribly mangled. She breathed only a few times after witnesses to the accident rushed to the scene.

The child had about half an hour before her death requested permission of her parents to cross the street to visit the children of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Russell Ross, who live opposite the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Boyd. The child was cautioned to hurry back for dinner, and it was for this reason that she was anxious to cross the tracks before the car passed. The front of the car struck her in some manner, not as yet exactly explained, and knocked the child under the trucks.

The child was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Boyd and the oldest child, the other being a boy of three years of age. The child's parents were at home at the time, and both were prostrated by the sight that met their eyes when the little body was picked up. Mr. Boyd is bookkeeper for the J. Arthur Henderson Company, on North Tryon street.

ATROCIOUS SLAUGHTER

Over 200 Mexican Citizens Slaughtered By Jefe Politico

Mexico City, Mex., August 10.—Two hundred and ten residents of the little town of Puruandiro, Michoacan, at least half of whom were boys, were slaughtered at the behest of the Jefe Politico in June, according to a story brought to Mexico City today by a commission which called upon the Minister of the Interior, asking for guarantees. Members of the commission declared the Jefe Politico caused to be posted on the gate of the town cemetery a list of the dead which was added to from time to time.

The sacrifice was the price exacted by the Jefe Politico for the sacking of the town which occurred several weeks before by rebels. The Jefe Politico was powerless to resist the attack and retaliation ordered the slaughter, professing to believe that in killing the people he was punishing the rebels.

The butchery began in the jail where all the prisoners were killed by the guards. Then citizens were butchered. The people became so terror-stricken they refused to talk and for this reason it was not called to the attention of the Federal authorities [illegible] today.

The Minister of the Interior declared the "slaughter" the most atrocious in the history of the Republic.

PRESIDENT A HERO

Taft Rescues Two Women In Distress —Heartily Thanked

Washington, August 10.—President Taft, his personal aide, Major Thomas L. Rhoads, and W. C. Herron, the President's brother-inlaw, took part in a rescue of two women in distress in Rock Creek Park late last night.

A mile down the forest road through the park the President's car flashed another big automobile just a few rods ahead. Its front wheels and part of the body were hanging over the bank 15 feet above Rock Creek and looking ready to plunge down at any moment. Two frightened women and the driver were looking at the machine, but were apparently helpless. The three occupants of the Presidential car held a hurried consultation and the President's chauffeur was called upon to give expert testimony. No one could solve the problem for a few minutes, but Mr. Taft finally came to the rescue himself.

"Turn the car around, Robinson," he said to the chauffeur. "Put on your skid chains and we'll haul them out." Robinson obeyed orders and the imperilled machine was pulled back to the roadway. Its occupants refused to give their names, but they recognized the President and thanked him heartily.

CHAFIN IS NOTIFIED.

Of His Nomination for President by Prohibition Party.

Waukesha, Wis., Aug. 10.—In the vicinity of his birth and surrounded by the friends of his youth, Eugene W. Chafin, now a resident of Arizona, and the Prohibition candidate for President of the United States, was officially notified today of his nomination by the National convention which met in Atlantic City, N. J., July 10th. The ceremony took place in the Metnodist church, a heavy rain storm compelling a change from the outdoor programme.

The notification address was delivered by Rev. Charles H. Mead, D. D., of New York, the permanent chairman of the National Convention. Many prominent adherents of the cause, including the members of the notification committee, were in attendance from several States.

In accepting the nomination Mr. Chafin said it was with gratitude that he received the engrossed copy of the party's platform, which he said "can be hung over the office desk of the President in the White House and be a daily reminder of the pledges to the people."

Mr. Chafin's speech in the main was a review of the platform, which he strongly endorsed. Alluding to the plank which favors a "Presidential term of six years and one term only," he asserted that not one President added anything to his reputation or performed any great service by a second term.

U. S. YACHT WINS.

Canadian Challenger Goes Down to Defeat at Water Carnival.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—First honors in the series of yacht races between the United States and Canada in the water carnival and naval review went to the United States today.

In a thrilling race the Michicago, flying the colors of the Chicago Yacht Club, defeated the Patria, representing Canada, flashing over the finish line three lengths ahead of the Canadian challenger. Just 22 seconds time separated the two 20-foot sloops at the finish. The official time, over the 10 and three-quarters mile course, was 2:47:42. The race was spirited from the start. The yachts never were more than a few seconds apart.

Auburndale, Fla., August 10.—J. A. Howells, brother of William Dean Howells, the novelist, died here this morning after a brief illness at the home of his son, William Dean Howells, Jr. Mr. Howells was a native of Jefferson, Ohio, and was 79 years of age. He was an editor of note in the Buckeye State, and served several years as United States minister at Links Islands, British West Indies. The body will be sent to Jefferson for interment.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 10.—Macon and Jacksonville played 17 innings to a scoreless tie this afternoon, breaking the South Atlantic League record. O'Brien, the local pitcher, gave up but three hits. Horton, his opponent, allowed 13 hits, but kept them well scattered.

Chicago is booming a campaign for pure milk. But with the lake so handy, how can this movement be expected to succeed.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen, and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. au11-1t*

WANTED—High class man to sell trees, shrubs, roses, vines, berry bushes, bulbs, etc. Good wages, permanent. Exclusive territory. Brown Brothers' Nurseries Rochester, New York. au11-1t*

MEN—Our Illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. au11-3t*

SALESMAN — Calling on retailers in small towns, to sell on commission. Strong side line. Blankets, Flannels, dress goods, novelties. Direct from the looms. The Lakewood Mills, Box 414, Phila., Pa. au11-1t*

FREE—One month in penmanship to first 25. Start Monday night. Big reliable school. Capital, $5,000.00. Wilmington Business College, 204 North Front street. au11-1t*

BENNETT & SAVAGE Cafe, No. 8 Princess street. Beginning today, we will be open Sunday the same as during the week, 6 A. M. to 12 P. M., to serve their friends with the best the market affords. Give them a call. au11-1t

BABCOCK Cottrell press, will print a six column, eight page paper; in good condition; now in use printing the Courier every week, on a sheet 31 by 44 inches. Will be sold at a great bargain to the first person who will pay a reasonable price. Come to see it. Wm. C. Hammer, Asheboro, N. C. au11-2t

FOR SALE—Farm of five acres on Market street road, 19 minutes walk from car line. A bargain to quick purchaser. Geo. H. Ward, City. au11-1t*

FOR RENT — Modern housekeeping apartment in central location. Address "Private," Gen. Delivery. References exchanged. au11-1t*

SALESMAN—Capable specialty man for South. Staple line on new and exceptional terms. To begin work at once. Commission contract with $35.00 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., Cleveland, Ohio. au11-1t*

PARTY WISHING PART of desirable office, ground floor, on prominent street, may obtain same by addressing "Office," care Star. au11-3t

FOR RENT—Nice airy room to gentlemen, references exchanged. 212 South Second street. au11-1t

CASTLE STREET, from 12th to 17th, building fast; twelv new houses being erected. Have som splendid sites for building a home or avestment, that will yield 12 per cent. Let me show you Monday. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au11-1t

SPLENDID NINE-ROOM thoroughly modern home on South Front, between Church and Castle, can be bought very reasonable. If interested in a home at a low price, will pay to call telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au11-1t

$350 BUYS a well-located lot on Perry avenue, Carolina Place. Should see me Monday. L. W. Moore, Telephone 332. au11-1t

$1,600 BUYS three adjoining lots at Carolina Place, on turnpike. These lots will greatly increase in value within 12 months. Telephone, 332. L. W. Moore. au11-1t

FOR SALE a beautiful Market street lot 50x130 feet, southern exposure; see me promptly, if you want a location that will increase in value. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. au11-1t

FOR RENT—314 Campbell street, seven-room, modern home. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. au11-1t

WANTED—Position as book-keeper and cashier by young lady, thoroughly experienced. Satisfactory references. Address "Lady Book-Keeper," care Star. au11-1t*

FOR SALE—Flanders 20 runabout, good condition; engine A-1. 'Phone 258, or 1954-j. au11-1t*

EARN $30 WEEKLY—Salesmen to take orders for cut rate groceries. Experience unnecessary. Outfit free. The Standard Mercantile Co., 2452-2456 E. 9th street, Cleveland, Ohio. au11-1t*

FOR SALE — One 25-H. P. automatic Westinghouse engine. One 35-horse power Liddell, center crank. Both good condition. Bargain, quick sale. T. W. Alderman, Folkstone, N. C. au11-1t*

CAPITAL for American corporations. Big demand in Canada for American stocks and bonds. Communicate with Federal Securities Corporation, 30 Howard street, Toronto, Canada. au11-1t*

CHURCH OF GOOD SHEPHERD Sunday School Orchestra will run searchlight excursion Thursday night, August 15th. Steamer Wilmington leaves wharf at 8:00 o'clock. Music by orchestra of 9 pieces. Fare, 25 cents. au11-15-2t

SWITCHES and puffs washed and waved, 25 cents. Switches also made from combings and cut hair. Mrs. Sykes, 116 S 9th street. au11-1t*

CAFE FOR RENT in family apartment house. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au11-2t

FURNISHED APARTMENT in Cape Fear for rent. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au11-2t

BARGAIN — To quick purchaser, one large lot, 220 feet front, 247 feet deep, on corner at Winter Park, for sale at a price that is interesting. Centrally located, highest elevation in this growing suburb. Apply quick, "E," care Star. au11-1t*

FOR RENT—One large, airy room, with or without board. Special rates to several in this large room, at 316 Red Cross street. au11-1t

WANTED—By young man, a position that I can learn a trade. Good education, quick on figures and a hard worker. Address "Anxious," care Star. au11-1t*

SALESMAN—Traveling, salary and expenses or commission. Must be active, ambitious, energetic; splendid opportunity; former experience not essential. Landmark Cigar Co., Denver, Pa. au11-1t*

BOARD WANTED—Gentleman and wife desire rooms with board, with nice family west of Sixth street, between Red Cross and Castle. Address "Georgia," care Star au11-1t*

LOST—One pair blue serge Hart, Schaffner & Marx trousers. A. David Co. au11-1t

WANTED—By married couple, no children, furnished room with board, in private family. Not more than five squares from post office. Address Post Office Box 177, City. au11-1t*

IF YOU ARE THINKING of having a hay party ride, the Merchants' Transfer Company wishes to announce that they will furnish you with an auto, will accommodate nine or ten couples. For special rates, call 'phone 741. au11-6t

THE BUSINESS CENTER — Market street. I have for sale three stores that pay over ten per cent. on the investment, that will be sold at a very low price. Has a frontage of 46 feet on Market street and is 132 feet deep. Will be glad to show you this great bargain. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au11-1t

NEW STORE AND DWELLING on the corner of 7th and Dawson, for sale. Lot is 67 feet front and 82 feet deep, with right of way over an alley in the rear. Room to build another house. Macadam street in front. This is a fine investment. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au11-1t

TWO MODERN HOUSES ON CASTLE STREET, and two small houses in rear, on alley, that pay over six per cent. on the investment, for sale. Rent for $660.00 per year; can be bought at a low figure. Lot is 55 feet front and 270 feet deep. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au11-1t

PRETTY COTTAGE AT CAROLINA PLACE for sale. Situate on Perry avenue, between 18th and 19th streets. Price, $3,000.00. A splendid opportunity to buy a home. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au11-1t

APPLICATIONS for dwellings are being made by good tenants daily. If you have anything for rent, it will pay you to see us. Careful attention given all business entrusted to us. No better time than now to give us a trial. Wilder & Metts, Real Estate Agents. au11-1t

FOR RENT—Two large halls over the People's Supply Co., well lighted and ventilated. With an entrance from Front street; also alley in rear. The owner will arrange space to suit tenants. Rent reasonable and possession may be had Oct. 1st. Wilder & Metts, Real Estate Agents. au11-1t

APARTMENT in Carolina apartments of two rooms and bath, for rent. This can be rented furnished or unfurnished. Apply to Janitor, or to Wright's Real Estate Agency. au11-2t

FOR SALE at a bargain, Lot on Market street, between 13th and 14th. Good location, within one-half block of new school building. J. Irving Bear, General Insurance, 101 1-2 Princess street. 'Phone 443. au11-1t

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE to the public that I have this day sold my grocery business out, at No. 13 Market street, to Mr. F. A. Mason. M. H. Croom. This, the tenth day of August, 1912. au11-1t*

LOST—Jr. Order emblem, about noon Saturday. Highly prized by the loser. J. M. Enos. au11-1t*

AGENTS—Linney's Expansion Belt. An ordinary belt with new features. Sells on sight. Write for full particulars. Linney Belt Co., 1014 Karpen Bldg., Chicago. au11-1t*

WANTED—Special representative in each county to appoint agents and handle collections for large manufacturing concern. Splendid opportunity for promotion and good salary. Must furnish good references and small cash bond. For other information, address National Manufacturing Co., care Star, Wilmington, N. C. au11-tf

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good, steady income corresponding for newspapers. We suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Corresponding Bureau, Washington, D. C. au9,11,16-3t*

FOR SALE—Two nice black horses, buggies, harness, wagon, cart. Two milk cows with young calves, etc. Apply to W. W. Peterson, Atkinson, N. C. au11-1t*

WANTED—Middle-aged white woman to stay in the country with man, wife and two children. Good home and reasonable wages to the right woman. Address Box 562, Wilmington, N. C. au10-2t*

CANTALOUPES—The very best of season. Every one of them guaranteed sweet. Large selected soft-shell crabs; very best of spring chickens to be found. Peaches; Peaches. Palace Market; 'Phone 72. ap9-tf

FOR SALE—Desirable house and lot at No. 11 North Seventh street. J. Irving Bear, General Insurance, 101 1-2 Princess street. 'Phone 443. au9-6t

THE GILBERT HOUSE — Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all cars. Electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Rates to regular and table boarders. jy21-1mo

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

FOR SALE — Wednesday, August 14, 1912, at Claude Smith farm, five miles from Princeton, North Carolina, I will sell at public auction a saw mill, logging equipment 50-horse boiler, 45 horse engine, grist mill, complete; mules, oxen, and other property. Automobile service from Princeton furnished persons coming on trains. Sale begins at ten o'clock. A. C. Davis, Attorney-at-Law, Goldsboro, North Carolina. au7-5t

FOR SALE—Do you want a Summer home in the mountains of Western N. C., two miles from station, adjoining the Bryn Avon estate; 12 acres; 2-room house; fruit trees, fine water; plenty of wood, and beautiful scenery. To desirable parties this property will be sold at reasonable price, entire, or will be divided into two tracts. For further particulars, address "C. E. M.," Etowah, N. C. au6-12t

LAND FOR SALE—155 acres two miles from city, 1,800 feet front on rock road. A bargain for a quick purchaser. Must be sold before Aug. 10th. See E. J. W. Anders, P. O. Box 589. au4-8t

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED for government positions, $80.00 month. Annual vacations. Short hours, no "lay offs." Vacations. Common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Send postal immediately for free list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 289-R, Rochester, N. Y. jy7-au9t*

FOR NICE Cooked meats, cheese, coffee, tea, butter and a full line of fancy groceries, stop at B. May's Delicatessen. Satisfaction guaranteed. 'Phone 1322. jy28-tf

FOR PROMPT and efficient service, 'phone 1856, Hanover Pressing Club. Rates, $1.00 per month. au8-6t

WANTED—Position Sept. 1st, by first-class salesman or book-keeper. Any live wholesale or retail; prefer shoes or clothing; first-class, all 'round man, competent to manage business. Good references. Address "X-4-F," care Star. au8-tf

BUICK AND PALMER SINGER Automobiles, now at Queen City Cycle Co. je2-tf

BAGS WANTED — Second-hand bags. Write for prices. Richmond Bag Co., Dept. 15, Richmond, Va. jy31-w,f,su-8t

IRON STEPS — Wanted, pair second-hand iron steps, ten or more feet. Address, giving price, location and condition, "Steps," care Star, City. jy28-3t

COLONIAL INN—Under new management. European plan. Luncheon daily, from 12:30 to 3, fifty cents. jy11-tf

BARGAINS in a fine line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. Also in all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

FOR RENT

Two brick stores on corner Water and Grace streets. Apply

J. A. TAYLOR.

au11-su,w,su-3t

DR. LILLIAN CREESE
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN.
Nerve Specialist. All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty.
CONSULTATION FREE.
'Phone: 369. Res. Office, 304 S. Second St. au10-tf

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A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
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We Appreciate Your Patronage by Giving You the Best!
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WE PAY YOU TO SAVE

How Much Can I Earn?

Is an important question, but how much can I save is a vital one. Start an account in our "Savings Department," add to it weekly or monthly and you will soon determine of how much importance you are in the world. Try It!

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Prices Cut to Quick

Entire Stock of LOW SHOES offered at Prices which will Make Them Move. Call and Convince Yourself. :: :: ::

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DAVID'S

Big Values For You

YOU know that we sell the very highest class of merchandise in every department. You get big value for your money here. Just now we've added to the value by reducing the prices, for clearance purposes.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES
MANHATTAN SHIRTS

All marked at Clearance prices. It's your picnic.

$1.50 Shirts, now $1.20
$1.75 Shirts, now $1.35
$2.50 Shirts, now $1.90
$3.50 Shirts, now $2.65
Other high grade Shirts at same reduction.

$27.50 Suits, at $22.49
$25.00 Suits at $20.79
$22.50 Suits, at $19.23
$21.00 Suits, at $18.65
$20.00 Suits, at $17.83
$19.00 Suits, at $16.55
$18.00 Suits, at $14.95
$16.50 Suits, at $13.39
$15.00 Suits, at $12.45
$10.50 Suits, at $8.39

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits at Big Reductions.
We close at 11 o'clock Saturday nights.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY
MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS.

Money on Demand

The Demand Certificate of Deposit is a great convenience to anyone having money on hand which is to be used as needed. Such money may be placed in the Bank and Demand Certificates will be issued. Interest will be allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum for each full month the money remains on deposit.

Such funds may be transferred into an open account subject to check by simply endorsing the Certificates on the back and mailing or bringing them to the Bank.

This plan is accepted as the best method of earning interest and yet keeping money always ready for immediate use.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

Red Rust-Proof Oats

750 Bags R. P. Oats.
721 Bbls. Ben Hur Flour.
146 Bbls. Self-Rising Flour.
116 Cases No. 1 Herring Roe.
189 Cases No. 2 Herring Roe.
478 Bags Med. Head Rice.
119 Bags Fancy Head Rice.
171 Bags Good Coffee.
98 Bags Fancy Rio Coffee.
77 Bbls. L. Mullets.
3 Cars Clover Hay.
2 Cars Timothy Hay.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Importers and Jobbers.

Special Prices

Special Prices on the following—
100 Bbls. Large Mullets.
200 Bbls. Medium Mullets.
100 Bbls. Small Mullets.
200 Boxes Smoked Herring.
40 Boxes Cod Fish.
200 Cases Salmon.
200 Cases Sardines.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
100 Cases Oysters.
500 Bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
400 Sacks Broken Rice.
400 Sacks Head Rice
75 Bbls. Fancy Molasses.
50 Bbls. N. O. Molasses.

We also carry a full line of Cakes, Candies, Snuff, Tobacco, etc., all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XC—NO. 123. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,977.

Longstreet's Charge .... at Gettysburg ....

Pickett's, Pettigrew's and Trimbles' Divisions.

A certain set of historians, writers and lecturers, who gathered their information from newspapers in Richmond who had their correspondents with the Virginia troops in the army of Northern Virginia during the war—and they so biased as to claim all the glory for the Virginians to the detriment of other troops engaged have so persistently flirted with the truth that those unacquainted with the facts having read their fine descriptions and heard their grand eloquence, accept their statements of Longstreet's, falsely called Pickett's charge, at Gettysburg on the third day, as the truth of history.

Those who love truth rather than fiction, I respectfully refer to the official government diagram of the charge, showing that the Confederate and Federal lines of battle, the stone wall or works of the Federals on Cemetery Ridge, the Emmettsburg road, and the different fences over which Pettigrew and Trimble's troops had to pass before reaching the works.

To the list of the different troops engaged, taken from war records, Pickett's division, composed of Kemper's, Garnet's and Armistead's brigades, Gen. Kemper's brigade on the right, composed of the following: The First, Third, Seventh, 11th and 24th Virginia regiments. On their left was Garnett's brigade, composed of the following: The Eighth, 18th, 19th, 28th and 56th Virginia regiments. Supporting Kemper and Garnett was Armistead's brigade, viz: The 9th, 14th, 38th, 53rd and 57th Virginia regiments. Gen. Heth's division (Gen. Johnston Pettigrew, commanding) formed the left of the line, composed of Archer's, Pettigrew's, Davis' and Brockenborough's brigades. Archer's brigade, (Col. B. D. Fry, after wound Col. J. G. Shepard, commanding) joined the left of Garnett's brigade, as follows: The 5th and 13th Alabama regiments, and the 1st, 7th and 14th Tennessee regiments.

On their left was Pettigrew's brigade (Col. Marshall, commanding, afterward killed, then by Col. J. Jones), viz: The 11th, 26th, 47th and 52nd North Carolina regiments. On their left came Gen. J. R. Davis' brigade, viz: The 2nd, 11th and 42nd regiments of Mississippi, and the 55th North Carolina regiment. On its left was Gen. Brockenborough's brigade (Col. Robert Mayo, commanding), viz: The 40th, 47th and 55th Virginia regiments and the 22nd battalion. Supporting Gen. Pettigrew's line were Gen. Scales' and Gen. Lane's brigades, (Maj. Gen. L. R. Trimble commanding), from Pender's division with Scales' brigade (Col. L. S. J. Lowrance, commanding), on the right, composed of the 13th, 16th, 22nd, 38th and 34th North Carolina regiments. On its left was Gen. Lane's brigade, viz: The 7th, 18th, 28th, and 33rd and 37th North Carolina regiments.

(See the War Records, series 1, vol. 37, containing the reports of Maj. J. A. Englehard, Ass.-Adj. Gen. Heth's division, (Gen. L. R. Trimble commanding), 556, 552, Col. S. G. Shepard commanding Archer's brigade No. 550. Maj. J. Jones, commanding Pettigrew's brigade No. 553 Brig. Gen. Joseph R. Davis, 558, Brig. Gen. James H. Lane, No. 561 Col. W. L. J. Lowrance commanding, Scales' brigade.)

(Also Moore's History of North Carolina, beginning at Page 200, with Gen. Robert E. Lee's report, Brig. Gen. Jas. H. Lane's letter, page 202. Gen. L. R. Trimble's letter, page 203. Jos. H. Sanders' letter, major 33rd North Carolina infantry W. C. Morris, lieutenant colonel 37th North Carolina infantry. S. D. Lowe, colonel commanding 28th North Carolina infantry. E. F. Lovell's, captain 28th North Carolina infantry. Thomas L. Norwood's captain Company A, 37th infantry. J. McLeod Turner, lieutenant colonel Seventh North Carolina infantry. Maj. J. G. Harriss and many others.)

From all accounts it appears to have been a very curious line of battle, as Gen. Pickett's divisions started about 100 yards to the west of the Emmettsburg road sheltered by a ridge which Southern troops had occupied the day previous and about 100 yards from the enemy's stone wall and works, while Gen. Pettigrew's division, Trimbel's division supporting, started from Seminary Ridge (near the artillery), 1,360 yards from the enemy's works. The Emmettsburg road in front of Pettigrew was occupied by Federal troops, and about 100 yards from the works or stone wall also occupied by the Federals. Thus compelling Pettigrew's and Trimbel's men to advance in the open field a much greater distance to drive the enemy from the Emmettsburg road and a fence on a line with the low wall in Pickett's front before reaching the stone wall on a small steep slope, which was the height of a man's chin, and 80 yards further than the wall, about three feet high in Pickett's front, subjecting them to the fearful artillery and infantry fire of the enemy for at least 360 yards further in open field than Pickett's.

They, however, accomplished this, and some men of Archer's, Pettigrew's Scales' and the left of Garnett's and Armisteads brigades went over the works in the angle where Armistead was killed, while Davis, Lane's and Pettigrew's, with Archer's and Pettigrew's charged to the wall in their front, driving the enemy from behind it, and the cannonneers from their guns, only falling back when flanked by the enemy on both flanks. Brackenboroughs brigade having failed to come up on the left, and Pickett's division to hold their position on the right.

Maj. J. A. Englehard, adjutant general of Gen. Pender's division, says:

"The point at which the troops with me struck the enemy's works projected farthest to the front. I recollect well, my horse having been shot, I leaned my elbow upon one of the guns of the enemy to rest, and watched with painful anxiety the fight on Pickett's right, for on their success meant the tenableness of our position. Surrounding me were soldiers of Trimble's, of Pettigrew's and of Pickett's division, and it required all the resources at my command to prevent their following en masse the retreating enemy, and some did go so far that when we were compelled to withdraw they were unable to reach our lines, the enemy closing in from the right and left. We remained in quiet and undisputed possession of the enemy's work, the men, flushed with victory, eager to press forward."

Col. S. G. Shepard, of Seventh Tennessee regiment, commanding Archer's Brigade, says:

"First Tennessee on the right, on its left the 13th Alabama, the 14th and 7th Tennessee and the Fifth Alabama battalion. The space of few hundred yards between Archer's brigade and Picket's division was filled as we advanced and by the time we had gone a little over half way, by Pickett's bearing to the left. The command was then passed down the line by the officers, 'guide right'! The enemy held their fire until we were in fine range, and opened upon us a terrible and well directed fire. Within 180 to 200 yards of his works, we came to a lane enclosed by two stout post and plank fences. This was a very great obstruction, but the men rushed over as fast as they could and advanced directly upon the enemy's works, the first line of which was composed of rough stones. The enemy abandoned this, but just in the rear was massed a heavy force. By the time we had reached this work, our lines all along, as far as I could see, had become very much weakened; indeed, the line, right and left as far as I could observe, seemed to melt away until there was but little left. Those who remained at the works saw it was a hopeless case and fell back.

"Archer's brigade remained at the works fighting, as long as any other troops either on the right or left, so far as I could observe.

"Every flag of the brigade, excepting one, was captured at or within the works of the enemy. The First Tennessee had three color bearers shot down, the last of whom was at the works, and the flag captured. The 13th Alabama lost three in the same way, the last of whom was shot down at the works. The 14th Tennessee had four shot down, the last of whom was at the works. The Seventh Tennessee had three of her color bearers killed, the last of whom was at the enemy's works and the flag was only saved by Capt. (A. D.) Norris tearing it away from the staff and bringing it away under his coat. The Fifth Alabama battalion also lost their flag at the enemy's works. There were seven field officers who went into the charge of whom only two came out. The rest were all wounded and captured. The loss in company officers and men was also heavy.

Joseph H. Saunders, the major commanding 33rd North Carolina infantry, says:

"I went, by subsequent measure, to within about 60 yards of the stone wall where I was wounded and remained till the next day, when I was taken from the field by the enemy. Just before I was shot, I distinctly remember seeing a Yankee color bearer just in front of the left of the regiment get up and run away trailing his flag and followed by his regiment; so that there was nothing to keep our regiment from going into the enemy's ranks. I was shot by the troops on the left, mentioned by Gen. Lane in his report. At the time I was, by direction of Col. Avery, acting as left guide to the line of battle, directing the line of march more to the right, so as to strike the enemy's works in a straight line. I see from the Virginian that Capt. Young states Lane and Scales' brigades did not reach the point attained by Pettigrew's. As to this point I can be perfectly positive as we overtook the first line, and the two lines then became one, and the advance was continued. There can be no mistake about this."

Gen. Joseph R. Davis says:

"For two hours the artillery fire was heavy and incessant. It (the division) was immediately in the rear of our batteries and with no protection; we suffered some losses. In Davis' brigade two men were killed and 20 wounded. After the artillery ceased the division moved forward, pressing to the right on Pickett's division. Not a shot was fired at us until we reached a strong post and rail fence about three-fourths of a mile from the enemy's position, when we were met by a heavy fire of grape, cannister and shell, which told badly upon our ranks.

"Under this destructive fire, which commanded our front and left with fatal effect, the troops displayed great coolness, were well in hand and moved steadily forward, regularly closing up the gaps made in their ranks. Our advance across the field was interrupted by other fences of a similar character in crossing which the alignment became more or less deranged. This was in each case promptly rectified and though its ranks were growing thinner at every step, this division moved steadily on in line with other troops on the right.

"When within musket range, we encountered a heavy fire of small arms, from which we suffered severely; but this did not for a moment check the advance. The right of the division, owing to the conformation of the ridge on which the enemy was posted, having a shorter distance to pass over to reach his first line of denfense, encountered him first in close conflict; but the whole division dashed up to his first line of defense, a stone wall behind which the opposing infantry were strongly posted. Here we were subjected to a most galling fire of musketry and artillery, that so reduced the already thin ranks that further effort to carry the position was hopeless, and there was nothing left to do but retire to the position originally held, which was done in more or less confusion. The coolness of officers and men was worthy of high commendation."

Major J. Jones, commanding Pettigrew's brigade, says:

"About 2 o'clock on the third we were ordered to advance. There was an open field in front about three-fourths of a mile wide. In starting off, there was some confusion in the line, owing to the fact that we had been ordered to close in on the right on Pickett's division and that command gave way to the left. This was soon corrected and the distance was made in perfect order. When about half across the intervening space, the enemy opened on us a most destructive fire of grape and cannister and when within about 250 or 300 yards of the stone wall behind which the enemy was posted, we were met with a perfect shower of lead from their small arms. The brigade dashed on and many had reached the wall when we were met by a volley from the left. The whole line on the left had given away, and we were being rapidly flanked. With our thinned ranks and in such a position it would have been folly to stand against such odds. We, therefore, fell back to our original position. But one field officer was left in the brigade. Regiments that went in with colonels came out commanded by lieutenants."

Gen. L. R. Trimble says:

"When the charge commenced, about 3 P. M., I followed Pettigrew's (Heth's) division, about 150 yards in the rear, a sufficient distance to prevent adverse fire raking both ranks as we marched down the slope. Notwithstanding the loses as we advanced, the men marched with deliberation and accuracy of men on drill. I observed the same in Pettigrew's lines. When the latter was within 150 yards of the Emmettsburg road they seemed to sink into the earth under the tempest of fire poured into them. We passed over the remnant of their line, and immediately some one close by my left sung out, 'Three cheers for the Old North State,' when both brigades set up a hearty shout, on which I said to my aid, 'Charley, I believe those fine fellows are going into the enemy's line'."

Lieut. Col. W. C. Morris says:

"Soon after we emerged from the woods Davis' brigade, in front of us, became engaged with the enemy, but being exposed to a heavy flanking fire, both of infantry and artillery, was forced to fall back. We were then ordered to double quick. Soon Pettigrew's and Archer's brigades became engaged in front and on our right. About the time Pettigrew's and Archer's brigades became engaged I could see our men on the extreme right falling back. Pettigrew's and Archer's men reached the works a little in advance of us, and succeeded in driving the enemy from his works immediately in their front, but were exposed to a flanking fire both right and left. They laid down, some in the road and some on the crest of the hill near the stone fence, and beckoned to us to come on. Gen. Trimble then ordered us to charge the enemy's works in our front. The order was promptly obeyed and here Gen. Trimble was wounded. About the time the right of our brigade made this charge, Gen. Lane changed direction to the left, which caused the separation of the Seventh regiment and all on the right of the colors of the 37th in the brigade. We drove the enemy in front of us from his position in the road, then from behind the stone fence and held his position for at least half an hour. Right here, between the road and the stone fence (the enemy having disappeared in our front) we became engaged with a flanking party on our left and were soon surrounded and captured. Six soldiers on the right of my line were wounded in the enemy's works and captured. Among the number was the lamented Lieut. Battle, whose wound proved fatal. Lieut. Horton was shot through the left lung. I was lieutenant colonel of the 37th regiment. Pettigrew's and Archer's brigades remained longest on our right. Pickett's division did not go further than our command."

Capt. E. F. Lovell says:

"I was captain of Company A, 28th North Carolina infantry. Our regiment captured a part of the enemy's works and held them a short time. Some of my men were wounded and captured inside the enemy's works."

Capt. W. R. Bond says:

"The Tennessee brigade suffered severely, but the courage of its survivors was unimpaired. There were three Mississippi regiments in Davis' brigade, which between them had 141 men killed on the field. Pickett's dead numbered not quite 15 to the regiment. The five North Carolina regiments of Pettigrew's division bore with fortitude a loss of 229 killed. Pickett's 15th Virginia regiments were fearfully demoralized by a loss of 224 killed. Virginia and North Carolina had each about the same number of infantry in this batle. Virginia had 375 killed, North Carolina 696. Less than 50 of Pickett's men followed Armistead to the abandoned gun. On July 5, as

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

Both of Wealthy Families, One Awaits Heir in Palace, The Other in a Cottage

(Mrs. "Jack" Gerahty, millionaire's daughter, now chauffeur's bride, at left. Mrs. John Jacob Astor, multi-millionaire's widow, at right). In a modest little cottage on Everett stret, Newport, R. I., Mr. and Mrs. "Jack" Gerahty are blissfully awaiting the arrival of an heir to their love and happiness. Mrs. Gerahty was Miss Julie Steel French, the pampered and petted daughter of Amos Touk French, millionaire and aristocrat, until a year ago, when she fell in love at first sight with Gerahty, a chauffeur and son of a cab driver. Her parents and relatives were, of course, horrified, disowned her on the spot, never granted forgiveness and do not show any signs of relenting. Neither does the former society girl, still a beauty, seem to have any inclination of getting down on her knees to her parents. Nevertheless, the society friends of the former Miss French are delighted at the news of the coming heir and are making preparations of showering "Jack" Jr., with all sorts of handsome and useful presents when he arrives.

In the historic Astor mansion at No. 840 Fifth avenue, New York, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, the young widow of Col. John Jacob Astor, is awaiting the arrival of an heir who will come in for $3,000,000 of the enormous fortune left by her husband. With the most noted specialist in New York and a big staff of trained nurses, Mrs. Madeline Force Astor, who is the daughter of a man of moderate means, is surrounded by all the comfort that great wealth can command. The beautiful young widow determined that the infant should first see the light in the family mansion which her husband bequeathed to her. Already thousands of dollars have been spent in equipping a large model nursery for the baby whom the mother hopes will be a boy to perpetuate the name of her husband, who lost his life with the hundreds of other men for the women and children in the Titanic disaster.

Wilmington Water Supplies

By Geo. F. Catlett, City Chemist.

In view of the importance of the subject to the public health and of the lack of knowledge commonly displayed in the selection of a drinking water supply, I am attempting to give in as simple language as possible, some idea of what our local sources are, and how to construe statements made in regard to them.

Rain Water and Cisterns.—Probably the most important watetr supply in the community for years back, and even at present highly favored and used, is the rain water caught on the roofs of buildings and stored in cisterns. Rain, as everyone knows, is the water carried up as vapor by evaporation from large bodies of water and precipitated on the earth's surface by nature's processes. So fixed has become the idea of the absolute purity of this "water from the heavens," that it is not strange to note the confidence with which people will make use of water from a foul cistern even when the water is strongly objectionable, because of their entire faith in the purity of the original source.

Even casual inspection will show that rain water is far from pure, and is often polluted to a surprising extent.

One of the functions of rain is to cleanse the atmosphere of noxious gases and bacterial life; the larger the city the more of these present.

The various germs floating in the air and ready to be carried down by the first shower, do not play a very material part from the hygienic standpoint because they are not likely disease-causing, and because of the germicidal effect of the strong sunlight. However, tests made in the city of Paris showed about 6,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter of air, and in the suburbs about 275.

The roof upon which the rain falls is a twofold cause of impurity in the collected water; first, because of the material of which the roof is constructed; and, second, because of the foreign substances that may settle upon it. In cities, the amount of street dust blown upon the roof and afterwards washed into the cistern is much greater than is commonly supposed. Soot, excrement of birds, fallen leaves and mossy growths are among the many additions to be found in a roof-collected water.

Besides these impurities getting into a cistern and decomposing in the dark, fetid atmosphere with the consequent foul and filthy water, we frequently find contamination from faulty construction of the cistern, itself. Our cisterns are usually built of brick and concrete below the surface of the ground, and if there is the slightest leak or fault in construction, there is communication between the inner cistern water and the ground water outside. Where there are adjacent cesspools, stables and surface privies, the best constructed masonry might not prevent this.

Various tests made on water from the city cisterns, by the author and others for the Health Department, show in the majority of cases neglected and filthy cisterns, the water in which is hardly fit for drinking and might cause intestinal troubles. These cases show a gross neglect for the cleanliness and care of cisterns in the city, and for this reason are rather against this type of supply.

If water is caught from a roof, preferably slate, that is thoroughly cleaned before water is collected and the water stored in a tight, well-constructed cistern, with sanitary surroundings, a good, wholesome water may be obtained, provided the cistern is thoroughly cleaned at short intervals and carefully watched. However, there are so many chances for pollution and such careful attention is required that cistern water in the city is not to be too highly favored.

A form of cistern especially to be condemned is the so-called filtering type, made by dividing the cistern into two chambers by a brick wall. The water percolates through the wall—which only serves as a strainer at best; it is hard to clean, and gives a false sense of security.

Surface Wells and Pumps; Ground Water.—Rain falling upon the ground and melting snow sink and circulate into the soil. This circulation is governed by gravity and surface tension of the soil particles. When rain falls the water adds to the films on the particles until the voids between are filled, when the surface tension becomes zero, and gravity draws down with a maximum force and the surface tension from the partly filled void below assist it. On the other hand, when the top particles become dry the water is drawn up. In this way nature keeps a supply of water on hand to furnish automatically the moisture required in the soil functions of plant growth. This is the ground water supply which furnishes the shallow wells and pumps, the latter especially to be seen in large number around the city.

It is true that passing through this soil purifies a water. A man may go on a farm or isolated place and pump this water for drinking with perfect safety. However, if he does not select a place at sufficient distance from his privy and stables and with a consideration of the elevations between the two, he will get the excreta from his family and stock in his water. A given amount of soil will only purify from a limited amount of contamination, and when the soil becomes saturated with excreta its purifying properties are lost. If this man acquire a neighbor, the danger is doubled, and it can be very readily understood why this type of supply should be strongly condemned in a city—where habitations are close together and a citizen has no control over the location of surface closet by his neighbor a few feet away.

Of the samples of this type of water collected in the city nearly all show excreta pollution.

Of course, the question comes up as to why this type of supply is not done away with. Unfortunately the citizens using these are of a class, white and negro, too poor to supply a better source privately, and either too far from the city mains, or are living in a rented house in which the investment does not admit of the necessary plumbing to avail themselves of this supply. It is also unfortunate that it is among this type of citizen that the dangerous surface closet is most prevalent, where excreta is dumped on the ground. The present excellent work of the Health Department in enforcing sanitary closets is doing a great deal to protect the ground from pollution.

Springs. — Springs of small flow, such as trickle out of the hillsides

(Continued on Page Ten.)

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WILMINGTON WATER SUPPLIES

(Continued from Page Nine.)

around the city, are properly to be classified with the surface wells and pumps just mentioned—they furnish ground water only, and are of local origin.

Deep-Seated Wells.—Ground water, filtered down through porous rock strata, or flowing into this through upper impervious rock which has a break or "fault", and carried for distances, so that water layers are to be had after boring through one or more of the protecting impervious rock strata, are found quite numerously in this section, as in most of the Atlantic seaboard. These crop out in many places through a lower elevated fault as springs, but we hardly have this type in the city. By boring we sometimes strike a flowing well, properly termed artesian, though this name is commonly applied to all deep wells. Most of our wells do not flow, but furnish when sunk in most parts of the city a wholesome water.

This is the safest and most reliable water source we have; it invariably originates in a distant place and is not often polluted. Of samples collected from the city wells ony a few showed pollution. However, it is a mistake to think that because you have a well sunk a hundred feet in the ground you always have a healthy water. Pollution is caused first, by cracks or faults in the protecting rock above the original source, and permitting ground water to get in; secondly, a cracked rock in driving the casing; and, thirdly, by a leaky casing or one cut off too close to the ground, so as to allow surface water to flow over. A new well should be tested before using, and it is advisable to check at intervals.

I have found a very good water in the city from a stratum about 100 feet below the surface, but have seen this same water at a good deal less depth. It is a bad plan to specify that a well shall be 100 feet deep, or any special depth, but rather that a layer of good water should be found after going through sufficient upper rock to protect from ground water.

The Public Supply from Cape Fear River—It should be readily seen that the safest, cheapest, and most convenient source of water supply would be a community supply with quantity insured against any contingency and quality carefully watched and tested at all times by necessary treatment and testing. In this way a citizen should without any effort or anxiety, be assured of a supply always at hand suitable for laundry and drinking, as well as a protection against fire.

In securing a supply for this city the very best experts in the country have been called in to consider the most desirable equipment suitable to our needs and the present arrangement has been pretty generally acknowledged to be the best, and one to congratulate ourselves upon, and boast of.

As a source of supply the deep-seated wells first suggest themselves because of the good sanitary quality of the water. The great trouble with this source, however, has been shown to be lack of reliable quantity. Even should we secure today sufficient supply to meet our consumption, there is no assurance that we would continue to get that much, and as the city grows it would certainly fall short. This water is not inexhaustible, as some suppose, but is dependent upon rainfall and other conditions. Besides, in using this water we avail ourselves of a natural filter supplied by the surrounding soil and geological formation; if too much draught was put upon the supply there is danger of destroying these filtering conditions and the supply would have to be abandoned. Charleston, for example, tried this experiment without securing adequate supply and they were forced to abandon their wells and go to one of their streams with an elaborate purification plant. Brooklyn, N. Y., has a chain of wells that furnish an auxiliary supply but only a small fraction of their consumption, and an unreliable source.

There is left for us only one practicable supply, that from some of our streams or rivers. Of course, the Cape Fear river is the nearest and containing the largest volume, and hence the most convenient and cheapest source. The only question to arise is whether it is sufficiently polluted by the city sewage to make its purification unprofitable, and if not practicable how far it is necessary to go to get a suitable supply. Experts report that a perfectly wholesome supply can be obtained from the present intake by the present system of filtration. In fact a short while ago Dr. Geo. C. Whipple, one of the best known and highly regarded water specialists in the world, reported after a series of tests that it was not even advisable to move the intake higher up the river.

All of our streams would show some pollution and require filtration. Dr. Whipple's tests and my own subsequent ones show that the raw water at the intake contains only around 3,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter, a few of which are intestinal or derived from animal pollution. This does not indicate a bad water in itself and a filter, would rid it of many times this degree of pollution. Along the Hudson river are numbers of fair-sized cities each one dumping its sewage down upon the other, with consequent count of hundreds of thousands of bacteria to the cubic centimeter among which are many intestinal species and even pathogenic ones. Yet many of these cities filter this water with excellent results. One town just below Philadelphia receives the sewage of that city and filters this water with good results. I could mention many of these places but this will serve to illustrate how free our river is from pollution compared with many other places and what an easy task we have to secure bacterially pure water. We have no city or even town above us to give us its sewage, the river is a fairly large one, and even little of our own sewage gets back to the intake. I do not hesitate to say that ten times the amount of sewage dumped into the river as it is now done will not influence the quality of the filtered water.

There is another great trouble we have to contend with, which is a good deal more of a problem. There is hardly a water in the country with higher organic coloring matter and more difficult to whiten. This color is taken up from the cypress and other growths that are found on the river's watershed. It is about the same thing that colors tea and is about as harmless to the human system as that beverage. It varies in intensity very much, being especially high after rains and freshet and at certain seasons of the year. Its variation suddenly on a change of tide makes it particularly difficult to deal with.

Another difficulty lies in the fact that this high content of organic matter and the softness of the water are just the conditions to promote corrosion of the iron mains, and although a water leaves the filters free from color, the pipes especially on dead ends and where there is a stirring up, give a disagreeable color to the water. This, though it affects the laundry and esthetic efficiency, does not impair its sanitary properties.

The scope of this article will not admit of a discussion of the pumping and steaming plant except to say that we have excellent and adequate apparatus for pumping double our present daily consumption.

In the process of filtration the water is first pumped to concrete coagulation basins and as it passes in it is "dosed" with a solution of sulphate of aluminum to the amount of about 2.5-3 grains of this chemical per gallon of water. This as it comes in contact with the alkaline salts naturally in the water is changed to aluminum hydrate, which is insoluble in water and separates out as a voluminous, gelatious substance. Where there is insufficient alkali as in the case of a very soft water like ours, enough soda solution is added to make this alkali in excess and thus insure a complete precipitation of the sulphate of aluminum.

This insoluble aluminum hydrate jelly settles gradually to the bottom, and entangling the bacteria and sediment carries them to the bottom with it. It also has a very marked property of absorbing the coloring matter in the water. It takes, moreover, so much more chemical to absorb the high color than to take out the low bacteria content that we are always way on the save side of bacterial efficiency. If the bacteria count should increase considerably we would still have sufficient chemical applied to handle it.

After the water leaves this basin it goes to the filters. These are rectangular concrete basins with strainers on the bottoms. On top of the strainers is a layer of gravel and on top of that is a layer of fine sand. As the water in which is suspended some of the aluminum hydrate passes through the filter, this insoluble substance is caught on the sand and further aids in filtration and decolorization. At frequent intervals the action of the filters is reversed and the filters washed out with clean filtered water and compressed air as an agitant. The effluent is washed into a sewer and discarded.

The water is then treated with a weak solution of sodium hypochlorite and this serves to further insure the destruction of bacterial life. The water then goes to the mains.

There are two coagulating basins of about 80,000 gallons capacity each and eight filters of 500,000 gallons capacity per 24 hours. There is also a 1,000,000-gallon reservoir kept filled with filtered water for emergency, preventing any contingency whereby raw water must be pumped into the mains. All of this apparatus is of the latest and most improved type and substantially constructed. The laboratory is adequate for making all necessary tests.

What Analytical Results Mean—Passing an opinion on a water supply is unlike most analytical work, but can be better likened to a physician's diagnosis of a disease by its symptoms. Results that would mean a bad water from one source would mean nothing from another source. Bacterial results as well as chemical vary tremendously if the sample is kept and under other conditions. A chemist must know all of the conditions concerning the origin of the sample, the surroundings of the source, conditions of wells, cisterns and pumps, and many other things peculiar to the locality. For this reason it is almost impossible for a chemist to pass on a supply at a distance from it, and hence a report from a man in a distant place who knows nothing of the locality and the origin of the sample, should be viewed with suspicion. There are four kinds of water tests, viz: physical, chemical, microscopic and bacteriological.

Physical tests—color, odor, taste, turbidity and temperature—are of very little value from a sanitary standpoint, though odor and taste might indicate gross sewage pollution or decomposing matter, and they all give an idea as to source. They are all important from an esthetic standpoint. Tests as to odor, taste and temperature hardly require description. Color is indicated by an arbitrary scale devised by Allen Hazen, called the platinumcobalt scale and adopted as standard by the American Public Health Association. This is a water solution of potassium platinic chloride and cobalt chloride in the proportion of 1.246 grams of the former and one gram of the latter to one liter of water, and the unit is that produced by one part of platinum per million. Turbidity is measured by a similar standard consisting of finely-divided silica suspended in water, the unit being one part of silica-per million.

The chemical tests were the first scientific attempt to test and classify waters. The tests of sanitary importance are based on the contamination of the wate r with nitrogenous animal excreta. Albuminoid ammonia represents this organic matter. As it decomposes free ammonia is formed, and in turn this oxidized to nitrates and the latter to nitrates. In this way we could trace the history of the impurities; if all were high this would indicate continued pollution and high nitrates would show that there had been polluting water. Unfortunately certain waters under certain conditions can have high amounts of some of these from other causes and the method does not work out as prettily as it looks. Chlorine is also a good indicator because urine contains large quantities of chlorides, but chlorine varies considerably in different waters naturally. Thus, cisterns or surface water would be naturally low; deep waters high; and water near the beach very high. However, all of the results taken together are corroboratory of bacterial results and valuable.

The microscopic tests are not valuable except in the case of stored water, pipe fouling and disagreeable odors, with which we are little concerned with here. They consist in counting the animal and vegetable organisms that may be examined with a microscope, in a measured amount of water. These organisms have never been known to cause harm to persons drinking them. They exist in all waters but to no extent in our local supplies.

Bacteriological tests are the latest and most important and as improved methods of this nature are developed wonderful results may be expected.

Bacteria are minute organisms so small that the most powerful microscopes cannot search them out. They are classified as plant life and have wonderful power of reproduction so that a single bacterium may multiply to millions in a short space of time and these groups or colonies can be studied with a misroscope or the naked eye. All nature teems with them; every liquid or solid swarms with them. A single drop of water may contain millions and all waters contain large numbers, even our purest supplies may contain vast numbers by the time it reaches the human lips. The air is full of them and the human body also. Of course there are many kinds and types. Some are useful in nature, such as the saprogenic that cause decomposition, the zymogenic causing fermentation, and the colon bacilli of the intestines as well as others in the body that assist in digestive and other actions, some even destroying the harmful ones; numerous species are of no use, but harmless, or rather whose purpose is not determined; and finally there are those upon whom there is placed the responsibility for various diseases. Among the latter class may be mentioned bacillus typhosus causing typhoid fever which like many others of intestinal origin lives in the intestines of persons afflicted with disease and spread it to others by means of the excreta from these persons.

As was mentioned before all waters contain some bacteria, but a good water tested without keeping the sample should not run over 100 to each cubic centimeter (roughly 470 cc to a pint). Every hour these multiply and a sample kept will show many times this figure. However, a water may contain many times this amount of bacterial life and still be safe—may have many thousand to the cubic centimeter and no disease-causing germs; so to be certain this test needs corroboration. The test is made by measuring a cubic centimeter into a sterile dish containing gelatine, beef juice, and peptone. In about 48 hours each bacterium has multiplied to a colony that can be counted with the naked eye.

Common water bacteria grow best at ordinary atmospheric temperature, 20 degrees centigrade (about 68 Fahrenheit) and higher temperatures are not so conducive to their growth; while bacteria from the body grow best at body heat, 38 degrees C (about 99 degrees F). So useful information may be obtained by cultures at each of these two temperatures.

It is possible to separate colonies of the different species and identify them as such, but it is a lengthy and tedious task and not practicable in the ordinary testing of water. When a supply is suspected of causing an epidemic, as of typhoid, it is sometimes advisable to separate the bacillus typhosus out and identify it, but this requires considerable time and is not useful for prophylactic measures.

Water pollution by disease bacteria, however, comes from human or animal excreta, and it is sufficient to determine the presence of intestinal pollution. Even if there were no disease germs present one's esthetic taste would likely recoil from drinking dilute sewage.

Every person's intestines contain millions of intestinal bacteria, mainly bacillus coli, and the excreta also contains myriads; so a water polluted with sewage must contain bacillus coli. For this reason the colonies found are tested to identify these. The best of waters would show it in small quantities, so that its presence in over 10 cc of the sample is not considered of value. A water showing it in 10 cc is suspicious, in 1 cc bad, and in 0.1 cc very badly polluted. It must be borne in mind that bacillus coli are not harmful, but are ever present and helpful in the human body and their presence only means animal contamination. A water even showing these bacteria in 0.1 cc need not mean that disease-causing bacteria are present.

Testing of the City Water and the Results—Since starting in as City Chemist I have made a daily count of bacteria and tested for coli on the water admitted to the city mains. The total count averages around 75 per cubic centimeter and I have found coli in 1 cc and never with one exception in even 10 cc. This exception was an afternoon when we were short on alum on account of a delayed shipment. I do not believe that there is a water supply in the country that can beat this as to bacterial purity. Besides these tests the State has a sample each month and their results are about the same. They have never found coli, though the total count in their sample is multiplied by two days or more taken in transit. Besides these bacterial tests chemical tests are made usually twice daily and when the color gives trouble sometimes oftener. The color and turbidity of the raw water is recorded, as well as the alkalinity of the filtered water to insure an excess that will take out all of the dissolved aluminum sulphate, and the chlorine in both raw and filtered water to check up the addition of hypochlorite and to further check bacterial tests as to the elimination of pollution. Reports on all these are filed weekly in the offices of the Water and Sewage Department, the Health Department and City Chemist.

As there seems to be some uneasiness as to the chemicals used in treating the water, I may say that nothing goes into the water sent to the mains that is not found in all water. The alkali coming into contact with sulphate of aluminum changes the latter into the insoluble salt settled and filtered out, and the alkaline salts are changed from carbonates to sulphates. The hypochlorite (only 8-10 lbs. to 1,750,000 gallons) increases the chlorine slightly and possibly the alkalinity a very little. All waters contain these: e.g. the ordinary city wells (deep) contain usually about 25-30 parts per million of chlorine, while the filtered water runs 8-10; the wells run from 100-200 alkalinity, while the filtered water we purposely raise to about 12, because it is too soft. The only tendency to do anything objectionable is the changing of the carbonates of lime, etc., to the sulphates or from temporary hardness to permanent hardness, and hence to boiler incrustants. However, this is very slight and the river water is so very soft and contains so little incrustants that the filtered water is way below the limits set for a good boiler or laundry water.

The one great trouble with the water, as mentioned before, has been the color. For the most part we have had a fairly white water, but after rains and freshets sometimes some yellow water has been admitted to the mains. this will probably be remedied when some small changes now being made at the plant, are completed and further study made of the conditions.

The sickness that has occurred in the city in the past, especially last Summer, was ascribed by quite a few to the water supply. I was not in the city at the time and know nothing of the matter personally, but from the nature of the plant and report of experts on the situation, I hardly think the water had anything to do with the trouble. I do not think there are any here now with the crudest conception of the fundamental principles of water purification, that would say that our water supply causes diseases. It is rather unfair to the community for members of the medical profession, who know little of the subject of water purification or have taken little trouble to investigate, to prejudice the minds of their patients against the water in the capacity of professional adviser.

In changing from one water supply to another a person may object to the taste of the new water and even suffer from diarrheal trouble from the change. This is not serious or permanent and is due to the varying amount of mineral salts in one water and another. In case one is not sure of a water, boiling is always a safe remedy against possible pollution; no disease bacteria can withstand this treatment.

Ice and milk—The same things applicable to water may be said of ice. The products from the city ice plants have been tested and found excellent.

Milk contains the bacteria just as water, and even more, because milk is a fine nutrient medium. The best milks contain as high as 100,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter. The water in which bottles and utensils are washed is also a source of the contamination of milk. The city has made no provision for the bacteriological testing of milk and we are not equipped to do the work.

In conclusion I want to warn against the use of the various devices on the market represented as water filters for private houses. Ninety per cent. are not filters at all and not only useless, but highly dangerous.

If one has beauty there is no need to seek a husband; if one has brains one knows better; it is only the mediocre woman who is eager to wed.

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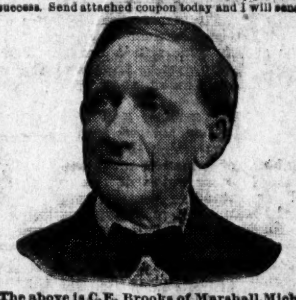

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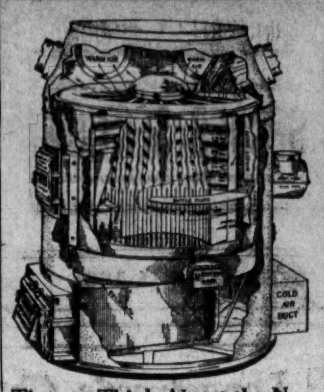

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LONGSTREET'S CHARGE

(Continued from Page Nine.)

Lieut. Col. Charles H. Morgan, chief of Gen. Hancock's staff, and Capt. Hazard rode over the field in front of Smythe's brigade, Col. Morgan said to Hazard: 'They may talk as they please about the hard fighting in front of Gibbon, but there are more dead men here than anywhere in our front.' To this conclusion Hazard assented.

"The stone wall ran from the left and in front of Lane's, Davis' and Pettigrew's North Carolina brigades and ended where the right of the last named rested at the close of the assault."

Col. L. J. Lowrance, 34th North Carolina infantry, commanding Scales' brigade, says:

"I joined on the right of Gen. Lane's brigade on the second line, under Gen. Trimble's command, in the rear of Pogue's artillery. Here we remained at least an hour, under a most galling fire of artillery, which, I am proud to say, the men endured with the coolness and determined spirit of veterans, for such they are. Then we were ordered forward over a wide, hot and already crimson field of slain. We advanced upon the enemy's line, which was in full view, at a distance of one mile. Now their whole line of artillery was playing on us, which was on an eminance in our front, strongly fortified and supported by infantry. While we were thus advancing many fell, but I saw but few in that hazardous hour who tried to shrink duty. All went forward with a cool and steady step, but ere we had advanced over two-thirds of the way troops from the front came tearing through our ranks, which caused many of our men to break; with the remaining we went forward until the right of the brigade touched the enemy's line of breastworks, as we marched in rather an oblique line. Now the pieces in our front were all silenced. Here many were shot down, being thus exposed to a heavy fire of grape and musketry upon our right flank.

"Now all had apparently forsaken us. The two brigades (now reduced to mere squads not numbering in all 800 men) were the only lines to be seen upon that vast field and no support in view. The brigade retreated."

Col. S. D. Lowe, 28th North Carolina infantry, says:

"We advanced about a mile, starting just in rear of Pettigrew's left, which brigade closing and dressing to the right, we to the left, in less than half the distance uncovered us and left our front line over 300 yards from the enemy's works. I received a wound from a minnie ball and was carried to the rear. They were old veterans—true men, and of their own accord would not walk up merely to throw down their guns 'for the war.' I think about one-third of our casualties were killed, the remainder wounded. My men never fought better than on that field."

Lieut. Thomas L. Norwood, Company A, 37th North Carolina regiment, says:

"I was first lieutenant, Company A, 37th North Carolina troops, Lane's brigade (Gen. Lane in command), Pender's division (Gen. Trimble commanding). My command, i.e., my own company, and, as far as I observed, the whole regiment and brigade, advanced firmly and cheerfully to within 30 yards of the enemy's works, where the encountered a plank-fence. Several officers, myself among the number, sprang over the fence, followed by the whole command, so far as I know. The cannoneers then left their guns. I rushed forward, thinking the day ours, and when within 20 yards of the enemy's works, was called by Lieut. Mickle, who told me that our line had fallen back. Just then he and I, and Lieut. Royster (the only other man that I remember seeing so near the works) were shot down. I know not by whose orders the retreat took place. Mickle and Royster were killed. I was dragged over the breastworks by a Federal sergeant, where I found several prisoners from different commands, but do not know when or how they got there, as I soon fainted."

Capt. D. M. McIntyre, acting adjutant general of Scales' brigade, says:

"My brigade went into the enemy's works."

H. L. Guerrant says:

"Scales' brigade entered the breastworks and remained there until driven out by the enemy's advancing their flanks," thus fully sustaining Gen. Trimble and Maj. Englehard.

Gen. James H. Lane says:

"My command never moved forward more handsomely. The men reserved their fire in accordance with orders, until within good range of the enemy, and then opening with telling effect, driving the cannoneers from their pieces, completely silencing the guns in our immediate front and breaking the line of infantry on the crest of the hill."

Capt. B. F. Little, Company E, 52nd North Carolina regiment, says:

"I was shot when about 50 feet from the enemy's works, and the ground between the enemy's works and where I lay was thickly strewn with killed and wounded, some of them having fallen immediately at the works. I do not think a single one ever got back to the rear, except those who were slightly wounded before they got to the place where I was wounded. And such was the case with the companies on either side of my company. When I was taken prisoner and borne to the rear I passed over their works and found some of my men killed and wounded immediately in the works."

Col. Swallow says:

"Pettigrew's brigade, now united with Archer's brigade, which had not entered the fortifications, attacked the enemy with a most desperate determination. While the writer lay wounded with Gen. Smythe of Hays' division, at Gettysburg, that officer told him that Pettigrew's brigade was within 30 feet of his line and fought with a determination that he had never seen equaled." (Gen. Hays' division occupied the left half of the rock wall assaulted on Cemetery Heights).

"When Gen. Trimble fell he sent a staff officer to tell Gen. Lane he was wounded, and added: 'Tell Lane that if these North Carolinians that I had the honor to lead can't take these works, all hell could not do it.'

"Just before Trimble took command of these troops he was a stranger to them and they to him. Their beloved Pender had been carried off the field the day before.

"Gen. Lane remained fighting for some time after Pickett left the field. It has been wondered why Pettigrew lost so many more men than Pickett. The answer is this: Every cannon had been dismounted but one piece by the concentrated fire of Alexander's guns in Pickett's front, while in Pettigrew's front were massed three batteries, six guns each, 18 cannon in all. These batteries played sad havoc in Pettigrew's brigade. The grape, cannister and shrapnel cut great gaps in their line, but undismayed the men pressed on, climbing two high post fences in the charge to the stone wall. Gen Pettigrew received a grape shot through his left hand, but did not leave the field until the charge had failed. He rode up to Gen. Lee and saluted. Gen. Lee then went to him and asked him if he was hurt.

When Gen. Pettigrew's division was selected, Gens. Longstreet and Lee thought it had recuperated from the first day's fight, but "they were terribly mistaken," says Col. Venable, of Lee's staff. These troops were very much cut up.

Just before the assault, Gen. Lee rode past Scales' brigade and asked, "What brigade is this?"

Gen. Trimble replied, "It is Scales' North Carolina."

Gen. Lee looked mournfully at the column and said: "I miss many faces here today."

Gen. Scales had been taken off the field in the first day's fight, and every regimental officer. As Lee started off he added. "These poor fellows ought to go to the rear."

Many of them had their heads tied up and their hands tied up as they stood in line. Yet these brave fellows went to the stone wall in the fight and entered the works.

In the charge, Lieut. Col. Gordon, of the 34th North Carolina, and the British army, but who had united his fortunes with those of the Confederacy was severely wounded before reaching the stone wall and borne from the field. When the litter bearers reached the brigade hospital, Gen. Scales anxiously inquired of Gordon, "How goes the battle. What is the character of the fighting." Gordon exclaimed. "The charge at Balaklava is a damned humbug, a damned humbug, sir."

"It is said there is a plank in possession of the Pennsylvania Historical Society, taken from the high post fence over which Scales' men charged. This plank is 16 feet long, 14 inches wide and contains 800 bullet holes.

Gen. Longstreet says:

"The signal guns were fired, and all the batteries opened very handsomely and apparently with effective fire. The guns on the hill at the enemy's left (in Pickett's front) were silenced. Those at the Cemetery Hill combatted us, however, very obstinately. Many of them were driven off, but fresh ones were brought up to replace them," these guns were in Pettigrew's and Trimble's front. "Pickett's men were sheltered for some distance, after the advance commenced, with the batteries in their front silenced, while Pettigrews and Trimble's division caught a fearful fire almost from the start."

Col. Frye, who led Archer's brigade says:

"I heard Garnett give a command. Seeing his gesture of inquiry, I called out, 'I am dressing on you.' A few seconds later he fell dead. A moment later a shot through my thigh prostrated me. The smoke soon became so dense that I could see but little of what was going on on the left (referring to a brigade which had just given away.) All the regimental colors of my command reached the line of the enemy's works, and many of my officers and men were killed while passing over it."

Casualties in Heth's division.

Archer's brigade, Fifth and 13th Alabama, also First, Seventh and 14th Tennessee provisional army, killed 16, wounded 144; total 160

Pettigrew's brigade, 11th, 26th, 47th, and 52nd North Carolina, killed 190, wounded 915; total 1,105.

Davis' brigade, 55th North Carolina, Second, 11th and 42nd Mississippi, killed 190, wounded 717; total 907.

Brockenborough's brigade, 22nd, 40th 47th, and 55th Virginia, killed 25, wounded 123; total 148.

Aggregate in Heath's division, killed 411, wounded, 1,899; total 2,310.

Pender's division. Scales' brigade, 15th, 16th, 32nd, 34th and 58th North Carolina, killed 102; wounded 323; total 425.

Lane's brigade, Seventh, 18th, 28th, 33rd and 37th North Carolina, killed 41; wounded 348; total 389.

McGowan's brigade. First South Carolina (Provisional army) First, 12th, 13th and 14th South Carolina Rifles, killed 100; wounded 477; total 577.

Thomas' brigade, 13th, 30th, 45th and 49th Georgia, killed 16; wounded 136; total 152.

Aggregate of Pender's division, killed 259; wounded 1,383; total 1,542.

Pickett's division, Kemper's brigade, First, Third, 7th and 24th Virginia, killed 58; wounded 356; total 414.

Armistead's brigade, Ninth, 14th, 38th, 53rd and 57th Virginia, killed 88; wounded 469; total 557.

Garnett's brigade, Eighth, 18th, 19th, 28th and 56th Virginia, killed 78; wounded 324; total 402.

Aggregate Pickett's division, killed 224; wounded 1,140; total 1,364.

Hood's division, Law's brigade, Fourth, 15th, 44th, 47th and 48th Alabama, killed 74; wounded 276; total 350.

Anderson's brigade Seventh, Ninth, 11th, Eighth and 59th Georgia, killed 105, wounded 512; total 617.

Robertson's brigade, Third Arkansas, First Fourth and Fifth Texas, killed 84; wounded 393; total 477.

Aggregate in Hood's division, killed 263; wounded 1,191; total 1,444.

Losses by brigades, Pettigrew's, Heath's division, 1,105; Davis', 897; Armistead's, Pickett's division, 548; Anderson's, Hoods division, 617; McGowan's, Pender's division, 577.

Casualties Longstreets charge at Gettysburg. Recapitulation:

Hood's division, three brigades, total killed and wounded 1,444.

Heth's division, four brigades, Pettigrew's 1,105; Archer's 160; Davis' 907; Brockenbrough's 148; total 2,320.

Penders division, four brigades, McGowan's 577; Thomas' 152; Scales' 425; Lane's 389; total 1,543.

Pickett's division, three brigades, Garnett's 402; Armistead's 546; Kemper's 414; total 1,364.

Hood's division, three brigades, Law's 350; Anderson's 617; Robertson's 477; total 1,444.

Pickett's loss in killed and wounded was less than any other division engaged, and only 369 more than Pettigrew's brigade, while Heth's division, Gen. Pettigrew commanding, was 946 greater than Pickett's.

Louis C. Young, aide-de-camp to Gen. Johnston Pettigrew, says:

"When we emerged from the woods into the plains the absence of the two left brigades were discovered, and Gen. Pettigrew instructed me to go for them with all speed, but I had scarcely turned to do so when out came Davis with a rush, but not Brockenbrough's Virginia brigade, and I asked Gen. Pettigrew if I should go for it. He replied 'No,' that it might follow, and if it failed to do so it would not matter. This was a small brigade that had suffered from frequent change of commanders, and had been so badly handled that it was in a chaotic state of demoralization, and was not to be relied upon; it was virtually of no value in a fight. Afterward it advanced to the protection of some rifle pits in front of Seminary Ridge, but it took no part in the charge."

From the evidence produced here of soldiers—aye, heroes—from Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and North Carolina, who not only participated in, but advanced to the front as far, some farther, than any of Pickett's, Gen. Longstreet must either have been extremely biased or in total ignorance of the part taken and the heroic fighting by the troops from these States, as his report to Gen. Lee in the war records is very misleading. He extols Pickett and condemns Pettigrew and Trimble's division. Years afterward in his memoirs something came over the spirit of his dream, for his official report must have been a dream of his or his favorite, Gen. Pickett, which caused him to come nearer the facts, though he still evinced very great partiality for Pickett. He says after Gen. Pickett received his affirmative bow as an order for him to advance his division, Gen. Pickett accepted the duty with seeming confidence of success, leaped on his horse and rode gayly to his command. Gen. Pickett, a graceful horseman, sat lightly in the saddle, his brown locks flowing over his shoulders. Also, that Gen. Pickett, finding the battle broken, while the enemy was still re-enforcing, called the troops off.

Now as to the facts: Capt. Lewis G. Young, of Charleston S. C., at the time aide-de-camp on Gen. J. J. Pettigrew's staff, says that Gen. Pickett did not lead his men. Capt. Wm. H. Bond, of Scotland Neck, N. C., in his 'historical essay, "Pickett or Pettigrew," says repeating Gen. Humphreys' invitation to his staff, etc: "Gentlemen, I shall lead this charge. I presume, of course, you will want to ride with me." Now compare that to Pickett, who was not within a mile of his column when they charged at Gettysburg; Pettigrew and Armistead led Pickett's division there.

Neither Pickett nor any member of his staff, nor even one of his horses, was touched. Why? Because, dismounted, and on the farther side of a hill that protected them from the enemy's fire.

Pettigrew led his division. Pettigrew was wounded by a grape shot shattering his hand, and no member of his staff came out of the fight without being wounded or having his horse shot under him. Gen. Trimble, commanding his division, was severely wounded. Here is further corroborative evidence from one of Gen. Lee's staff, a Virginian, Col. Charles S. Venable, Charlottesville, Va.:

Wilmington, N. C., March 21. 1899.

Dear Sir—A few days ago Dr. Isaac Manning suggested that you would probably give me your account of Longstreet's commonly but erroneously called Pickett's charge at Gettysburg. I am collecting data to counteract the falsehoods in regard to that charge, and Dr. Manning thinks your description will be of material assistance. I think he said that Pickett did not lead his men. Respectfully,

JAMES I. METTS.

To Col. Charles S. Venable, Charlottesville, Va.

Charlottesville, Va., March 22, 1899.

Dear Sir—Your letter received. My health is not equal to the recapitulating and recalling of the events of the war; I will say all honor can be given to Pickett's brigade, although the general was not with it. Pickett's and Pettigrew's brigade met simultaneously at the brow of the hill at Gettysburg. Pettigrew was well to the front, leading his men. Respectfully,

CHAS. S. VENABLE,
per M.

Pickett remained behind.

"The Civil War," by Frank Moore, contains a description of the battlefield of Gettysburg, etc., by G. J. Cross, who, after describing Longstreet's assault, says:

"In the bloody ruck hundreds of their best officers went down. It was the turning point of the grand drama, and with the sun, on the 3rd day of July, went down the sun of the 'Confederacy' forever. Although known as Pickett's charge, Gen. Graham, whom I met yesterday, informs me that Pickett himself was not in it. He describes him as a coarse, brutal fellow, and says he treated him with the greatest inhumanity after the battle, whilst wounded and a prisoner in his hands.

John M. Vanderslice says:

"As Pickett's division neared the wall it was joined on its left by Frye's Tennessee brigade of Pettigrew's line, and at the same time Lowrance's North Carolina brigade rushed from the rear and joined Frye's and Garnett's at the angle of the wall. The two guns of Cushing's battery at the wall were silenced, and the left of the 71st Pennsylvania was withdrawn to a line with the right, at the all to the rear. Through this gap the Confederates crossed the wall. Garnett had been killed and Kemper wounded. The other guns of Cushing's Battery A, 4th United States, were posted near the clump of trees near by. Armistead, putting his hat on his sword dashed forward towards the battery, followed by a portion of his command, and fell dead by the side of Cushing, near the "copse" of woods, which was the extreme point reached by the Confederates in this charge.

"Farther to the right, Marshall's brigade, 11th, 26th, 47th and 52nd North Carolina, Davis' 2nd, 11th and 42nd Mississippi, and 55th North Carolina, and Lane's 7th, 18th, 28th, 33rd and 37th North Carolina, were fighting with Smyth's brigade of Hays' division of the Second Corps, 12th New Jersey, 1st Delaware, 14th Connecticut, and 108th New York Infantry and Sherrill's (formerly Willard's) 39th, 111th, 125th and 126th New York Infantry. The two little brigades of Hays' division poured fearful volleys into the brave foe, which compelled some of them to crowd to their right upon Pickett, while others fled or surrendered. Woodruff's battery in the grove to the right, moved forward and swept the enemy with canister. The 8th Ohio, on the skirmish line to the right, changed front forward on left company, and opened fire upon the flank.

"The left of the charging column, under Pettigrew and Trimble, suffered as severely as the right, under Pickett.

"Great injustice has been done these troops by the prevailing erroneous impression that they failed to advance with those of Pickett. Such is not the fact. As they were formed behind Seminary Ridge, they had over 1,600 yards to march under the terrible fire to which they were exposed, while Pickett's division, being formed under cover of the intermediate ridge had but 900 yards to march under fire. At the first the assaulting columns advanced en echelon, but when they reached the Emittsburg road they were on a line. The left of Pettigrew's command becoming first exposed to the fearful enfilading fire upon their left flank from the 8th Ohio and other regiments of Hays' division, and of Woodruff's battery and other troops, the men on that portion of the line (Brockenbrough's brigade) either broke to the rear or threw themselves on the ground for protection. But Pettigrew's other brigades, Frye's, Davis' and Marshall's, with the brigades of Lowrance and Lane, under Trimble, advanced with Pickett up to the stone wall, and there fought desperately. This is substantiated by the fact that the colors of the 1st and 14th Tennessee and 13th and 5th Alabama were captured at the angle of the wall, and eleven others were picked up between the Emmittsburg road and the stone wall, in front of Hays' division. Pettigrew and Trimble, with three of their brigade commanders, Frye, Marshall and Lowrance, were wounded. Davis' brigade lost all its field officers, Marshall's all but one, and Frye's five out of seven.

"But why call this Pickett's charge? In this assault there were engaged 42 Confederate regiments. In Pickett's division there were 15 Virginia regiments. In Pettigrew's and Trimble's there were 15 North Carolina; 3 Mississippi; 3 Tennessee; 2 Alabama, and 4 Virginia, the latter being Brockenbrough's brigade. In addition to the artillery fire, they encountered 9 regiments of New York; 5 of Pennsylvania; 3 of Massachusetts; 3 of Vermont; 1 of Michigan; 1 of Maine; 1 of Minnesota; 1 of New Jersey; 1 of

(Continued on Page 13.)

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NEW YORK'S MURDER AVERAGE

Big Increase of Homicides — Stock Brokers Fear Longest Fast on Record—Get-Rich-Quick Swindles

New York, August 10.—On top of the scandal centering around the murder of a well-known gambler and the charges of police complicity in graft and crime over which New York is stirred to its very depths, comes a shocking revelation of the prevalence of homicide in the city and the comparatively slight risk that attends his commission. The records show that one murder took place in New York every day during the month of July and that in only about one-third of the cases were arrests made. While this is a startling increase over similar periods in previous years, it represents only a slight advance over the record that has been maintained for the past six months. According to the figures made public by the Police Commissioner himself, the number of murders during the first half of the year amounted to 140 as compared with 81 during the first six months of 1911. Counting out Sundays and holidays, therefore, the record stands at an average of a killing a day with the exception of eight days since the beginning of the present year. The remarkable feature of the report is the large number of murders attributed to gang fights and feuds. Never in the recent history of the city have these gangsters been so numerous or so bold in their operations which have now led to an insistent demand for the cleaning out of their haunts in all parts of the city. While capital crime has almost doubled during the present year, however, lesser offences seem to have decreased in number. Complaints of assault and robbery have fallen off from 646 in 1911, to 315 this year. The reports of burglary number only 4,054, as compared to 5,006 a year ago and complaints against pickpockets have fallen from 433 to 90. The total of all complaints has decreased from 22,000 for 1911 to 19,395. Criminals, however, are apparently becoming worse or else their punishment more severe since the total of all sentences of imprisonment so far inflicted has jumped from 4,900 years for 1911 to 6,996 years for 1912. Convictions likewise have increased from 4,575 to 7,668 and suspended sentences from 765 to 2,085. Altogether New York's criminals seem likely to establish a new high record for violent lawlessness in 1912 unless decisive action is promptly adopted for their suppression.

* * *

Whether Wall Street is actually played out is the astonishing question being discussed here by brokers and speculators who are puzzled by the long continued inactivity and dullness of what in the past has been known as world's greatest speculative center. The only answer so far discovered is the continued inactivity of the stock market and this by some is taken as an indication in support of the theory that the Wall Street of old is vanishing. At present a view of the exchanges and their surroundings resembles an afternoon tea party much more than it does the battle ground of bulls and bears or the shearing pen of the lambs. One theory advanced to explain this quietude is that there has been a change in the method of distributing new issues of securities. There is much discussion of recent dullness on the London Stock Exchange and the supposed "congestion of securities" arising from the fact that of many issues offered to the public the underwriters have taken up a very large proportion. Others offer in explanation the theory that much of the country's trading in securities formerly done through the metropolitan institutions is now transacted by provincial banks and exchanges and furthermore that corporations and individual large investors that formerly applied for new issues now obtain what they want and at a lower price by taking part in the underwriting. Altogether it is proving a pretty hard Summer for brokers and speculators with families at the beach or in the mountains to whom checks must go forward each week.

* * *

A new record for fasting extending over a period of twelve months and one week, during which extended period not a single morsel of food was consumed by the subject has been established here. This remarkable record which far surpasses anything of the kind ever known was made not by a human but by Princess, the 22-foot python in the Zoo. After 53 weeks of fasting she finally consented to partake of a light meal in the shape of an eight-pound pig which of course, was consumed whole. Ordinarily, according to Headkeeper Snyder, a python will consume a thirty or forty-pound pig every three weeks or so, when eating. Fatima, the other big python, followed this practice but not so with Princess. One of the most curious features of the long fast is that the big snake did not lose a pound. At the end of her self-imposed fast she tipped the scales at 170 pounds, her weight of a year ago. The eight-pound pig which the big snake swallowed three weeks ago was raised in the park and was a tempting morsel. At the rate Princess is going it will have cost only the price of raising the eight-pound pig to cover the expenses of her board bill for thirteen months. It costs fully twenty-five dollars a year to feed the cobra which is a pygmy compared with the python. Fatima, however, consuming a thirty-five-pound porker at each sitting averages about eight dollars a meal.

* * *

Get-rich-quick men, promoters of wildcat oil properties, sellers of shares in imaginary mines and others who now gain a precarious but sometimes highly profitable livelihood by luring money from the pockets of the investing public by the highly attractive and deceptive bait of enormous profits will find it difficult to continue their vocation in future if the plans of an association which is being formed here this week are carried out. This new organization is an association of American investment bankers made up of reputable banking firms engaged in selling investment securities. One of its principal objects will be to scrutinize all investments offered to the public through members of the association and at the same time to protect investors who may be unfamiliar with the ways of the fraudulent promoter and to make it impossible for him to do business. It is estimated that no less than $100,000,000 has been taken from the public in the past two years through the sale of fraudulent securities by concerns operating from this city alone, so that it may be seen that there is an important field for the new association to cover.

* * *

Whether an automobile may be classed as a burglars' implement or accessory is the interesting and difficult question that has been brought before the courts here. It is not contended of course, that the automobile is to be regarded at all times and under all circumstances as an instrument of lawbreaking, but only when it is employed by violators of the statutes to carry them to or from the scenes of their exploits. The case in connection with which this interesting problem has arisen and which is to be made a test came u pthrough the "borrowing" of a car owned by a highly respectable resident of the city by his chauffeur who used it in aiding the escape of men who had perpetrated a $10,000 robbery. The chauffeur was arrested as an accomplice to the crime and the police seized the car which the authorities are now attempting to confiscate on the ground that it was used as an implement of burglary and so became subject to seizure. The owner of the automobile naturally objects to this interpretation of the law and has brought suit to recover his property thus putting it up to the courts to decide whether an automobile under certain circumstances is to be classed along with jimmies, drills, nitro-glycerine and other implements for safe-cracking.

—LONGACRE.

PURE MILK.

How to Keep It in Hot Weather—Why It is Bad.

Improperly kept milk frequently becomes unfit for food, especially for babies. As a result we find that the greatest infant mortality is in the Summer, and that the mortality among bottle fed babies is about eight times as great in Summer as among breast fed babies, while the mortality among bottle fed babies is only about twice as great in Winter as it is among breast fed babies. In other words, bottle fed babies are at a great disadvantage at best, but this mortal handicap is increased tremendously during the bad milk season.

Milk is prone to become impure. It is indeed very difficult to get it away from the stable in a clean condition. When exposed to the air, it collects germ loaded dust and absorbs odors. Milk furnishes an almost ideal food supply for germs. If this food supply is kept warm it soon becomes just teeming with bacteria. If it is pasteurized most of the dangerous germs are killed, and if it is cooled below 50 degrees F., either immediately after milking or after pasteurization, any germs in it will either remain dormant or increase very slowly.

One of the best means of keeping milk is to make sure that it is clean when received. Never buy milk from a wagon or grocery in bulk. Pouring it around from one vessel to another exposes it to air and dust, and increases the possibilities of its collecting dirt and germs. Buy it only in sealed bottles. Don't permit the exposure of the botles to the sun after delivery. As soon as delivered place the bottles in a refrigerator or elsewhere where they will remain cool. Milk should at all times be kept below 50 degrees F. In the country where ice and refrigerators are out of the question, milk may usually be kept from 55 to 60 degrees by placing it in running spring water. Another means of reducing the temperature of milk is to wrap the bottle with a piece of clean, porous cloth, and then place in a shallow pan or tray, containing about half an inch of water. The cloth acts as a wick and the water soon soaks into the cloth and evaporates, thereby cooling the bottle to some extent. Milk can be kept successfully only by being kept cool and clean.

NEW CHURCH DEDICATED.

Handsome Episcopal House of Worship in Use at Warsaw, N. C.

(Mission Herald.)

Thursday morning, July 11th, the new church at Warsaw was consecrated by Bishop Strange. Morning Prayer was said by Rev. J. E. Williams, rector of the congregation, and Rev. Thomas P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Wilmington, preached the sermon.

A heavy rain storm came on during the service, but in spite of that and in spite of the fact that notice had been given for a later hour, a fair congregation was present and the service was hearty.

This church was begun about two years ago, when Rev. W. R. Noe was in charge of the work and was completed under the leadership of Rev. J. E. Williams.

In the afternoon a Sunday School meeting was held, and two addresses were delivered by Rev. Thomas P. Noe, setting forth the special qualifications of teachers and the proper course of study for the Sunday School; and by Miss Susie Price, who has charge of the social work of the Good Shepherd, and is supervisor of the primary department of the Sunday School, setting forth specially the value of object lessons, story telling in teaching little children.

Miss Price's interesting address was made more interesting and effective by the exhibition of a number of attractive objects, illustrating her method of teaching the Bible stories. The Garden of Eden, Moses in the bullrushes, Healing the Paralytic and the Christian Soldier, were among the lessons illustrated.

It is encouraging to find the work going forward so nicely in Warsaw.

Indian Killed on Track.

Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often it's that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. "It completely cured me, in a short time of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of grip," writes J. R. Watts, Floydada, Tex., "and I regained 15 pounds in weight that I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed. 50c and $1.00. Trial bot-

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Suggestions for Hot Weather:—It is timely to make suggestions concerning the dangerous maladies common to hot weather and offer means of prevention and cure of sickness and accidents common at this period of the year. Do not underestimate the importance of this article. Keep it. You may need it at any moment.

These are the days when the fool-killer should be busy and get after the one who points the gun that "is not loaded" at you, and his twin brother who rocks the boat to be funny. If they would but try this when alone all would be well.

At this season, keep cool, mind and body. When it is hot one should be neither overworked or overheated. Never over-eat. Dress in keeping with the weather. Bathe often. Use sanitary means to keep from anything which is liable to breed disease and you will live longer and better than does the person who fails to observe these simple rules of health.

Sunstroke—Be careful not to encourage sunstroke. Fatal results often follow exposure to sun heat on days when the atmosphere is humid. Avoid as far as possible getting into the direct rays of the sun or becoming overheated. Do not drink alcoholic liquors nor eat much of hearty foods. One has often warnings, such as loss of appetite, headaches, and general indisposition. The heart's action is often weak and breathing difficult. These suggestions should be heeded. The person should seek a shady, cool place, bathe the temples and wrists in cool water, keep quiet and rest.

In event of sunstroke, place the patient in the shade, loosening the clothing; give plenty of air, and do not allow people to crowd about. Bathe the head, neck, chest and hands in warm water and relieve the heart and lungs of the internal congestion. In other words, try to get the blood to the surface. Use hot infusions, or red pepper, or ginger, or mustard plaster on the spine, extremities and on the stomach.

Convalescence is usually slow, and the patient is much more liable to repeated attacks than before. A very slight attack may be like a fainting fit. Sprinkle water on the face, and apply smelling salts to the nostrils, then place in a cool, shady place for a few hours.

Sour stomach and heartburn—Due to acidity from sour foods, or the acidity caused by fermentation of foods, an excellent remedy is a tablet composed of charcoal, pepsin, ginger and magnesia, and a half a cup of water. Do not eat candy, cakes, etc., at least for a time.

Dysentery (acute stages)—Indicated remedies, powdered ipecac, 20 grains in four ounces of flaxseed tea. Keep patient quiet in bed. Place hot applications to abdomen and feet. After acute stage injections of this boiled starch are beneficial.

Summer Food—In hot weather you will find rice cooked in various ways a most satisfactory article of diet. It is an excellent substitute for the heavy and unhealthy meats often indulged in. It is nourishing, and particularly healthful. Get used to eating rice in some of its very palatable forms of cookery. Do not be afraid that it will not sustain you, for it will and it will be particularly desirable to hot weather, as it does not tax the digestive organs. Remember that in China over 40,000,000 people subsist chiefly on rice. A rice pudding with raisins is a good dish, which is sufficient in itself to constitute a meal.

Keep a bottle of peroxide of hydrogen handy to prevent infection from the numerous causes present in Summer time for cuts, wounds, scratches, sores, stings of insects, rusty nails, or anything in which the skin is broken or the flesh punctured, allowing germs to infect the wound.

All readers of this publication are at liberty at any time to write for information pertaining to the subject of health. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

What is Health Work Worth?

A Nation, a State, a community practices a high form of economy where it spends money in saving the lives of its people. But to determine the true extent of such economy we should know how many lives we are actually saving with a given amount of money expended. To know whether health work and health appropriations are worth while, we should have some form of check on the results accomplished. This check will be furnished by State-wide registration of births and deaths. Other States have it, why not North Carolina?

The sorrow in the word "solitude" is gone if you learn to call it "peace."

BURDENS LIFTED

From Wilmington Backs—Relief Proved by Lapse of Time

Backache is a heavy burden;
Nervousness wears one out;
Rheumatic pain; urinary ills;
All are kidney burdens—
Daily effects of kidney weakness.
No use to cure the symptoms.
Relief is but temporary if the cause remains.
Cure the kidneys and you cure the cause.
Relief comes quickly—comes to stay.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure kidney ills;
Prove it by your neighbor's case.
Here's Wilmington testimony.
The story of a permanent cure.

Miss Mattie Hodges, 609 South Fifth street, Wilmington, N. C., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills just as strongly today as I did two years ago when I publicly told of my experience with them. Doan's Kidney Pills were procured from Bellamy's Drug Store and they gave me more relief from kidney trouble than any other medicine I had ever taken. I have since been well and my kidneys and back have not troubled me."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

FROZEN AND DRIED EGGS.

Largely Used for Cooking Where Inferiority is Concealed.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—Frozen and dried eggs intended for human consumption are largely used for cooking purposes where inferiority may be concealed, as in baking cakes or making custards, omelets, pies, etc. The traffic in eggs sold for drying and freezing has greatly increased in the past few years. Strictly fresh, marketable eggs in the shell command a high price, and there is difficulty in meeting the demand for them; but large quantities of questionable eggs, often bought at a very low price, have been broken out for cooking purposes by disreputable firms, being preserved by freezing or drying until ready for use. Some dealers, however, manufacture a satisfactory product by the use of good eggs handled under proper conditions.

There is no objection to drying or freezing good eggs under proper sanitary conditions; in fact, there are some advantages to be gained by preserving eggs in this manner, although the manufacturing processes devised by man, asc a rule, do not improve by quality of nature's work. Conditions of modern life and commerce must, however, be met, and dried eggs, or eggs in a frozen condition may be shipped long distances, and require less space for transportation and storage than do eggs in the shell.

As the result of investigations instituted by Secretary Wilson, the United States Department of Agriculture has recently issued two publications that give practical suggestions for correcting some of the existing practices and conditions which are at least partially responsible for the unsatisfactory products now found on the market. These publications are Bulletin 158 and Circular 98 of the Bureau of Chemistry, entitled, respectively, "A Bacteriological Study of Shell, Frozen and Desiccated Eggs," and "Practical Suggestions for the Preparation of Frozen and Dried Eggs."

SEVERAL CHARTERS ISSUED.

Amusement Company for Winston—Back From Chicago—Mr. Barbee.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 7.—The Piedmont Amusement Co., of Winston-Salem, was chartered today with $100,000 capital authorized and $45,000 subscribed by Frank H. Fleer, Thomasville; A. F. Sams, Winston-Salem; R. D. Carver, Charlotte, and A. F. Moses, Winston-Salem, for theatrical moving picture and vaudeville purposes. Another charter is for the Bank of Clyde, Haywood county, capital $15,000 authorized and $10,000 subscribed by A. H. Miller, E. A. Wood and others.

Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State superintendent of public instruction, is just back from Chicago where he attended a meeting of the trustees of the National Educational Association, of which he is a prominent member. The board elected Mr. Springer, of Detroit, former treasurer, to the secretaryship of the association to succeed Dr. Irvin Shepard, resigned.

Mr. E. B. Barbee, prominent business man of this city, continues critically ill with practically no hope for his recovery. He has sustained a second stroke of paralysis.

LAKE STEAMER SUNK.

The James Bagley Strikes Another Vessel in Heavy Fog.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 7.—The steamer James Gayley, coal laden, sank in Lake Michigan, off Manitou Island, today, less than a half hour after colliding with the steel steamer Renssaler, carrying ore. The boats met in a heavy fog but meagre reports received here do not indicate any loss of life. Both boats were over 400 feet long and the Gayley was valued at over $400,000.

While woman prays man brags.

A woman's idea of natural dressing is to make any part of her that is too long look short and any part of her that is too short look long.

A new jewel will wipe away a torrent of tears—hence the tears.

FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Woman's Ailments.

I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.

I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Whitish discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors, or Growths; also pains in head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney, and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies, Plumpness and health always results from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten day's treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H - - Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

Barefoot Sandals

The Popular Footwear for the Summer months for

For Men, Women and Children at

PETERSON & RULFS

202 N. Front St. Next to Murchison Bank

HAMMOCKS

Our New Line is Now Open — We have them at any price you want, from $1.50 up to $7.50.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

32 N. Front St.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

State Distributers for

Saylor's Portland Cement

Manufactured by

COPLAY CEMENT MFG. CO.

Schooner with 18,000 sacks just arrived. "Highest Grade" and Lowest prices.

A WOMAN'S GOOD LOOKS

Depend on her general health and freedom from pain. Many a woman looks old before her time because of those irregularities which are essentially feminine. Starting from early womanhood, she suffers from frequently recurring derangements that upset her womanly health. If she be beautiful she grows into that mellow age without wrinkles and crowfeet about the eyes or the blue circles underneath. It is invariably the rule that such women suffer little, or not at all, from womanly derangements which sap the health and leave in the face the tell-tale story of pain and suffering. Dr. R. V. Pierce, the famous specialist in the diseases of women, found a prescription in his early practice that soothed the organism peculiar to womanhood—oiled the machinery, as it were, of the human system—and helped the woman to pass those painful periods that scar-lined and aged her face. This remedy became the well-known Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that has benefited thousands of women and saved them from misery and suffering at different periods in life.

MRS. PIERCE.

MRS. HARKELY E. PIERCE, of 244 Bright Street, Sarnia, Ont., writes: "I am now a well woman after suffering for three years and doctoring with several different doctors, each one saying it was something different, and the last one, after putting me through a thorough examination, said I was suffering from a growth, which, in time, would result in cancer, and said I would not live more than two years if not operated upon right away. I became hopelessly discouraged but would not consent to the operation as I was too weak and too much afraid, but at last, through the advice of a friend, I tried Dr. Pierce's medicines, and after using two bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' I immediately felt a change. I also used two boxes of 'Healing Suppositories,' and eight boxes of 'Lotion Tablets,' and can safely praise the name of Dr. Pierce's medicines to all who suffer from any female disease, for these medicines are all they are claimed to be, and I hope will help others as they have helped me."

A Special Representative

— of —

HOPKINS TAILORING CO., of BALTIMORE, MD.,

Will be Here

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AUGUST 2 AND 3,

With a large display of Woolens, representing the Latest and Newest Styles and Fabrics.

Orders Taken for Immediatte and Future Deliveries.

High Class Tailoring at Low Prices. Over 200 Styles.

—At $15, $18 and $20—

Also a large assortment of Higher Grades. Don't fail to see the Hopkins Tailoring line, and Leave Your Measure.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

MANHATTAN SHIRT SALE

Of Imported Madras and Percale Shirts.

SALE STARTS TODAY,

and continues only for a short while. So, if you are a judge of quality and a wearer of good shirts, don't delay These Shirts are made of the Finest material, in light and in dark backgrounds, and in effective designs; all sizes Below we quote Prices of Reduction:

$1.50 Shirt, now	$1.20
$1.75 Shirt, now	1.35
$2.00 Shirt, now	1.45
$2.50 Shirt, now	1.90
$4.00 Shirt, now	3.25

Remember, that all our Summer Suits and Pants have been Reduced to 25% off Regular price.

Our entire stock of Men's and Children's Straw Hats ½ off Regular price.

J. M. Solky & Co.

PHONE 617. MASONIC BLDG.

BASE BALL GOODS FISHING TACKLE

Fruit Jars!

The season for Fruit Jars is most here and the outlook is good for a large Fruit Crop, so place your orders NOW, so you will be prepared to furnish your trade as soon as they begin to call for these goods. We have a large stock of Fruit Jars, all sizes, Jar Rubbers in black, white and red, and Jar Caps.

We can fill your wants in this line same day order is received. A pleasure to quote you prices on these goods.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

FISHING TACKLE BASE BALL GOODS

Inauguration Wilmington - Greensboro Pullman Parlor Car Line

The ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD takes pleasure in announcing the inauguration July 1st 1912 of the following daily Pullman Parlor Car Service, between Wilmington and Greensboro, via Fayetteville and Sanford:

Westbound.			Eastbound.
Lv. 8:45 A. M.	No. 53	Wilmington	Ar. 8:05 P. M. No. 52
Lv. 12:40 P. M.	No. 53	Fayetteville	Ar. 4:45 P. M. No. 52
Ar. 1:40 P. M.	No. 53	Sanford	Lv. 3:30 P. M. No. 52
Lv. 2:18 P. M.		Sanford	Ar. 3:20 P. M.
Ar. 4:45 P. M.		Greensboro	Lv. 12:50 P. M.

Thereby affording comfortable accommodations for parties visiting seashore and mountains.

Above service will be discontinued Sunday, September 15th, 1912.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager,
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

The Senate yesterday voted to postpone the trial of Judge Archbald on impeachment proceedings till December 3rd, the second day of the next regular session of Congress, this being done to allow the accused jurist time to prepare his case.

The provisional National Committee of the Progressive party yestrday took up the work of framing the new temporary roll of delegates for the convention that will meet Monday, settled the question of representation and heard arguments of contesting delegations.

Prominent citizens of New York yesterday issued a call for a mass meeting at which plans will be made to investigate the charges of graft and lawlessness in connection with the murder of Gambler Rosenthal.

After a busy day at Sea Girt, yesterday, Gov. Wilson left for New York to hold a conference with Wm. F. McCombs, the National chairman.

President Taft will likely veto the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill if it abolishes the Commerce Court and modifies the Civil Service.

Illinois Progressives held a State convention yesterday and nominated a complete State ticket.

Members of the Woman's National Democratic League will attend the notification of Gov. Wilson.

Kentucky's new compulsory primary law was tried out yesterday for the first time.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady, with moderate inquiry. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.07 c.i.f. track and No. 2 red 1.08 1-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Oats, spot unsettled, Corn, spot steady; export 82 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine quiet. Rosin steady.

TUESDAY.

The iron and steel tariff bills were sent to President Taft yesterday for his signature or veto.

American marines were landed in Nicaragua Saturday night for the protection of citizens of the United States and their property.

The first convention of the National Progressive party opened in the Coliseum at Chicago yesterday, the day's deliberations being marked by complete harmony. Eleven hundred delegates were present, all of them white, the negroes from the South being allowed no representation.

The answer of the International Harvester Co., to the bill filed by the United States under the Sherman law as filed in the U. S. District Court at St. Paul, Minn., yesterday denies specifically all charges of restraint of trade, monopoly and unfair business practices.

The "system" in New York is raising a fund of $50,000 to defend Police Lieutenant Charles A. Becker, charged with instigating the murder of Gambler Rosenthal.

Gov. Hiram W. Johnson for Vice President and Judge Ben. B. Lindsay for permanent chairman, was the slate virtually agreed to by National Progressive leaders last night.

Gov. Wilson will call on his running mate, Gov. Marshall, tonight at Spring Lake, near Seagirt. Gov. Marshall is on his way to the notification ceremonies. Gov. Wilson's selection for National treasurer was not announced last night.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-2 to 2 7-8 per cent; ruling rate 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour moderately active. Wheat, spot easy; New red 1.06 1-2 c.i.f. track and No. 2 red 1.07 3-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 81 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Oats nominal. Turpentine and rosin quiet.

WEDNESDAY.

Rolla Wells, former mayor of St. Louis, was announced yesterday as Governor Wilson's choice for the National treasurer and Charles R. Crane was elected vice chairman of the finance committee.

The second day's session of the Progressive convention yesterday was given to Roosevelt, who delivered his "Confession of Faith" and gave his views on the negro problem. He was cheered for more than an hour as he appeared at the Coliseum. Permanent organization was postponed until today when the platform will be adopted and Roosevelt and his running mate will be nominated.

Prominent Democrats on their way to the notification ceremonies at Seagirt today, stopped over at Democratic headquarters in New York last night and discussed the political situation with National Chairman McCombs.

The Southern negro question in regard to representation in the new Progressive party was disposed of yesterday when the convention voted to unseat both the white and negro delegates from Florida and the negro delegates from Mississippi.

Straight independent tickets will be placed in the field by the Progressives in Pennsylvania and Colorado.

Gov. Wilson met his running mate, Gov. Marshall, yesterday at Spring Lake, N. J., for the first time in over a year.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour fairly active, with prices barely steady. Wheat, spot firm, new red 1.06 1-2 c.i.f. track and No. 2 red 1.08 f.o.b afloat to arrive. Corn, spot steady, export 81 3-4 fo.b. afloat Oats, steaddy; old standard white 61 elevator. Turpentine and rosin steady.

THURSDAY

The platform adopted by the Progressive convention yesterday followed closely the declarations and principles laid down in Roosevelt's "Confession of Faith."

The Progressive convention yesterday nominated Roosevelt for the Presidency and Gov. Hiram W. Johnson, of California, for the Vice Presidency, both nominations being by acclamation. The candidates were immediately notified and in the midst of deafening cheers appeared before the delegates and voiced their acceptance.

Ollie James as spokesman of the committee representing every State and territory in the Union yesterday formally notified Gov. Wilson of his nomination to the Presidency and the nominee accepted in a speech outlining his views on all important questions of the coming campaign.

By a vote of 44 to 11 the Senate late last night refused to strike from the Panama Canal bill the provisions exempting American ships from payment of toll.

The Republican State Committee which met in Greensboro yesterday called the convention to meet in Charlotte September 4th.

Two persons were killed and one fatally injured yesterday when an engine on the Virginia and Southwestern and St. Charles, Va., left the track.

District Attorney Whitman, it was learned last night, has evidence in his possession on which he expects to seek the indictment of high police officials on the charge of levying blackmail. Jack Rose's confession was corroborated yesterday in all of its details.

New York markets: Money on call easy, 2 1-2 to 3 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate 2 7-8; closing bid 2 7-8; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour fairly active. Wheat, spot steady; new red 1.06 1-2 c.i.f. track; No. 2 red 1.08 f.o.b. afloat to arrive Corn, spot firm; export 82 f.o.b. afloat. Oats, spot quiet. Turpentine and rosin quiet.

FRIDAY.

General LeConte, President of Hayti, perished yesterday in a fire which destroyed the National palace, the fire being caused by an explosion of a powder magazine. Four hundred people were killed or injured.

Governor Wilson spent a quiet day yesterday, having his portrait drawn in New York for campaign purposes. Last night he talked to reporters about the Democratic platform and touched on several planks which he failed to say anything about in his speech of acceptance.

Col. Roosevelt and Gov. Johnson, Progressive candidates for President and Vice President, respectively, left Chicago for their homes yesterday, and the National committee began the work of launching the campaign.

The Senate late last night, after granting further important concessions to American shipping in amendments to the Panama Canal bill, reached an agreement to take a final vote on the measure today.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has been instrumental in securing evidence of police graft in New York and has turned it over to the district attorney in adition to promising to finance a thorough investigation.

The House yesterday showed what it could to in expediting business by passing the General Deficiency bill; agreeing to conference reports on agricultural and legislative, executive and judicial bills, and declining to agree to conference report on invalid pension appropriation measure.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 5-8 to 2 7-8; ruling rate 2 7-8. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady, with good business. Wheat, spot strong; new red 1.07 1-2 c.i.f. track and No. 2 red 1.09 1-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive Corn, spot firm; export 82 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Oats, spot unsettled. Turpentine quiet. Rosin steady.

SATURDAY.

The Panama canal bill, providing for free passage to American ships, prohibiting railroad owned vessels from using the waterway and authorizing the establishment of a one-man government when the canal is completed, was passed by the Senate last night by a vote of 47 to 15.

President Taft yesterday vetoed the wool bill and returned it to the House, disapproving of it because he thought its low rates would hurt American industries.

The arrest of 16 aldermen charged with conspiracy to defraud the city, furnished the latest sensation in the Detroit graft cases yesterday.

District Attorney Whitman learned yesterday that Police Lieut. Becker was ready to make some disclosures in regard to the police graft in New York, under certain conditions and the prosecutor thinks Becker may soon break down and confess.

The battleship Nebraska was seriously damaged yesterday by running on an uncharted shoal while engaged in the navy and army maneuvers and the Connecticut had a crankshaft broken.

Mrs. Daisy Grace, who was acquitted a few days ago, of the charge of having shot her husband, arrived yesterday at Philadelphia, where she joined her sightless son.

Representative Gardner, in a speech in the House yesterday challenged Roosevelt to make his views on the trust problem plain. Representative McGillicuddy declared the former President had sold himself out to the steel trust.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-2 to 2 3-4 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour moderately active. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red, new 1.07 c.i.f. track and 1.08 1-2 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 82 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Oats, spot steady. Turpentine weak. Rosin steady.

LONGSTREET'S CHARGE

(Continued from Page 11.)

Connecticut; 1 of Ohio; 1 of Delaware, 27 in all.

"The troops of Trimble's and Pettigrew's divisions behaved as gallantly as those of Pickett. Some prominent writers, even historians like Swinton and Lossing, have said that the left of the line did not advance as was expected, and that it was because the troops were not of the same 'fine quality' as those upon the right; that they were 'raw, undisciplined,' etc. Yet but two days before these same soldiers of Pettigrew and Trimble had fought around Reynold's Grove for six hours, in a single struggle with the First Corps that is unsurpassed for bravery and endurance, and where so many of their number had fallen There were, in fact, no better troops in the Confederate army than they. Is history repeating itself? If the event is correctly recorded, there were at Thermopylae 300 Spartans, 700 Thespians, and 300 Thebans. It is said the latter went over to the enemy, but the Thespians died, to a man, 'at the pass' with the Spartans. Yet for twenty-three centuries epic song and story have well preserved the memory of the Spartans, while the devoted Thespians are forgotten.

All honor to the Spartan Virginians who, with well-dressed ranks and in splendid array, moved so gallantly, so steadily, so dauntlessly across that death-wept field, but honor, too, the Thespian North Carolinians and other troops who, too, marched and fought there that day. The valor of the one will not be dimmed by according justice to the other.

"The rebel corps commanders either did not expose themselves as freely as our own, or they had better luck, for they had none hit, while we lost one, Gen. Reynolds, killed; and two, Hancock and Sickles, wounded. The story told in 'Blackwood,' by Col. Freemantle, of the British army, who was present, may help to explain it. He says: 'That carried away by the excitement, he rushed up to Longstreet, who was sitting on a fence, quietly whittling a stick, whilst watching the charge, and said: 'Gen. Longstreet, isn't this splendid; I wouldn't have missed it for the world.' 'The devil you wouldn't,' replied Longstreet; 'why, don't you see we are getting licked like hell!' "

Samuel G. Wilkinson, of the North, says:

"So terrible was our musketry and artillery fire, that when Armistead's brigade was checked in its charge, and stood reeling, all of its men dropped their muskets and crawled on their hands and knees underneath the stream of shot, till close to our troops, where they made signs of surrendering. They passed through our ranks scarcely noticed, and slowly went down the slope to the road in rear. Before they got there the grand charge of Ewell, solemnly sworn to and carefully prepared, had failed."

Equally or more terrible was that sheet of shot and shell which passed over these magnificent soldiers of Pettigrew's and Trimble's division (for the artillery on their flank had not been silenced) and yet they did not "drop their muskets and crawl to the enemy to surrender"—but like true men, took their chances, and returned to their friends that they might fight another day—for their homes and country."

All honor to the true soldiers of Pickett's, Pettigrew's and Trimble's divisions, who faced that avalanche of shot and shell from the enemy's guns on Cemetery Hill and succeeded—or fell wounded or dead in the charge—in reaching and driving the enemy from his works and guns, and retreated when flanked, taking the chance of being shot, rather than spend the remainder of the war in Northern prisons. All honor to Hoke's North Carolina, and Hay's Louisiana brigades, who captured and held for some time the works in their front at Gettysburg. And the same to Stewart's (George H.) of Johnston's division, who captured the first line of works on Culp's Hill and held it all night and next day, till ordered out. These troops advanced in the open as far and under as heavy fire as any of Longstreet's. All we wish is the truth of history. JAMES I. METTS,
Captain Company G, Third North Carolina Infantry.
Wilmington, N. C.

STANDING GALLEY
ARE WE GOING AHEAD?
(Mission Herald)

Our newspapers are daily filled with most lugubrious items, and if one were dependent upon them for one's judgment of the world's development, the result would be a sorry one. Nevertheless, those who look beyond the news columns and seek to correlate the facts as they really are, will soon reach the conclusion that the world is moving forward. The Record-Herald of Chicago, not long since printed the following poem, which very aptly phrased this somewhat paradoxical thought:

"The grafters go on grafting and the bribers bribe away;
The bosses still grow fatter and the people have to pay;
Men with schemes that are unfair
Keep on thriving everywhere,
But the world goes on contriving to get better day by day.

"The thugs are busy shooting, and the gangster's arm is strong;
The men we choose for office are inclined to wink at wrong;
Though we do our best to drive
Out the crooks and thieves, they thrive.
But the world keeps bravely getting somewhat better right along.

"The rich lawbreakers calmly keep pursuing the old game;
They are very busy claiming what they have no right to claim;
They take tribute every day,
And the public has to pay,
But the world, with all its troubles, keeps improving, just the same."

A somewhat similar thought has been expressed by Judge Grosscup in a recent speech, in which he said:

"They tell me this is an age of personal denunciation, and I say that while this may be measurably true, it is not the denunciation heard and read in the days of George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, and John Quincy Adams. In those days the newspapers printed matter that for virulence and vituperation would make our newspapers of today blush with shame. No, when it is all summed up, there never was a time in the history of the world when the average man was so intelligent as he is now, nor so good. And what of the insurance scandals? Why, twenty years ago—yes, even ten years ago,—these scandals would not have been so noticed; they would not have been scandals at all. Public conscience has quickened since then, and it is this revivified public conscience that roots out dishonesty, brings to light, and punishes the guilty ones. Public conscience has come to be stricter, more energetic, than of old, and it makes itself felt more in the affairs of our national life than it ever did in the past. The world, I think, is on the way to even higher and better public conscience."

MOST CONTEMPLATIVE

(By T. W. C.)

One thing I have observed is that if folks could choose their folks like picking out a pair of shoes, the most of them wouldn't be like they are, but I guess its better like it is. Its awful to deliberately choose anything, like a new suit for yourself, and then not like it at all, and relatives would be worse.

Some pert person said that relatives were thrust upon us, but that isn't exactly so, anyway if we don't admire this one or approve of that one, the road is generally open. And the law of mutual attraction is double-back-action with improvements, anyhow.

People marrying don't seem to get matched up much better than parents and children, and in a way the whole moral responsibility of the whole busines seems to hinge on this.

A big aggressive strong-willed man will marry a timid, shrinking "little" woman and after a few years of scared submission, she will be helping the children deceive him, and going without decent clothes to buy the things he refuses them as wicked extravagance.

Between this see-saw discipline, the young combination of good-and-evil is a pathetic sight. Two such mis-mated parents can unwittingly instill every crime in the decalogue into the young lives for which they are responsible. Of course, it isn't anybody's fault.

* * *

There are some relatives that are decidedly pleasant. A step-child for instance, that still treats you like company or the grandmother—now but a blessed memory—but above all and over all the pleasant homey home folks that "know all about you and are decent to you anyway." There was a man once had twenty-eight children, and he told me that he lost more sleep worrying over the one that had a habit of staying out late at night than the twenty-seven that were safe at home in bed. It's just human nature, I suppose.

* * *

Every once and a while a man will say something cutting, and supposedly clever about his wife's relatives. She gets mad and says something that makes him had. After awhile they make up again and swear by the great aunt's false bangs never to do it again. But they do, and everything goes on again just as before, only it's like darning and darning and darning on a worn-out taggy place on the one Sunday suit, and after awhile shabby gentlity just gets to being a big darn.

* * *

Relatives aren't so bad, and can be awfully nice, and who else could you go to to fess up when you are in trouble, and ashamed.

One reason relatives are so adversely criticised is because we live along with them in a greater or less degree of intimacy, till we get perfectly familiar with their little ways.

We have little ways of our own, and are very fond of them. Everything interferes with our little ways sometimes, and we would hate ourselves worse than we do troublesome relatives, if we did not have such splendid magnifying glasses for our own virtues.

* * *

Then we are too candid with our relatives, for them to love us all the time. We first spy, then endure, then pick to pieces, and feel perfectly privileged to do so. Another thing, we never idealize our relatives. Whoever heard of a man who insisted on his sister acting as his model while he paints a modern conception of Aphrodite? He prefers a "star," or a mere acquaintance, or some girl he things he knows.

* * *

Some cynic expressed the opinion that man is but a savage garbed in civilization—and who wears one garb all the time, anyhow. And the most natural thing in the world is that when he does take it off, it should be in the privacy of home. After all, relatives are nice to have in the family, and no one could possibly know better how to forgive, than fathers and mothers, aunts and uncles, sisters and brothers.

The Trials of a Traveler.

"I am a traveling salesman," writes E. E. Youngs, E. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion till I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequaled. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

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New and Rather Interesting Phase of New Disease

A new and rather interesting phase of the hookworm problem has come to the front in San Francisco. After the discovery of the wide prevalence of hookworm in the South, California, too, was found badly afflicted with the pernicious parasite. It was known to exist in the mines of that State, but recently has been found prevalent among Porto Rican and Oriental laborers who are mostly engaged in agricultural pursuits. Probably one-third too, perhaps, one-half of the immigrants coming from the Orient are infected with hookworm; an investigation during which 2,255 were examined revealed that 1,077 harbored the intestinal parasite. In San Francisco it has recently been discovered that a number of laborers, chiefly from the West Indies, engaged in market-gardening on a tract of land within the city limits, are afflicted with hookworm, on account of the danger of transmitting the parasite by uncooked vegetables the laborers have been quarantined and placed under treatment, and the vegetables from these gardens will not be allowed to be sold in the markets until all evidence and danger of hookworm infection are eliminated. The usual route of the infection is through the skin of the feet, but it is believed that uncooked vegetables carrying the hookworm eggs or larvae might also be a source of infection. This phase of the question and the method of solving it are rather novel, says The Journal of the American Medical Association. Doubtless similar conditions obtain elsewhere, and the San Francisco plan will afford a precedent in meeting them.

Flies carry germs as dogs carry fleas. Flies have been found to carry from 550 to 6,600,000 bacteria. They obtain these from spit and human excreta, and deposit them from their feet and in the form of fly specks. Germs do not die when digested by the fly.

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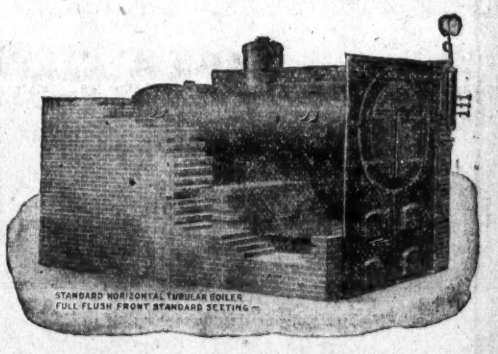

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